Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Financial Statements and Report of Independent Accounts

For the First Quarter of 2022 and 2021

(Stock Code: 3357)

Company Address: No.1 Yousi Road, Youth Industrial

District, Yangmei, Taoyuan City

Telephone: (03) 464-1148

Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Financial Statements and Report of Independent Accounts For the First

Quarter of 2021 and 2020

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Report of Independent Accountants

(2022) Cai-Shen-Bao-Zi No. 22000038

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.

Introduction

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics and Subsidiaries, which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2022 and 2021, the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years January 1 through March 31, 2022 and 2021 ended and the notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting." Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the consolidated financial statements based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our reviews in accordance with Statement of Auditing Standards No. 65 "Review of Financial Information Performance by the Independent Auditor of the Entity." A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of March 31, 2022 and 2021, and its consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flows for January 1 to March 31, 2022 and 2021, in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" approved by the FSC.

> PricewaterhouseCoopers (PwC) Taiwan Yen-na Li Certified Public Accountant (CPA)

Former Financial Supervisory Commission and Securities and Futures Bureau of the Executive Yuan

Official Approval Letter No.: Jin-Guan-Zheng-Liu-Zi No.

0950122728

Financial Supervisory Commission

Wei-hao Wu

Official Approval Letter No.: Jin-Guan-Zheng-Shen-Zi No.

1080323093

April 28, 2022

Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Balance Sheet

March 31, 2022 and December 31, March 31, 2021

(The consolidated balance sheet for March 31, 2022 and 2021 is reviewed, but not audited according to the Generally Accepted Auditing Standards)

Unit: NT\$ thousand

		March 31, 2022			22	December 31, 2021				March 31, 2021		
	Assets	Note		Amount	%		Amount	%		Amount	%	
	Current assets	_		_						_		
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6 (1)	\$	1,263,569	13	\$	1,341,004	14	\$	680,039	10	
1110	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss - current			5,498	_		_	_		_	_	
1136	Financial assets measured at amortized cost—current	6 (1)		-	_		_	_		166,745	2	
1150	Receivable notes, net	6 (2)		69,743	1		64,858	1		27,735	_	
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6 (2)		2,114,067	22		2,182,566	23		1,866,815	28	
1180	Accounts receivable from related parties, net	6 (2) and 7		191,713	2		207,195	2		141,054	2	
1200	Other receivables	7		17,764	_		14,909	_		34,199	1	
1220	Current income tax assets			25,522	_		24,312	_		, -	_	
130X	Inventory	6 (3)		942,070	10		848,094	9		596,788	9	
1410	Pre-payments			25,512	_		35,013	_		39,201	1	
1470	Other current assets			86	_		83	_		, -	_	
11XX	Total current assets			4,655,544	48		4,718,034	49		3,552,576	53	
	Non-current assets											
1517	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive	6 (4)										
	income - non-current			289,421	3		233,817	2		204,964	3	
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6 (5) and 8		4,532,643	47		4,503,865	47		2,810,097	42	
1755	Right-of-use assets	6 (6) and 7		41,267	1		41,841	1		43,160	1	
1780	Intangible assets			45,034	1		46,296	1		19,308	-	
1840	Deferred income tax assets			32,340	-		31,296	-		11,267	-	
1900	Other non-current assets	6 (7)		28,568			30,343			81,295	1	
15XX	Total non-current assets			4,969,273	52		4,887,458	51		3,170,091	47	
1XXX	Total assets		\$	9,624,817	100	\$	9,605,492	100	\$	6,722,667	100	

(Continued)

Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Balance Sheet

March 31, 2022 and December 31, March 31, 2021

(The consolidated balance sheet for March 31, 2022 and 2021 is reviewed, but not audited according to the Generally Accepted Auditing Standards)

Unit: NT\$ thousand

			March 31, 2022		I	December 31, 2021			March 31, 2021		
	Liabilities and equity	Note		Amount	%		Amount	%		Amount	%
-	Current liabilities										
2100	Short-term borrowings	6 (8)	\$	258,197	3	\$	415,794	4	\$	686,898	10
2110	Short-term notes and bills payable	6 (9)	Ψ	-	-	Ψ	20,000	_	Ψ	110,000	2
2150	Notes payable			32,856	_		193,029	2		144,230	2
2170	Accounts payable			746,914	8		858,528	9		618,519	9
2180	Accounts payable to related parties	7		1,444	_		1,224	_		2,532	_
2200	Other payables	6 (10) and 7		1,491,046	16		943,487	10		710,326	11
2230	Current income tax liabilities	6 (23)		141,455	1		92,488	1		106,340	2
2280	Lease liabilities - current	7		6,454	_		6,557	_		6,213	_
2320	Current portion of long-term borrowings	6 (11)		37,733	_		37,733	1		67,000	1
21XX	Total current liabilities			2,716,099	28		2,568,840	27		2,452,058	37
	Non-current liabilities			<u> </u>			<u> </u>			, - ,	
2540	Long-term borrowings	6 (11)		717,255	8		565,689	6		262,000	4
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6 (23)		218,975	2		211,895	2		130,728	2
2580	Lease liabilities - non-current	7		6,004	_		7,497	_		8,534	-
2640	Net defined benefit liabilities —	6 (12)		0,001			7,127			0,551	
2650	non-current			14,825	-		14,762	-		14,722	-
2670	Other non-current liabilities - others			14,160	_		14,218	_		14,154	_
25XX	Total non-current liabilities			971,219	10		814,061	8		430,138	6
2XXX	Total liabilities			3,687,318	38	-	3,382,901	35		2,882,196	43
	Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent			2,007,010			2,202,201			2,002,170	
	Share capital	6 (14)									
3110	Common shares			1,031,340	11		1,031,340	11		910,000	13
	Capital surplus	6 (15)									
3200	Capital surplus			1,886,687	19		1,886,687	19		168,173	3
	Retained earnings	6 (16)									
3310	Legal reserve			433,232	5		433,232	5		360,404	5
3320	Special reserve			76,642	1		76,642	1		89,991	1
3350	Unappropriated earnings			2,395,202	25		2,811,137	29		2,327,143	35
	Other equity	6 (17)									
3400	Other equity			114,396	1	(16,447)		(15,240)	
3XXX	Total equity			5,937,499	62		6,222,591	65		3,840,471	57
	Significant Commitments or Contingencies	9		<u></u>			<u>-</u>	_			_
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	9,624,817	100	\$	9,605,492	100	\$	6,722,667	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements; please refer to them altogether.

Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

January 1 to March 31, 2022 and 2021

(The consolidated statement of comprehensive income is reviewed, but not audited according to the Generally Accepted Auditing Standards)

Unit: NT\$ thousand (Except Earnings Per Share in New Taiwan Dollars)

Amount 1,374,114 915,912) (458,202 96,668) (76,385) (32,915) (205,968) 252,234 1,109 19,022 1,069 2,269)	<u>(</u> 6)
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205,968) (252,234) 1,109 19,022 1,069 2,269)	15)
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2,269)	
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	18,931 271,165 40,253) 230,912 13,081 13,081 14,056) 14,056) (975) 229,937 230,912

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements; please refer to them altogether.

Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

January 1 to March 31, 2022 and 2021

(The consolidated statement of comprehensive income is reviewed, but not audited according to the Generally Accepted Auditing Standards)

Unit: NT\$ thousand

		Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent									_			
					al surplus			Retained earning	ngs		Othe	er equity	-	
	Note	Common shares	Capital surplus - additional paid-in capital	Capital surplus - Recognized change in ownership interests in subsidiaries	Capital surplus - net assets from merger	Capital surplus - employee stock options	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated earnings	on tr	nge differences anslating the al statements of gn operations	Unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		Total equity
January 1 to March 31, 2021														
Balance as of January 1, 2021		\$ 910,000	\$ 109,124	\$ 12,353	\$ 2,046	\$ -	\$ 360,404	\$ 89,991	\$ 2,096,231	(\$	180,156)	\$ 165,891	\$	3,565,884
Net income for January 1 to March 31, 2021		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	230,912		-	-		230,912
Other comprehensive income for January 1 to March 31, 2021	6 (17)									(14,056)	13,081	(975)
Total comprehensive income for January 1 to March 31, 2021									230,912	(14,056)	13,081		229,937
Compensation costs - the portion of common shares issuance reserved for employee subscription	6 (13)				<u>-</u>	44,650					<u> </u>			44,650
Balance as of March 31, 2021		\$ 910,000	\$ 109,124	\$ 12,353	\$ 2,046	\$ 44,650	\$ 360,404	\$ 89,991	\$ 2,327,143	(\$	194,212)	\$ 178,972	\$	3,840,471
January 1 to March 31, 2022														
Balance as of January 1, 2022		\$ 1,031,340	\$ 1,872,288	\$ 12,353	\$ 2,046	\$ -	\$ 433,232	\$ 76,642	\$ 2,811,137	(\$	198,797)	\$ 182,350	\$	6,222,591
Net income for January 1 to March 31, 2022		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	306,003		-	-		306,003
Other comprehensive income for January 1 to March 31, 2022	6 (17)		<u>-</u>								126,525	4,318		130,843
Total comprehensive income for January 1 to March 31, 2022			<u>-</u>						306,003		126,525	4,318		436,846
Appropriation of earnings:	6 (16)													
Cash dividends							-		(721,938_)		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	(721,938)
Balance as of March 31, 2022		\$ 1,031,340	\$ 1,872,288	\$ 12,353	\$ 2,046	\$ -	\$ 433,232	\$ 76,642	\$ 2,395,202	(\$	72,272)	\$ 186,668	\$	5,937,499

Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow

January 1 to March 31, 2022 and 2021

(The consolidated statement of comprehensive income is reviewed, but not audited according to the Generally Accepted Auditing Standards)

Unit: NT\$ thousand

	N	ote	Janua to March 3			nary 1 n 31, 2022
Cash Flow from Operating Activities						
Income before income tax			\$	348,770	\$	271,165
Adjustments				•		
Adjustments for income and expenses						
Depreciation (including right-of-use assets)	6 (21)			120,477		83,928
Amortization	6 (21)			1,342		627
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and	6 (20)					
equipment				1	(25)
Gain on financial assets at fair value through	6 (20)					
profit or loss		((594)		-
Interest income		((181)	(1,109)
Interest expenses				2,286		2,269
Compensation costs - share-based payments	6 (13)			-		44,650
Changes in operating assets and liabilities						
Changes in operating assets, net						
Financial assets compulsorily measured at						
fair value through profit or loss - current						
increase		((4,904)		-
Notes receivable		((4,885)		1,171
Accounts Receivable				67,685	(229,346)
Accounts receivable due from related						
parties				15,482	(26,263)
Other receivables		((2,855)	(20,031)
Inventory		((93,976)	(8,486)
Pre-payments				9,501	(16,560)
Other current assets		((3)		6
Changes in operating liabilities, net						
Notes payable		((1,562)	(583)
Accounts payable		((111,614)		50,224
Accounts payables to related parties				220	(592)
Other payables		((77,920)	(8,647)
Net defined benefit liabilities				63		70
Other non-current liabilities		((<u>58</u>)	(<u>599</u>)
Cash generated from operating activities				267,275		141,869
Interest paid		((2,286)	(2,269)
Income tax returned (paid)				5,606	(4,324)
Net cash inflow from operating				250 505		105.056
activities				270,595		135,276

(Continued)

Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow

January 1 to March 31, 2022 and 2021

(The consolidated statement of comprehensive income is reviewed, but not audited according to the Generally Accepted Auditing Standards)

Unit: NT\$ thousand

	Note		nuary 1 ch 31, 2022		anuary 1 arch 31, 2022
Cash Flow from Investment Activities					
Interests received		\$	181	\$	1,109
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value		,	40.505		
through other comprehensive income	< (2.5)	(49,505)	,	-
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6 (25)	(324,583)	(134,762)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and					2.5
equipment			=	,	25
Acquisition of intangible assets			-	(2,400)
Increase in other non-current assets			1 775	(40,359)
Decrease in other non-current assets			1,775		
Net cash flows used in investing		,	272 122 \	,	15(205)
activities		(372,132)	(176,387)
Cash Flow from Financing Activities			220.240		604.260
Increase in short-term borrowings			228,240		684,360
Repayments for short-term borrowings		(389,499)	(695,299)
Repayments of short-term notes and bills payable		(20,000)	(20,000)
Repayment of the principal portion of lease			1.742.		1 450 \
liabilities		(1,743)	(1,473)
Increase in long-term borrowings			261,000		-
Repayment for long-term borrowings		(109,434)	(8,000)
Net cash used in financing activities		(31,436)	(40,412)
Exchange rate adjustments			55,538	(6,057)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents for the period		(77,435)	(87,580)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning balance		-	1,341,004		767,619
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning balance		\$	1,263,569	\$	680,039

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements; please refer to them altogether.

Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the First Quarter of 2022 and 2021

(The consolidated statement of comprehensive income is reviewed, but not audited according to the Generally Accepted Auditing Standards)

Unit: NT\$ thousand (unless otherwise specified)

I. Company History and Business Scope

Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics (hereinafter referred to as the "Company") was incorporated on November 2, 1992. The Company and its subsidiaries (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Group") mainly engages in manufacturing and processing of electronic parts, magnet cores, chip coils and other wire-wounds and acts as an agent for domestic and foreign companies in terms of quotation, bidding, distribution and import and export of the said products. The Company's shares were listed on Taipei Exchange for trading on April 27, 2021.

II. Approval Date and Procedure of the Financial Statements

The accompanying consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on April 28, 2022.

III. Application of New Standards, Amendments and Interpretations

(I) <u>Effect of adoption of the newly issued or amended International Financial Reporting</u>
<u>Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), Interpretations of IFRS (IFRIC), and Interpretations of SIC (SIC) (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "IFRSs") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC)</u>

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by FSC effective from 2022 are as follows:

	Effective date
New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations	Announced by IASB
Reference to the Conceptual Framework (Amendments to IFRS 3)	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 16 "Property, plant and equipment: Proceeds	January 1, 2022
before intended use"	
Amendments to IAS 37 "Onerous contract - costs incurred in	January 1, 2022
fulfilling contracts"	
Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018 - 2020 Cycle	January 1, 2022

The Group has assessed the aforementioned standards and interpretations and concluded that they do not have significant effects on the Group's financial position and financial performance.

(II) Effects of Not Adopting the Newly Issued or Amended IFRSs Endorsed by the FSC

None.

(III) Effects of the IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards and interpretations of and amendments to the IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

	Effective date
New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations	Announced by IASB
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 - Sale or Contribution of	Yet to be decided by
Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	IASB
IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17 Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9	January 1, 2023
— Comparative information	
Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of liabilities as current or	January 1, 2023
non-current"	
Amendments to IAS 1 "Disclosure of Accounting Policy"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8 Definition of Accounting Estimates	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12 - Deferred Tax Related to Assets and	January 1, 2023
Liabilities Arising from a Single Transaction	

The Group has assessed the aforementioned standards and interpretations and concluded that they do not have significant effects on the Group's financial position and financial performance.

IV. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented unless otherwise stated.

(I) Statement of Compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC.

(II) Basis of Preparation

- 1. Except for the following significant accounts, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
 - (1) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.
 - (2) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
 - (3) Defined benefit liabilities recognized based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.
- 2. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred to hereinafter as the "IFRSs") requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(III) Basis of Consolidation

- 1. Principles for preparing the consolidated financial statements
 - (1) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries in the financial statements begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
 - (2) Inter-company transactions, balances, and unrealized gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- 2. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

		_		M 1 21	
Subsidiary	Rusiness nature				Remarks
th Star International	Investment		·		Remarks
ited		100%	100%	100%	
	Investment	100%	100%	100%	
	Production				
,	sale of	100%	100%	100%	
	electronic				
	components				
ed Rock Holding	Invested	100%	100%	100%	Note 1
	business				
PAQ Electronic	Production,				
1 (7.400/	7.400/	7.710/	
Lta.		7.48%	7.48%	7.71%	
	Production,				
PAQ Electronic	processing and				
Liu.		92.52%	92.52%	92.29%	Note 2
	ited Bliss Investments ited TECH Advanced tronics (Kunshan) d Rock Holding PAQ Electronic aponents (Si-Hong) Ltd.	th Star International ited Bliss Investments ited TECH Advanced tronics (Kunshan) d Rock Holding PAQ Electronic ponents (Si-Hong) Ltd. PAQ Electronic components PAQ Electronic ponents (Si-Hong) PAQ Electronic components Production, processing and sale of electronic components Production, processing and sale of electronic components Production, processing and sale of electronic sale of electronic components production, processing and sale of	Subsidiary H Star International lited Bliss Investments lited TECH Advanced tronics (Kunshan) PAQ Electronic ponents (Si-Hong) Ltd. Business nature 2022 Investment 100% Investment 100% Production, processing and sale of electronic components Production, processing and sale of electronic electronic electronic sale of electronic electronic electronic electronic electronic electronic electronic	Subsidiary In Star International lited Investment Inves	Subsidiary H Star International ited H Star International ited H Bliss Investments H Bliss Investment H Blow H Bliss Investment H Blow H Blo

Note 1: Best Bliss Investments Limited increased investment in Fixed Rock Holding Ltd. for USD 1,000 thousand.

Note 2: In December 2021, Fixed Rock Holding Ltd. increased investment in TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si-Hong) Co., Ltd., for USD 1,000 thousand.

- 3. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements None.
- 4. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different accounting periods None.

5. Major restrictions

The Group's cash and short-term deposits in the amount of RMB 67,054 thousand were deposited in China and subject to local foreign exchange control. Such foreign exchange control restricts fund from remitting out from China (except for regular dividends).

6. Subsidiaries with significant non-controlling interest for the Group None.

(IV) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (hereinafter referred to as the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollars, which is the Group's functional currency.

1. Foreign currency transactions and balance

- (1) Foreign currency derived from transactions was translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rate prevailing on the measurement date or the trade date, with the resulting exchange difference recognized as gain or loss.
- (2) The balance of monetary assets or liabilities denominated in foreign currency is adjusted by the exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date, with the resulting differences recognized as gain or loss.
- (3) Non-monetary assets or liabilities denominated in foreign currency are adjusted by the spot exchange rate on the balance sheet date, with the resulting difference recognized in profit or loss if they are measured at fair value through profit or loss, or in other comprehensive income if they are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. If they are not measured at fair value, they are measured by applying the historical exchange rate on the transaction date.

2. Translation of foreign operations financial statements

The results and financial position of entities within the Group whose functional currency is not the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency using the following procedures:

- (1) Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (2) Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income (including comparatives) are translated at the average exchange rates for the period; and
- (3) All resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

(V) Classification of Current and Non-current Assets and Liabilities

- 1. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets:
 - (1) Assets that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - (2) They are held primarily for trading.
 - (3) Assets that are expected to be realized within 12 months after the balance sheet date.
 - (4) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding those that are restricted, or to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities at least twelve months after the balance sheet date.

Assets that do not meet the above criteria are classified as non-current assets by the Group.

- 2. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities:
 - (1) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle.
 - (2) They are held primarily for trading.
 - (3) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within 12 months after the balance sheet date.
 - (4) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than 12 months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its transactions by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Liabilities that do not meet the above criteria are classified as non-current liabilities by the Group.

(VI) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that fit the said definition and are intended to meet short-term operating cash commitments are classified as cash equivalents.

(VII) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- 1. Financial assets not measured at cost after amortization or measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- 2. The Group adopts the trade date accounting to account for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss that are an arm's length transaction.
- 3. At initial recognition, the Group measures financial assets at fair value plus relevant transaction costs, and subsequently, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value and its gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss.
- 4. The Group recognizes dividends income in profit or loss when (a) the Group's right to the dividends is established; (b) the economic benefits associated with dividends are probable to flow to the Group; and (c) such dividends can be reliably measured.

(VIII) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

- 1. It means the Group made an irrevocable election upon initial recognition to recognize the fair value changes in equity instruments not held for trading at other comprehensive income.
- 2. The Group uses trade date accounting to account for financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income that are an arm's length transaction.
- 3. They are measured initially at the fair value plus transaction costs and subsequently at fair value. If they are equity instruments, their fair value changes are recognized in other comprehensive income; upon derecognition, the accumulated gains or losses in other comprehensive income are not transferred to profit or loss, but to retained earnings. The Group recognizes dividend income in profit or loss when (a) the Group's right to the dividends is established; (b) the economic benefits associated with dividends are probable to flow to the Group; and (c) such dividends can be reliably measured.

(IX) Financial assets at amortized cost

- 1. Financial assets that simultaneously satisfy the following criteria are classified in this category:
 - (1) The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
 - (2) The contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified date to cash flow that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- 2. The Group recognizes its time deposits not qualified as cash equivalents at the investment amount because they are held for a short period of time and so have insignificant discount effect.

(X) Accounts Receivables and Notes Receivables

- 1. Accounts receivable and notes receivable denote that the Group has unconditional right to the consideration, in the form of receivables or notes, for the goods and services transferred.
- 2. The Group measures short-term accounts receivable and notes receivables that do not bear an interest at the invoice value because they have insignificant discount effect.

(XI) <u>Impairment of Financial Assets</u>

At the end of each reporting period, the Group considers financial assets at amortized cost, investments in debt instruments that are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, and receivables (including significant financial components) and takes into consideration all reasonable and supporting information (including the forward-looking information). For financial assets of which the credit risk does not significantly increase since initial recognition, the Group recognizes an allowance equal to 12-month expected credit losses; for financial assets of which the credit risk significantly increases since initial recognition, the Group recognizes an allowance equal to the lifetime expected credit loss; for accounts receivables that do not contain significant financial components or plan assets, the Group recognizes an allowance equal to the lifetime expected credit loss.

(XII) Derecognition of Financial Assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset expire.

(XIII) Inventory

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labor, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated based on normal operating capacity), excluding borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and estimated cost necessary for completion of the sale.

(XIV) Property, plant and equipment

- 1. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalized.
- 2. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate

asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repair and maintenance is recognized in profit or loss when accrued.

- 3. Property, plant and equipment are subsequently measured at cost. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Property, plant and equipment is depreciated individually if they contain any significant components.
- 4. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each end of reporting year. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors,' from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Building and structures 5~50 years

Machinery 3~12 years

Utilities equipment 5~15 years

Transportation equipment 4~5 years

Office equipment 4~10 years

Other equipment 2~12 years

(XV) <u>Lease Transactions of a Lessee - Right-of-use Assets/Lease Liabilities</u>

- 1. The Group recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases at the date when they are available for the Group's use. Low-value asset and short-term leases are recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease period.
- 2. The Group measures its lease liability at commencement date by discounting future lease payments using its incremental borrowing interest rate. Lease payments include:

Fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable

that are measured in subsequent periods using the effective interest rate method and amortized over the lease term. When a change in lease payments occurs not due to contract modification, lease liability will be remeasured, with such remeasurements adjusted to right-of-use assets.

- 3. Right-of-use assets are recognized at costs at the inception of the lease. Cost includes:
 - (1) The initial lease liability measured;
 - (2) Lease payments made before or at the inception of the lease;
 - (3) Any original direct costs incurred.

Right-of-use assets are subsequently measured at costs. Depreciation of right-of-use assets is recognized at the earlier of the end of the useful life and the end of the lease term. When a lease liability is remeasured, the Group adjusts the right-of-use asset for any remeasurements.

(XVI) Intangible assets

1. Computer software

Computer software is measured at the acquisition cost and amortized using the straight line method over its estimated useful life, which is 3-5 years.

2. Goodwill

Goodwill results from mergers or acquisition.

3. Patent rights

Patents are amortized at a period of-13 years using the straight line method.

(XVII) Impairment of Financial Assets

- 1. The Group assesses at the end of reporting period the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is an asset's fair value less costs to sell or its value in use, whichever is higher. When there is an indication that the impairment loss recognized in prior years for an asset other than goodwill decreases or no long exists, the impairment loss is reversed to the extent of the loss previously recognized in profit or loss. However, the increased carrying amount of an asset other than goodwill attributable to a reversal of an impairment loss shall not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of amortization or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years.
- 2. The Group regularly measures the recoverable amount of goodwill, intangible assets with uncertain useful life and intangible assets not available for use. Impairment is recognized when the recoverable amount is lower than the carrying amount. Impairment of goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

(XVIII) Borrowings

Borrowings mean short- and long-term loans borrowed from banks. Borrowings are initially recognized at the fair value less any transaction costs, and subsequently at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognized in profit or loss over the borrowing period using the effective interest rate method.

(XIX) Accounts Receivables and Notes Receivables

- 1. Accounts receivable and notes receivable are the debt incurred by credit purchase of raw materials, goods, or services and the notes receivables incurred by operating and non-operating activities.
- 2. The Group measures short-term accounts receivable and notes receivable that do not bear an interest at the invoice value because they have insignificant discount effect.

(XX) <u>Derecognition of Financial Liabilities</u>

The Group derecognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, canceled, or they expire.

(XXI) Employee benefits

1. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognized as expenses in that period when the employees render service.

2. Pension

(1) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognized as pension expenses when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent of a cash refund from the plan or a reduction in future contributions to the plan.

(2) Defined benefit plans

- A. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior period. The liability recognized in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The discount rate is determined by using the interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) of a currency and term consistent with the currency and term of the defined benefit plans. If there is no deep market in such bonds in a country, the discount rate shall be the market yields on government bonds.
- B. Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plans are recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.
- C. Past service costs are recognized immediately in profit or loss.
- D. The pension cost of interim period is calculated based on the pension cost actuarially determined according to the end date of the previous fiscal year for the period from the beginning of the year to the end of the period. In case where there is any material market fluctuation or material reduction, repayment or other material one-time events after the end date, adjustments are made and relevant information is disclosed according to the aforementioned policy.

3. Employee compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration

Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognized as expenses and liabilities, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligations and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the amount accrued and the amount actually distributed is accounted for as a change in accounting estimate. When employee compensation is appropriated in shares, the basis for calculating the number of shares shall be the closing price at the date before the date the Board of Directors resolves on the appropriation.

(XXII) Employees share-based payments

For the equity-settled share-based payment arrangements, the employee services received are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date and are recognized as compensation cost over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment

to equity. The fair value of the equity instruments granted shall reflect the impact of market vesting conditions and non-market vesting conditions. Compensation cost is subject to adjustment based on the service conditions that are expected to be satisfied and the estimates of the number of equity instruments that are expected to vest under the non-market vesting conditions at each balance sheet date. Ultimately, the amount of compensation cost recognized is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

(XXIII) Income tax

- 1. The tax expense comprises current tax and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or items recognized directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity.
- 2. The current income tax charge is calculated by applying the taxable income to the tax rate specified in the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Group operates. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. Where appropriate, management also estimate income tax liabilities based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- 3. Deferred income tax is recognized, using the balance sheets liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheets. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realized or the deferred tax liability is settled.
- 4. Deferred income tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. At each balance sheet date, unrecognized and recognized deferred income tax assets are reassessed.
- 5. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.
- 6. A deferred tax asset shall be recognized for the carryforward of unused tax credits resulting from acquisitions of equipment or technology, research and development expenditures and equity investments to the extent that it is possible that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilized.

- 7. The tax expense of interim period is calculated based on the estimated annual average effective tax rate applied to the income before tax up to the interim period and relevant information is disclosed according to the aforementioned policy.
- 8. When there is tax rate change occurred during the interim period, the Group recognizes the change impact at once during the period of occurrence. Items related to the income tax not recognized in profit or loss, the change impact is recognized in the other comprehensive income or equity item. For items related to the income tax recognized in profit or loss, the change impact is recognized in profit or loss.

(XXIV) Share capital

Common shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are recognized in equity as a deduction from the proceeds.

(XXV) Dividends appropriation

Dividends appropriated to shareholders of the Company are recognized on the date the shareholders' meeting resolves on such appropriation. Appropriation in cash is recognized as liability.

(XXVI)Recognition of revenue

Sale of goods

- 1. The Group manufactures and sells electronic parts, magnet cores, chip coils, and other wire-wounds. Sales revenue is recognized when the control of products is transferred to clients, *i.e.*, when products are delivered to clients to be handled at their discretion and the Group has no unperformed further obligation that may impact clients from accepting the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the clients and either the clients have accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
- 2. A receivable is recognized when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before payment is due.

(XXVII) Government grants

Government grants are recognized at their fair value only when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with any conditions attached to the grants and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognized in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognizes expenses for the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Government grants related to property, plant and equipment are recognized as non-current liabilities and are amortized to profit or loss over the estimated useful lives of the related assets using the straight-line method.

(XXVIII) Operating segments

The information on operating segments is reported in a manner consistent with the way the internal management report is provided to management. The key operating decision makers are responsible for allocating resources to operating segments and evaluate their performance. The Group identifies the Board of Directors as its key operating decision markers.

V. Significant Account Judgments and Assumptions and Primary Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

When preparing this consolidated financial statements, management has exercised their professional judgment to determine the accounting policies to be applied and made accounting estimates and assumptions based on reasonable expectation as to how future events will hold for the circumstances that exist on the balance sheets date. The significant accounting estimates and assumptions being made may deviate from the actual outcomes and will be consistently measured and adjusted in accordance with historical experience and for other factors. Such estimates and assumptions may lead to the risk of significant adjustment being made to the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities on the balance sheet. Significant accounting judgments and the uncertainty in accounting estimates and assumptions are stated below:

(I) Significant Judgments in Applying Accounting Policies

None.

(II) Significant Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

Since inventory is measured at the lower of costs and the net realizable value, the Group needs to exercise judgment and estimates to determine the net realizable value of inventory at the balance sheet date. Since the value of inventory is subject to market price fluctuation and its lifetime, the Group evaluates the market selling price and value lost due to obsolescence of inventory at the balance sheet date, and writes down inventory costs to net realization value. Being based on the demands for products in a future period, the valuation estimate may significantly change.

As of March 31, 2021, the carrying amount of the Group's inventory was \$942,070.

VI. <u>Description of Significant Accounts</u>

(I) Cash and cash equivalents

	March 31, 2022		December 31, 2021			March 31, 2021
Cash on hand and revolving funds	\$	1,464	\$	2,685	\$	1,170
Checking deposits and						
demand deposits		1,181,096		1,338,319		534,466
Time deposits		81,009		-		144,403
Total	\$	1,263,569	\$	1,341,004	\$	680,039

- 1. Since the Group corresponds with multiple financial institutions with good credit quality to diversify credit risks, the risk of default is expected to be low.
- 2. The Group did not pledge any cash and cash equivalents as collaterals.
- 3. As of March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021 and March 31, 2021, the Group recognized \$0, \$0 and \$166,745, respectively, for time deposits originally due within three months that are presented as "financial assets measured at amortized cost current."

(II) Notes and Accounts Receivable

	Ma	rch 31, 2022	D	ecember 31, 2021		March 31, 2021
Notes receivable	\$	69,743	\$	64,858	9	\$ 27,735
Accounts Receivable	\$	2,141,594	\$	2,206,234	5	1,873,428
Less: Allowance for bad debt Allowance for sales returns	(22,680)	(21,866)	(1,747)
and discounts	(4,847)	(1,802)	(_	4,866)
	\$	2,114,067	\$	2,182,566	9	1,866,815
Accounts receivable due from related parties	\$	191,802	\$	207,284	5	141,143
Less: Allowance for bad debt	(<u>89</u>)	(89)	(_	89)
	\$	191,713	\$	207,195	5	141,054

1. The aging analysis of accounts receivable and notes receivable is as follows:

	 March 31	, 202	22	 December	31, 2	2021	March 31, 2021					
	counts ceivable	No rec	tes eivable	ecounts eeivable	No rec	tes eivable		counts eivable		otes ceivable		
Not yet due	\$ 2,242,152	\$	69,743	\$ 2,367,154	\$	64,858	\$	1,995,080	\$	27,735		
Within 30 days	46,290		-	42,292		-		16,758		-		
31~90 days 91~180	44, 954		-	4, 054		-		2,733		-		
days	-		-	18		-		-		-		
	\$ 2,333,396	\$	69,743	\$ 2,413,518	\$	64,858	\$	2,014,571	\$	27,735		

The above aging analysis is based on the number of days past due.

- 2. The accounts receivable and notes receivable as of March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021 and March 31, 2021 all came from contracts with clients. In addition, the accounts receivable arising from contracts with clients as of January 1, 2021 was \$1,784,768.
- 3. Without considering the collaterals or other credit enhancements held, the amounts most representative of the credit risk exposed to the Group's notes receivable as of March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021 and March 31, 2021 were \$69,743, \$64,858 and \$27,735, respectively, and the amounts most representative of the credit risk exposed to the Group's accounts receivable as of March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021 and March 31, 2021 were \$2,305,780, \$2,389,761 and \$2,007,869, respectively.
- 4. Credit risks associated with accounts receivable and notes receivable are stated in Note 12(2).

(III) Inventory

Total

 Cost				Carrying amount
\$ 210,600	(\$, ,	\$	200,210
	(, ,		28,824
335,102	(11,500)		323,602
371,269	(14,200)		357,069
35,668	(3,303)		32,365
\$ 983,545	(\$	41,475)	\$	942,070
C				C
		ory valuation		Carrying amount
\$ 196,581	(\$	9,641)	\$	186,940
27,772	(1,753)		26,019
316,877	(10,758)		306,119
294,521	(11,435)		283,086
49,039	(3,109)		45,930
\$ 884,790	(\$	36,696)	\$	848,094
	Mar	rch 31, 2021		
	Allo	owance for		
 Cost	invent	ory valuation		Carrying amount
\$ 140,897	(\$	10,851)	\$	130,046
24,307	(2,089)		22,218
226,541	(7,911)		218,630
203,987	(11,344)		192,643
36,798	(3,547)		33,251
\$ \$	\$ 210,600 30,906 335,102 371,269 35,668 \$ 983,545 Costs \$ 196,581 27,772 316,877 294,521 49,039 \$ 884,790 Cost \$ 140,897 24,307 226,541 203,987	Cost Invent	\$ 210,600 (\$ 10,390) 30,906 (2,082) 335,102 (11,500) 371,269 (14,200) 35,668 (3,303) \$ 983,545 (\$ 41,475) December 31, 2021 Allowance for inventory valuation \$ 196,581 (\$ 9,641) 27,772 (1,753) 316,877 (10,758) 294,521 (11,435) 49,039 (3,109) \$ 884,790 (\$ 36,696) March 31, 2021 Allowance for inventory valuation \$ 140,897 (\$ 10,851) 24,307 (2,089) 226,541 (7,911) 203,987 (11,344)	Allowance for inventory valuation

1. The inventory costs recognized as expenses by the Group in this period:

632,530 (\$

	January 1	to March 31, 2022	January 1	to March 31, 2021
Cost of inventory sold	\$	976,721	\$	917,080
Inventory valuation decline (reversal gain)		3,721	(2,515)
Others		1,784		1,347
	\$	982,226	\$	915,912

35,742) \$

The net realizable value increased due to a constant digestion of inventory for January 1 to

December 31, 2021.

2. The Group did not pledge any inventory as collaterals.

(IV) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

	Mai	rch 31, 2022	Dec	ember 31, 2021		March 31, 2021
Non-current: Equity instruments Shares listed on the stock exchange or the OTC market Shares not traded on the stock exchange, the OTC market, or the emerging	\$	33,195	\$	33,195	\$	7,156
stock market		69,558		18,272		18,836
		102,753		51,467		25,992
Adjustments for change in value Total	\$	186,668 289,421	\$	182,350 233,817	\$	178,972 204,964
10141	Ψ	207,721	Ψ	233,617	Ψ	204,704

- 1. The Group chose to classify its strategic share investment as the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, and the fair value of such investment as of March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021 and March 31, 2021 were amounted to \$289,421, \$233,817 and \$204,964, respectively.
- 2. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income recognized in profit and loss/comprehensive income are as follows:

	January 1 to Marc 2022	ch 31,	January 1 to March 3	31, 2021
Equity instruments measured at fair				
value through other comprehensive				
income				
Changes in fair value recognized				
in other comprehensive income	\$	4,318	\$	13,081

- 3. Without considering the collaterals or other credit enhancements held, the amounts most representative of the credit risk exposed to the Group's financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income as of March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021 and March 31, 2021 were \$289,421, \$233,817 and \$204,964, respectively.
- 4. The Group did not pledge any financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income as collaterals.

(V) Property, plant and equipment

		T 1		ildings and		4 1.		tilities		nsportation		Office		Other	cons and e	finished struction quipment ending		T 4 1
T 1		Land		structures	N	Machinery	equ	ipment_	eq	uipment	eq	uipment	eq	uipment	acc	eptance		Total
January 1 Costs Accumulated	\$	777,560	\$	565,912	\$	5,283,887	\$	24,369	\$	12,050	\$	51,323	\$	301,219	\$	109,666	\$	7,125,986
depreciation and impairment		_	(228,762)	(2,161,835)	(16,091)	(8,050)	(32,384)	(174,999)		_	(2,622,121)
ппрантиен	\$	777,560	\$	337,150	\$	3,122,052	\$	8,278	\$	4,000	\$	18,939	\$	126,220	\$	109,666	\$	4,503,865
		/														<u> </u>		
January 1	\$	777,560	\$	337,150	\$	3,122,052	\$	8,278	\$	4,000	\$	18,939	\$	126,220	\$	109,666	\$	4,503,865
Addition		-		-		13,654		-		-		526		7,932		47,401		69,513
Disposal		-		-		-		-		-		-		- (25	,	(2.221)		-
Reclassification Depreciation		-		-		62,606		-		-		-		625	(63,231)		-
expenses Net exchange		-	(6,508)	(99,190)	(277)	(260)	(1,212)	(11,234)		-	(118,681)
differences		_		9,687		62,234	1			26		311		2,337		3,350		77,946
March 31	\$	777,560	\$	340,329	\$	3,161,356	\$	8,002	\$	3,766	\$	18,564	\$	125,880	\$	97,186	\$	4,532,643
March 31			•	- 04.000		- 4 0		21226	Φ.	12.105	Φ.			246 740		0= 104		- 24 - 220
Cost Accumulated	\$	777,560	\$	581,009	\$	5,457,073	\$	24,396	\$	12,195	\$	51,161	\$	316,740	\$	97,186	\$	7,317,320
depreciation and impairment		-	(240,680)	(2,295,717)	(16,394)	(8,429)	(32,597)	(190,860)		-	(2,784,677)
шраншен	\$	777,560	\$	340,329	\$	3,161,356	\$	8,002	\$	3,766	\$	18,564	\$	125,880	\$	97,186	<u> </u>	4,532,643
	Ψ	777,500	Ψ	3 10,327	Ψ	2,101,230	Ψ	0,002	Ψ	3,700	Ψ	10,501	Ψ	125,000	Ψ	77,100	Ψ	.,552,615

2022

	Land		ildings and tructures	N	Machinery		tilities iipment		nsportation quipment		Office uipment	ec	Other puipment	ec	nfinished nstruction and quipment pending cceptance		Total
January 1 Costs Accumulated	\$ 96,495	\$	507,421	\$	3,853,572	\$	19,443	\$	9,544	\$	40,702	\$	211,387	\$	72,486	\$	4,811,050
depreciation and impairment	\$ 96,495	\$	205,217) 302,204	<u>(</u>	1,873,639) 1,979,933	<u>(</u>	15,069) 4,374	<u>(</u>	7,113) 2,431	<u>(</u>	28,919) 11,783	<u>(</u>	141,222) 70,165	\$	72,486	<u>(</u>	2,271,179) 2,539,871
January 1 Addition Disposal	\$ 96,495 -	\$	302,204 1,269	\$	1,979,933 11,269	\$	4,374	\$	2,431	\$	11,783 174	\$	70,165 11,491	\$	72,486 336,323	\$	2,539,871 360,526
Reclassification Depreciation expenses Net exchange	-	(5,887)	(290,610 67,870)	(193)	(338)	(1,140 883)	(3,617 7,147)	(295,367)	(82,318)
differences March 31	\$ 96,495	\$	1,352) 296,234	<u>(</u>	5,928) 2,208,014	<u>(1</u>	4,180	<u>(2</u>	2,091	<u>(</u>	29) 12,185	<u>(</u>	236) 77,890	<u>(</u>	434) 113,008	<u>(</u>	7,982) 2,810,097
March 31 Cost Accumulated depreciation and	\$ 96,495	\$	506,691	\$	4,144,355	\$	19,439	\$	9,096	\$	41,823	\$	225,743	\$	113,008	\$	5,156,650
impairment	\$ 96,495	\$	210,457) 296,234	<u>(</u>	1,936,341) 2,208,014	\$	15,259) 4,180	\$	7,005) 2,091	\$	29,638) 12,185	<u>(</u>	147,853) 77,890	\$	113,008	\$	2,346,553) 2,810,097

The capitalized interests for January 1 to March 31, 2022 and 2021 was all \$0.

^{2.} The Group's significant components of buildings and structures, including buildings and engineering systems, are depreciated over 20~50 years and 5~20 years, respectively.

3. For information on pledged property, plant and equipment, refer to Note 8.

(VI) Lease transactions - lessee

- 1. The underlying assets of the Group's lease include land use right, parking space, buildings, company cars and multi-function peripherals. The lease duration usually lasts 3 to 50 years. Lease contracts are agreed upon individually and contain different terms and conditions. Except for land use right, leased assets shall not be used as collaterals and are not restricted in any way.
- 2. The lease term of the buildings and warehouses leased by the Group is less than 12 months. The low-value underlying asset of the Group's lease is the electronic host for business use.
- 3. The information on the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset and the recognized depreciation expense is as follows:

	Marc	ch 31, 2022	Decemb	per 31, 2021	Marc	h 31, 2021
	Carry	ing amount	Carryi	ng amount	Carry	ing amount
Land use right	\$	28,791	\$	27,893	\$	28,418
Parking space		-		-		381
Buildings		7,056		8,153		11,445
Transportation		4,328		4,741		1,724
equipment						
Machinery and						
equipment		1,092		1,054		1,192
	\$	41,267	\$	41,841	\$	43,160

	January 1 t	o March 31, 2022	January 1 to March 31, 2021
	Depreci	ation expenses	Depreciation expenses
Land use right	\$	176	\$ 174
Parking space		-	127
Buildings		1,097	856
Transportation equipment		430	355
Machinery and			
equipment		93	98
	\$	1,796	\$ 1,610

4. Profit or loss items in relation to lease contracts are as follows:

	January 1 to	March 31, 2022	January 1 to	January 1 to March 31, 2021		
Items that affect profit or		_		_		
<u>loss</u>						
Expenses attributable to	\$	3,495	\$	3,642		
short-term lease contracts						
Expenses attributable to						
low-value assets		16		16		

- 5. The Group's right-of-use asset increased by \$131 and \$8,705 for January 1 to March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.
- 6. The Group's cash used in lease contracts increased by \$5,254 and \$5,131 for January 1 to March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

(VII) Other non-current assets

	11141	011 5 1 , 2 0 2 2	0000111001 51, 2021	11141 011	51,2021
Refundable deposits Prepayments for construction and	\$	2,539	\$ 2,528	\$	2,584
equipment		26,029	27,815		78,711
Uncollectible overdue receivables Allowance for		1,252	1,252		1,252
uncollectible overdue					
receivables	(1,252) (1,252) (1,252)
	\$	28,568	\$ 30,343	/ \	81,295
(VIII) Short-term borrowings					
Nature of borrowings	Ma	rch 31, 2022	Interest rate range	Collate	erals
Bank loan			υ		
Credit loan	\$	258,197	$0.91\% \sim 1.13\%$	-	
Nature of borrowings	Dece	mber 31, 2021	Interest rate range	Collate	erals
Bank loan	_ 300	,	8-		
Secured loan	\$	50,000	0.85%	Land and	plant
Credit loan		365,794	$0.71\% \sim 0.85\%$	-	

March 31, 2022

March 31, 2021

December 31, 2021

Nature of borrowings March 31, 2021 Interest rate range
Bank loan
Secured loan $\begin{array}{c} & 50,000 \\ & & 636,898 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 0.71\% \sim 0.95\% \\ & & 686,898 \end{array}$

For January 1 to March 31, 2022 and 2021, the interest expenses incurred by short-term borrowings recognized in P/L were \$741 and \$1,402, respectively.

(IX) Short-term notes and bills payable

	March 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	March 31, 2021
Commercial			
paper	\$	\$ 20,000	\$ 110,000
Loan period		110.12~111.01	$110.02 \sim 110.04$
Interest rate			
range	•	0.38%	0.90%

For January 1 to March 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group recognized in P/L the amount of \$5 and \$106 respectively, for the interest expenses incurred by short-term bills payable.

(X) Other payables

	Mar	ch 31, 2022	December 31, 2	021	March 31, 2021
Dividends payable	\$	721,938	\$	- 5	-
Salary and bonus payables		133,064	204,	903	111,317
Social benefits liabilities payable		115,686	112,	955	111,187
Employee compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration payable		134,355	107,	279	85,628
Construction and equipment payable		176,987	273,	446	221,500
Others		209,016	244,	904	180,694
	\$	1,491,046	\$ 943,	487	\$ 710,326

(XI) <u>Long-term borrowings</u>

<u>Long-term bo</u>	<u>rrowings</u>				
Nature of		Interest rate			
borrowings	Loan period and means of repayment	range	Collaterals	March	31, 2022
Secured loan	Principal and interest are paid from August 2021 to August 2036.	1.25%	Land, buildings, and structures	\$	543,988
Credit loan	The period from April 2022 to March 2025 is the grace period, and interest is paid monthly. Principal and interest are paid from April 2025 to March 2029.	0.65%	-		53,000
Credit loan	The period from April 2022 to March 2025 is the grace period, and interest is paid monthly. Principal and interest are paid from April 2025 to March 2029.	0.65%	-		100,000
Credit loan	The period from April 2022 to March 2025 is the grace period, and interest is paid monthly. Principal and interest are paid from April 2025 to March 2027.	0.66%	-		58,000
	F				754,988
Less: Current	portion of long-term borrowings			(37,733)
2000. 0 00.1010	portion of rong term corre wings			\$	717,255
Nature of	Loan period and means of	Interest rate			mber 31,
borrowings	repayment	range	Collaterals		021
Secured	Principal and interest are paid from	Tange	Land,		.021
		1%	,	¢.	552 422
loan	August 2021 to August 2036.	1 %0	buildings,	\$	553,422
G 11: 1	D	0.00/	and structures		
Credit loan	Principal is repaid upon maturity;	0.8%	-		
	interest is paid over December				
	2021 through October 2023. (Note				
	1)				50,000
					603,422
Less: Current	t portion of long-term borrowings			(37,733)
				\$	565,689
Type of		Interest			_
borrowings	Loan period and means of repayment	rate range	Collaterals		h 31, 2021
Credit loan	Principal and interest are paid quarterly from May 2020 to May 2023 (Note 2).	0.98%	-	\$	45,000
Credit loan	The loan period is from April 2020 to April 2022; principal and interest are	0.91%	-		100,000
Secured	repaid upon maturity (Note 2). Principal and interest are repaid semi-	0.91%	Machinery		135,000

loan	annually from April 2020 to December				
	2023 (Note 2).				
Secured	Principal and interest are repaid monthly	0.95%	Land buildings		23,500
loan	from February 2020 to February 2025		Land, buildings, and structures		
	(Note 2).		and structures		
Secured	Principal and interest are repaid monthly	0.95%	Land, buildings,		
loan	from June 2020 to June 2025 (Note 2).		and structures		25,500
				' <u>'</u>	329,000
Less: Curren	nt portion of long-term borrowings			(67,000)
				\$	262,000

Note 2: Early repayment made in full in April 2021.

For January 1 to March 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group recognized in P/L the amount of \$1,540 and \$761 respectively, for the interest expenses incurred by long-term borrowings.

(XII) Pension

- 1. (1) By adhering to the requirements set forth in the Labor Standards Act, the Company has established its own defined retirement benefits plan, which is applicable both to the service years of all regular employees rendered before the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005, and to the service years of all employees who elected to continue applying the Labor Standards Act after the implementation of the Labor Pension Act. Pensions for employees qualified for retirement are calculated based on their servicing years and their average salaries of the 6 months prior to their retirement. Two bases are given for each full year of service rendered within 15 years. But for the rest of the years over 15 years, one base is given for each full year of service rendered. The total number of bases shall be no more than 45. The Company contributes monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, under the name of the Independent Retirement Fund Committee. In addition, the Company estimates the balance of the said designated pension account before the end of year. If the balance is not sufficient to cover the amount to be paid to all employees - calculated in the manner specified above - who will qualify the retirement conditions next year, a lump-sum deposit should be made before March-end of the following year to cover the difference.
 - (2) The Company has established the Regulations for Resignation and Retirement of Managers, which is applicable to the managers appointed by the Company. Pensions for appointed managers are calculated as follows:
 - A. Pensions for the service year applying the Labor Standards Act are calculated using the equation stated in the previous section.
 - B. The Company contributes an amount of pension equal to 6% of an employee's monthly salary for those electing to apply the Labor Pension Act and those taking their post on or after July 1, 2005.
 - C. For appointed managers who have rendered 25 or more years of services as of December 31, 2018, two bases are given to each full year of services rendered within 15 years, one base is given to each full year of service over 15 years (rounded up to one year for any year of service less than one year), and their annual salary at their 25th year of service is taken as their average salary. The Company makes a pension contribution equal to 6% of their monthly salary starting from their 25th year of service.
 - (3) As of January 1 to March 31, 2022 and 2021, the pension costs recognized in the

- manner specified above were \$63 and \$70, respectively.
- (4) The Group expects to contribute \$0 to the pension plan in 2022.
- 2. (1) On July 1, 2005, the Company established its own pension regulations applicable to Taiwanese nationals in accordance with the Labor Pension Act. For employees of the Company or domestic subsidiaries who elected to apply the Labor Pension Act, the Company makes a contribution equal to 6 percent of the monthly salary to their individual retirement account with the Bureau of Labor Insurance. Employee pensions may be paid in monthly installments or in lump-sum payment based the accumulated amount in the employee's individual retirement account.
 - (2) TAI-TECH Advanced Electronics (Kunshan) and TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si-Hong) Co., Ltd. contribute a certain percentage of a local employee's monthly salary, as required by the People's Republic of China, to the endowment insurance system. For January 1 to March 31, 2022 and 2021, the contribution percentages were 16% and 16%, respectively. The pension for employees is managed independently by the government. Except for making monthly contribution, the Group has no further obligation.
 - (3) As of January 1 to March 31, 2022 and 2021, the pension costs recognized in the manner specified above were \$19,713 and \$15,225, respectively.

(XIII) Share-based payments

1. The Group's share-based payment arrangements for January 1 to March 31, 2021 are as follows: (such arrangements were yet to be established for January 1 to March 31, 2022).)

		Quantity	Contract	Vesting
Type of agreement	Date granted	granted	duration	conditions
The portion of common shares		1,467		
issuance reserved for employee	March 29,	thousand		Immediate
subscription	2021	shares	NA	vesting

The said share-based payment arrangements are settled with equity.

2. The Group adopted the Black-Scholes option pricing model to evaluate the fair value of its employee stock options granted under share-based payment arrangements, stated as follows:

				Expected			Risk-free	
Type of		Share	Exercise	fluctuation	Expected	Expected	interest	Fair value per
agreement	Date granted	price	price	rate	duration	dividends	rate	unit
The portion of common shares issuance reserved for employee subscription	March 29, 2021	NT\$149	NT\$118.78	47.21%	0.07 years	-	0.34%	NT\$30.4361

3. Expenses incurred by share-based payment transactions were as follows:

(XIV) Share capital

- 1. As of March 31, 2022, the Company had an authorized capital equal to \$3,000,000 (with \$20,000 retained for issuance of employee stock option certificates), a paid-in capital equal to \$1,031,340 and a share face value equal to NT\$10. All proceeds for share subscription were collected in full.
- 2. On March 2, 2021, the Board of Directors resolved to issue new shares before being initially listed on Taipei Exchange. A total of 12,134 thousand shares with the face value of NT\$10 were issued. The public offering price was NT\$118.78 per share. The record date for such capital increase was set on April 23, 2021, which was already modified and registered with the competent authority.

(XV) <u>Capital surplus</u>

Under the Company Act, capital surplus arising from shares issued at premium or from donation may be used for offsetting deficit. Furthermore, if the Company has no accumulated loss, capital surplus may be used for issuing new shares or distributing cash in proportion to shareholders' original shareholding percentage. According to the Securities and Exchange Act, when the above-mentioned capital surplus is used for capitalization, the total amount every year shall not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital. The Company may use capital surplus to offset loss only when the amount of reserves is insufficient to offset the loss.

(XVI) Retained earnings

- 1. According to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, if the Company has any earnings in the final account, they should be used to pay off all the taxes and duties, as well as to compensate prior deficits. The remaining amount, if any, should be appropriated in the following order of presentation: (1) 10% as legal reserve until it reaches the Company's paid-in capital; (2) set aside or reverse a certain amount as or of special reserve according to operating needs or laws or regulations; (3) the remainder plus unappropriated earnings from prior years may be used to appropriate dividends or bonuses to shareholders after an earnings appropriation proposal is drafted by the Board of Directors and resolved in favor by the shareholders meeting. As required by Article 240 of the Company Act, if approved by a majority vote at a Board of Directors' meeting attended by two thirds of directors, the Board of Directors may appropriate dividends or bonuses in cash with its existing legal reserve or capital surplus, and shall report to the shareholder's meeting. In such case, the requirements regarding resolution made by shareholders' meeting set out in the Company's Articles of Incorporation do not apply.
- 2. The Company's dividend appropriation policy takes into account the factors such as the industry environment it is in, its growing phases, future capital demands, financial structure, capital budge, shareholders' interest, balanced dividends and long-term financial planning. An earnings appropriation proposal is drafted by the Board of Directors (and reported to the shareholders' meeting) to the extent appropriable on the conditions that the Company's business is in the expanding phase, profitability expects to grow, and appropriation of stock dividends won't significantly dilute the Company's profitability. No less than 30% of annual earnings are appropriated to shareholders.

- Shareholder's bonuses may be appropriated in cash or in shares, provided, however, that the appropriation in cash shall not be less than 10% of the total appropriated amount.
- 3. Except being used to make up previous deficits or appropriate shares or cash to shareholders in proportion to their shareholding percentage, the legal reserve shall not be used. However, the amount of legal reserves used to appropriate new shares or cash shall be limited to the portion exceeding 25% of the paid-in capital.
- 4. (1) According to law, the Company may appropriate earnings only after it has provided special reserve under the debit balance of other equity on the balance sheet date. If subsequently the debit balance of other equity is reversed, the reversed amount may be used as appropriable earnings.
 - (2) As for the special reserves provided upon initial application of IFRSs to satisfy the requirements specified in the official letter Jin Guan Zheng Fa Zi No. 1010012865 dated April 6, 2012, the Company may reverse them to the extent of their original provision ratio if subsequently the Company intends to use, dispose of or reclassify related assets. If the said related assets are investment property relating to land, such assets are reversed upon disposal or reclassification; if the said related assets are investment property other than land, such assets are reversed gradually over the use period.
- 5. At the Board of Directors' meeting dated March 2, 2021, the Board of Directors originally intended to appropriate common-share dividends in the amount of \$373,100(NT\$4.1 per share) with the earning made in 2020. However, the capital amount increased due to issuance of new shares. As such, at the Board of Directors' meeting dated April 29, 2021, the Board of Directors resolved to appropriate common-share dividends in the amount of \$422,849 (NT\$4.1 per share) with the earnings made in 2020.
- 6. As resolved on in the shareholder's meeting dated February 25, 2022 the Board of Directors determined to appropriate dividends in common shares in the amount of \$721,938 (NT\$7 per share) with the earnings made in 2021.

(XVII) Other equity items

				2022		
		Unrealized gains	F	oreign currency		
		(losses)		translation		Total
January 1 Valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:	\$	182,350	(\$	198,797)	(\$	16,447)
- Group Exchange differences:		4,318		-		4,318
- Group		-		126,525		126,525
March 31	\$	186,668	(\$	72,272)	\$	114,396
	2021					
		Unrealized gains (losses)	F	oreign currency translation		Total
January 1 Valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:	\$	165,891	(\$	180,156)	(\$	14,265)
- Group Exchange differences:		13,081		-		13,081

- Group	 - (14,056) (14,056)
March 31	\$ 178,972 (\$	194,212) (\$	15,240)

(XVIII) Operating revenue

	January	1 to March 31, 2022	January 1 to March 31, 2021
Revenue from			
contracts with clients	\$	1,473,667	\$ 1,374,114

The Group's revenue derived from transfer of goods at a particular point of time are classified into the following categories:

	January 1	January 1 to March 31, 2022		1 to March 31, 2021
Wire-wound	\$	905,140	\$	894,705
Multilayer products		228,694		255,261
LAN transformers		332,069		216,007
Others		7,764		8,141
Total	\$	1,473,667	\$	1,374,114

(XIX) Other income

	January 1	to March 31, 2022	January 1	to March 31, 2021
Rental income	\$	2,607	\$	144
Subsidies income		6,916		18,597
Miscellaneous				
income		163		281
Total	\$	9,686	\$	19,022

The Group recognized government grants primarily because it qualified for the grants awarded to entice investment in the industries within Si-Hong Economic Development Zone.

(XX) Other gains and losses

	January 1 to M	Iarch 31, 2022	January 1 to March 31, 2021		
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(\$	1)	\$	25	
Exchange gains, net Gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or		44,627		1,045	
loss		594		-	
Miscellaneous expenses	\$	1) 45,219	\$	1) 1,069	

(XXI) Additional Information on the Nature of Expenses

	January 1 to March 31, 2022					
		tributable to erating costs		ibutable to ing expenses		Total
Employee benefits expense Depreciation of property, plant and	\$	264,991		96,914	\$	361,905
equipment		109,324		9,357		118,681
Depreciation of right-of-use assets		752		1,044		1,796
Amortization		814		528		1,342

	Attı	ributable to	Att	ributable to	
	ope	rating costs	opera	ting expenses	Total
Employee benefits expense	\$	218,719	\$	130,909	\$ 349,628
Depreciation of property, plant and					
equipment		75,720		6,598	82,318
Depreciation of right-of-use assets		551		1,059	1,610

January 1 to March 31, 2021

453

627

(XXII) Employee benefit expense

Amortization

	January 1 to March 31, 2022							
		ributable to rating costs	Attributable to operating expenses			Total		
Salary and wages	\$	226,525	\$	84,086	\$	310,611		
Labor and health								
insurance expense		6,914		4,206		11,120		
Pension expense		16,121		3,655		19,776		
Other personnel								
expense		15,431		4,967		20,398		
	\$	264,991	\$	96,914	\$	361,905		

174

	January 1 to March 31, 2021					
	Attributable to operating costs			ibutable to ing expenses	Total	
Salary and wages Labor and health	\$	185,691	\$	119,610 \$	305,301	
insurance expense		5,112		3,756	8,868	
Pension expense Other personnel		12,064		3,231	15,295	
expense		15,852		4,312	20,164	
	\$	218,719	\$	130,909 \$	349,628	

- 1. Where there are earnings in the final account, (1) no less than 6% shall be allocated as employee compensation, either in cash or in shares, as resolved by the Board of Directors employees qualified for such compensation include employees from affiliated companies who meet certain criteria; and no higher than 2% shall be allocated as remuneration for directors and supervisors.
- 2. For January 1 to March 31, 2022 and 2021, the employee compensation recognized by the Company were \$21,661 and \$16,459, respectively, and the directors' and supervisors' remunerations recognized were \$5,415 and \$4,115, respectively, which were presented under salary and wages.

The employee compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration for January 1 to March 31, 2022 and 2021 were estimated at 6% and 1.5%, respectively, of the earnings at the end of the period.

The amount of the accrued employee compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration for 2021 as had been resolved by the Board of Directors was the same as the amount recognized in the financial statements for 2021.

The amounts of employee compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration

approved by the Board of Directors and resolved by the shareholders' meeting can be found on the Market Observation Post System of TWSE.

(XXIII) <u>Income tax</u>

- 1. Income tax expense
 - (1) Income tax components:

		y 1 to March 1, 2022	January 1 to March 31, 2021		
Current tax:				_	
Tax attributable to taxable	\$	47,846	\$	50,642	
income of the period					
Over-estimate of income tax of					
the previous period	(5,079)		-	
Total current tax		42,767		50,642	
Deferred income tax:		_			
Deferred income tax on					
temporary differences originated		-			
and reversed			(10,389)	
Income tax expenses	\$	42,767	\$	40,253	

- (2) Income tax associates with other comprehensive income: None.
- (3) Income tax directly debited or credited in equity: None.
- 2. The Company's profit-seeking income tax has been approved by the taxation authority through 2020.

(XXIV) Earnings per share (EPS)

	January 1 to March 31, 2022					
			Weighted average number of	Earnings		
			outstanding shares	per share		
	Post-	-tax amount	(in thousands)	(EPS)		
Basic earnings per share						
Profit attributable to shareholders of						
common shares of the parent	\$	306,003	103,134	\$ 2.97		
Diluted earnings per share	' <u></u>	_		-		
Profit attributable to shareholders of	\$	306,003	103,134			
common shares of the parent						
Effects of the potentially dilutive						
common shares on employee						
compensation			662			
Profit attributable to shareholders of						
common shares of the parent plus						
effects of potential common shares	\$	306,003	103,796			
		Janua	ry 1 to March 31, 2021			
			Weighted average			
			number of	Earnings		
	_		outstanding shares	per share		
	Post-	-tax amount	(in thousands)	(EPS)		
Basic earnings per share						

Profit attributable to shareholders of common shares of the parent	\$ 230,912	91,000 \$	2.54
Diluted earnings per share	 	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	
Profit attributable to shareholders of	\$ 230,912	91,000	
common shares of the parent			
Effects of the potentially dilutive			
common shares on employee		• 0 6	
compensation	 <u> </u>	386	
Profit attributable to shareholders of			
common shares of the parent plus			
effects of potential common shares	\$ 230,912	91,386 \$ 2	2.53

(XXV) Additional Information on Cash Flows

1. Investing activities partially involving cash payments:

	January	y 1 to March 31, 2022	January 1 to March 31, 2021		
Acquisition of property, plant, and equipment Add: Construction and equipment payable at the	\$	69,513	\$	360,526	
beginning of the period Notes payable at the		273,446		83,794	
beginning of the period Less: Construction and		175,408		45,604	
equipment payable at the end of the period	(176,987)	(221,500)	
Notes payable at the end of the period	(16,797)	(133,662)	
Cash paid in the period	\$	324,583	\$	134,762	

2. Financing activities not affecting cash flows:

	Januar	y 1 to March 31, 2022	January 1 to March 31, 2021
Cash dividends announced but			
not yet paid	\$	721,938	\$ -

(XXVI) Changes in Liabilities Arising from Financing Activities

					2022				
			Sł	ort-term				Lia	abilities arising
	S	hort-term		bills	Long-term		Lease	fı	om financing
	bo	orrowings	1	oayable	borrowings		liability	ac	tivities - Total
January 1	\$	415,794	\$	20,000	\$ 603,422	\$	14,054	\$	1,053,270
Changes from									
financing cash									
flows	(161,259)	(20,000)	151,566	(1,743)	(31,436)
Effects of									
exchange rate									
changes		3,662		-	-		16		3,678
Others non-		-		<u>-</u>	_		131		131

monetary changes										
March 31	\$	258,197	\$		\$	754,988	\$	12,458		\$ 1,025,643
						2021				_
			S	hort-term						Liabilities arising
	Sł	nort-term		bills		Long-term		Lease		from financing
	bo	rrowings		payable		borrowings		liability		activities - Total
January 1	\$	697,535	\$	130,000	\$	337,000	\$	7,515		\$ 1,172,050
Changes from										
financing cash										
flows	(10,939)	(20,000))	8,000	(1,473)	(40,412)
Effects of										
exchange rate										
changes		302		-		-		-		302
Others non-										
monetary										
changes		-				<u>-</u>		8,705		8,705
March 31	\$	686,898	\$	110,000	\$	329,000	\$	14,747		\$ 1,140,645

VII. Related Party Transactions

(I) Name and Relationship of Related Party

Name of related party	Relationship with the Group
Superworld Electronics(S) Pte Ltd.	Other related party
TAI-TECH ADVANCED ELECTRONICS(S) PTE LTD	Other related party
Superworld Electronics Co., Ltd.	Other related party
Superworld Electronics (Dongguan) Co., Ltd.	Other related party
Jui-hsia Tai	Immediate family member of the major management Immediate family member of the
Chang-i Hsieh	major management
Chairman, Supervisor, President, and Vice President	Major management of the Group
I) Significant Transactions with Related Party	
1. Operating revenue	

 January 1 to March 31, 2022
 January 1 to March 31, 2021

 Sale of goods:
 Other related party

 \$
 107,517
 \$
 84,722

The price of goods sold to related party by the Group is the same as that for an arm's length transaction; the payment terms also approximate those for ordinarily clients.

2. Purchase

	Jar	uary 1 to March 31, 2022	January 1 to March 31, 2021
Sale of goods:			
Other related			
party	\$	1,050	\$ 1,986

The price of goods purchased from related party by the Group is the same as that for an arm's length transaction; the payment terms also approximate those for ordinarily suppliers.

3. Freight expenses and miscellaneous expenses

	January 1 to March 31, 20	22	January 1 to March 31, 2021
Other related party	\$	28 \$	105

4. Lease transactions - lessee

(1) The Group leased buildings from the immediate family members of the major management, with the lease term due between 2018 and 2023 and the rental paid on a monthly basis.

(2) Rental expense

	January 1 to March 31, 2022		January 1 to March 31, 2021	
Other				
related party	\$	48 \$	S	42

(3) Lease liabilities

Balance at the end of the period:

	March 31, 2022		Decem	ber 31, 2021	March 31, 2021		
Jui-hsia Tai	\$	890	\$	1,145	\$	1,653	
Chang-i							
Hsieh		846		1,087		1,571	
	\$	1,736	\$	2,232	\$	3,224	

5. Accounts receivables due from related party

	 March 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	March 31, 2021
Accounts receivable: Other related party	\$ 191,713	\$ 207,195	\$ 141,054
Other receivables: Other related party	 -	-	1,327
Total	\$ 191,713	\$ 207,195	\$ 142,381

6. Accounts payables due to related party

	Marc	h 31, 2022	Decem	ber 31, 2021	Marc	ch 31, 2021
Accounts payable:						
Other related party	\$	1,444	\$	1,224	\$	2,532
Other payables:						
Other related party		28		17		103
Total	\$	1,472	\$	1,241	\$	2,635

7. The major management acted as a joint guarantor for the Group's short-term borrowings and short-term bills payable as of December 31, 2021, and for the Group's long-term and

short-term borrowings as of March 31, 2021.

(III) Remuneration to Major Management

	January 1 to	o March 31, 2022	January	1 to March 31, 2021
Short-term employee benefits Post-retirement benefits	\$	29,590 360	\$	19,857 311
Share-based payments Total	\$	29,950	\$	6,36 <u>1</u> 26,529

VIII. Pledged Assets

Assets pledged as collaterals were as follows:

Type of asset	March 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	March 31, 2021	Purpose of collateral
Property, plant and equipment				
Land - Buildings and	\$ 766,893	\$ 766,893	\$ 85,828	Short- and long- term borrowings Short and long-
structures	66,264	67,305	23,483	term borrowings Long-term
- Machinery	-	-	270,395	borrowings

IX. Significant Commitments or Contingencies

(I) <u>or Contingencies</u>

None.

(II) Commitments

Capital expenditures committed but not yet incurred

	March 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	March 31, 2021
Property, plant and	 _		
equipment	\$ 293,431	\$ 307,879	\$ 674,081
Computer software	\$ 2,576	\$ 781	\$ 1,490
Patent rights	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,333

X. Significant Disaster Losses

None.

XI. Significant Subsequent Events

None.

XII. Others

(I) Capital Management

The purposes of the Group's capital management are to ensure that the Group continues as a going concern, to maintain an optimum capital structure to lower financing costs and to

provide returns of investment to shareholders. For the purpose of maintaining an optimal capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders or may issue new shares.

(II) Financial Instrument

1. Type of financial instrument

	Ma	arch 31, 2022	De	ecember 31, 2021	March 3	1, 2021
Financial Assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Financial assets compulsorily measured at fair value through profit or loss - current increase	\$	5,498	\$	-	\$	_
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Investment in equity instruments of which the fair value is designated to be recognized in other						
comprehensive income Financial assets at amortized	\$	289,421	\$	233,817	\$	204,964
cost		-				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,263,569	\$	1,341,004	\$	680,039
Financial assets at amortized		-		-		166,745
cost Receivable notes, net Accounts receivable, net (including those due from		69,743		64,858		27,735
related party) Other receivables (including those due from related party) Refundable deposits		2,305,780 17,764		2,389,761 14,909		2,007,869 34,199
(Other non-current assets		2.520		2.520		2.504
recognized)	\$	2,539 3,659,395	\$	2,528 3,813,060	\$	2,584 2,919,171
	Ψ	3,007,070	Ψ	3,013,000	Ψ	2,515,171
Financial Liabilities Financial liabilities at amortized cost						
Short-term borrowings Short-term notes and bills		\$ 258	3,197	\$ 415,	,794 \$	686,898
payable					,000	110,000
Notes payable			2,856		,029	144,230
Accounts payable (including related party)		748	3,358	859,	,752	621,051
Other payables (including thos due to related party)	se	1,491	,046	943,	,487	710,326

Long-term borrowings (including		754,988	603,422	329,000
the portion with maturity in one				
year)				
Deposits received				
(Other non-current liabilities				_
recognized)		1,640	1,640	
	\$	3,287,085	\$ 3,037,124	\$ 2,601,505
Lease liabilities (including those	-			
due to related party)	\$	12,458	\$ 14,054	\$ 14,747

2. Risk management policy

- (1) The Group's daily operations are affected by various financial risks, *e.g.*, market risk (including exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's risk management policy focuses on the unpredictable market events in order to minimize their potentially adverse impacts on the Group's financial position and financial performance.
- (2) The Group's key financial activities are reviewed by the Board of Directors against relevant regulations and its internal control systems. The Company strictly abides by relevant financial operating procedures during the implementation of financial plans.

3. Nature and degree of significant financial risks

(1) Market risk

Foreign currency risk

- A. The Group operates internationally and so is subject to the exchange rate risk of different currencies, particularly the USD and RMB. Relevant exchange rate risk arises from future business transactions and the recognized assets and liabilities. In addition, the conversion from RMB to other currencies is subject to the foreign currency exchange control regulations imposed by China.
- B. The Group's management has formulated relevant policy to require entities within the Group to manage the foreign exchange risks associated with their functional currency. Foreign exchange risk arises when future business transactions or recognized assets or liabilities are denominated in a currency other than the entity's functional currency.
- C. Since the Group engages in business involving multiple functional currencies (*e.g.*, the Company's functional currency is NTD while some subsidiaries' functional currencies are either USD or RMB), the Group is subject to fluctuation in foreign exchange rates. Foreign-currency-denominated assets and liabilities having significant impacts if foreign exchange rates change were as follows:

	March 31, 2022	
Foreign currency		Carryiing
(in thousands)	Exchange rate	amount (NTD)

(Foreign currency: functional currency) Financial Assets

Monetary items			
USD:NTD	\$ 62,517	28.63 \$	1,789,862
RMB: NTD	112,633	4.51	507,975
USD: RMB	41,881	6.35	265,944
Financial Liabilities			
Monetary items			
USD:NTD	\$ 39,298	28.63 \$	1,125,102
USD: RMB	25,638	6.35	162,801

	December 31, 2021					
		Foreign	<u> </u>			
		rrency (in	F 1		Carrying	
Œ	th	ousands)	Exchange rate	ar	nount (NTD)	
(Foreign currency: functional currency)						
Financial Assets						
Monetary items						
USD:NTD	\$	56,240	27.68	\$	1,556,723	
RMB:NTD	Ψ	162,540	4.34	Ψ	705,424	
USD: RMB		45,698	6.38		291,553	
Financial Liabilities		,			_, _, _,	
Monetary items						
USD:NTD	\$	39,098	27.68	\$	1,082,233	
USD:RMB	Ψ	26,575	6.38	4	169,549	
		,			,	
			March 31, 2021			
		Foreign				
		rrency (in			Carryiing	
	<u>th</u>	ousands)	Exchange rate	ar	nount (NTD)	
(Foreign currency:						
functional currency)						
Financial Assets						
Monetary items	\$	46 201	20.54	Φ	1 222 000	
USD:NTD RMB : NTD	Э	46,391	28.54 4.34	\$	1,323,999 310,254	
USD: RMB		71,487 32,320	6.57		212,342	
		32,320	0.37		212,342	
Financial Liabilities Manatara itama						
Monetary items USD:NTD	\$	38,751	28.54	\$	1,105,954	
RMB : NTD	Φ	38,731	4.34	Φ	1,103,934	
MINID . IN I D						
USD: RMB		15,576	6.57		102,334	

- D. For monetary items that would be significantly impacted by foreign exchange rate changes, the Group recognized an exchange gain or loss (realized and unrealized) in the amount equal to the gain of \$44,627 and the gain of \$1,045, respectively, for January 1 to March 31, 2022 and 2021. Since the Group's transactions involve multiple currencies that have significant foreign exchange impacts, they are disclosed as a whole.
- E. Foreign exchange risks arising from significant exchange rate changes that the Group is exposed to were as follows:

January 1 to March 31, 2022 Sensitivity Analysis

	Fluctuation	Effects on P/L	Effects on other comprehensive income (OCI)
(Foreign currency:			
functional currency)			
Financial Assets			
Monetary items			
USD : NTD	1%	\$ 17,899	\$ -
RMB:NTD	1%	5,080	-
USD: RMB	1%	2,659	-
Financial Liabilities			
Monetary items			
USD: NTD	1%	11,251	-
USD: RMB	1%	1,628	-

January 1 to March 31, 2021 Sensitivity Analysis

	Schshivity Analysis					
	Fluctuation	Effects on P/L	Effects on other comprehensive income (OCI)			
(Foreign currency:						
functional currency)						
Financial Assets						
Monetary items						
USD: NTD	1%	\$ 13,240	\$ -			
RMB:NTD	1%	3,103	-			
USD: RMB	1%	2,123	-			
Financial Liabilities						
Monetary items						
USD: NTD	1%	11,060	-			
USD: RMB	1%	1.023	_			

Price risk

- A. Since the Group's investment is classified as financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets measured at fair value other comprehensive income on the consolidated balance sheets, the Group is exposed to the risk of price changes in financial assets of equity instrument.
- B. The Group mainly invests in equity instruments issued by a domestic or foreign company. The price of such equity instruments can be affected by changes in future value of their investment targets. If the prices of these equity instruments had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, the profit or loss of the equity instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss for January 1 to March 31, 2022 and 2021 would have increased or decreased by \$55 and \$0 respectively; and for other comprehensive income classified as the equity investment measured at fair value through comprehensive income, the prof or loss would have increased or decreased by \$2,894 and \$2,050, respectively.

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

- A. The Group's interest rate risks mainly come from short- and long-term borrowings issued at floating interest rates. Such exposure also means the Group is exposed to cash flow interest rate risks, though a portion of risks have been offset by the Group's holding of cash bearing a floating interest rate. For January 1 to March 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group's borrowings bearing a floating interest rate are denominated in NTD and USD.
- B. When the borrowing interest rate of NTD and USD increases or decreases by 1%, held other variables constant, the Company's net income after tax for January 1 to March 31, 2022, 2021 will also decreases or increases by \$2,026 and \$2,032, respectively, mainly due to changes in interest expense caused by borrowings bearing a floating interest rate.

(2) Credit risk

- A. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by clients, or by counter-parties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. Credit risk of the Group mainly comes from accounts receivable, notes receivable and the contractual cash flows of financial assets measured at amortized cost that are prone to default by counter-parties.
- B. The Group establishes a framework for managing credit risks from a group's perspective. As the internal credit approval policy stipulates, an operating entity within the Group shall manage and analyze the credit risk of a new client before proposing terms and conditions pertaining to payments and delivery of goods. Internal risk control is achieved by evaluating a client's credit quality against the client's financial position, credit records and other factors. The limit on individual risk is set by the management by referring to internal or external ratings. The status of utilization of credit lines is regularly monitored.
- C. The Group applies the presumption of IFRS 9 and deems that the credit risk of a financial assets has significantly increased after initial recognition when the receivables obliged by the contractual terms are 30-days past due.
- D. The Group's credit risk management procedures deem a default occurred when a counterparty is significantly delinquent on repayments.
- E. After the recourse procedures, the Group writes off financial assets that could not be reasonably expected to be recovered. Nonetheless, the Group will continue the recourse legal procedures to secure its right to the debt. As of March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021 and March 31, 2021, the Group's debts that had been written off but were continually pursued were \$0 respectively.
- F. The Group classifies accounts receivable due from clients by the characteristics of their ratings, and adopts the simplified approach that measures expected credit losses based on the preparation matrix.
- G. By taking into account the forward-looking consideration that economic indicators hold, the Group adjusts the expected credit loss rate that was established based on historical or present information to estimate the allowance for accounts receivable, notes receivable and uncollectible overdue receivables. The preparation matrices as of March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021 and March 31, 2021 were as follows, respectively:

		disclosure				days		31 - 90 days		- 180 days	
March 31, 2022 Expected loss (%) Total carrying		100.00%	0.07%		5.44%			6.94%		100.00%	
amount	\$	1,252	\$	2,311,895	\$	46,290	\$	44,954	\$	-	\$ 2,404,391
Loss allowance	\$	1,252	\$	10,557	\$	5,132	\$	7,080	\$		\$ 24,021
December 31,		Individual disclosure		Not overdue	Ov	verdue within 30 days	(Overdue within 31 - 90 days	Ov	verfur over 91 - 180 days	Total
Expected loss (%)		100.00%		0.07%		5.44%		6.94%		100.00%	
Total carrying amount	\$	1,252	\$	2,432,012	\$	42,292	\$	4,054	\$	18	\$ 2,479,628
Loss allowance	\$	1,252	\$	21,347	\$	581	\$	9	\$	18	\$ 23,207
March 31, 2021	_	Individual disclosure	_	Not overdue	Ov	verdue within 30 days	(Overdue within 31 - 90 days	Ov	verfur over 91 - 180 days	Total
Expected loss (%) Total carrying		100.00%		0.07%		5.44%		6.94%		100.00%	
amount	\$	1,252	_	2,022,815	\$	16,758	_		\$	<u> </u>	\$ 2,043,558
Loss allowance	\$	1,252	\$	1,228	\$	581	\$	27	\$		\$ 3,088

H. Changes in the loss allowances provided for accounts receivable using the simplified approach are as follows:

•				20	22					
		ccounts	Notes re	ceivable		Uncollectible overdue receivables		Total		
January 1 Exchange rate	\$	21,955	\$	-	\$	1,252	\$	23,207		
effects		814		-		-		814		
March 31	\$	22,769	\$	_	\$	1,252	\$	24,021		
	2021									
	Accounts					Uncollectible overdue				
_		ceivable	Notes re	ceivable	_	receivables	_	Total		
January 1	\$	1,842	\$	-	\$	1,252	\$	3,094		
Exchange rate effects	(6		-		-	(6		
March 31	\$	1,836	\$	-	\$	1,252	\$	3,088		

(3) Liquidity risk

- A. Cash flows forecast is done by each operating entity; the Administration Department of the Group is responsible only for summarizing the results. Administration Department of the Group monitors the forecast of the Group's liquidity needs to ensure that it has sufficient funds to meet operating needs and maintain sufficient unused loan commitments so that it won't default on any borrowing limits or terms. Such a forecast takes into account the Group's debt financing plan, compliance with provisions of debt instruments, fulfillment of the financial ratio targets on the balance sheet and conformity with external regulatory requirements, such as foreign exchange control.
- B. The table below listed the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities by maturity

date. They were analyzed for the residual duration between the balance sheet date and the maturity date. The table below disclosed the contractual cash flows not discounted.

Non-derivative financial liabilities:

March 31, 2022	Less than 1 year	1~2 years	2~5 years	Over 5 years
Short-term	\$ 258,197	•	\$	\$
borrowings	\$ 230,197	Ф	Φ	J.
Notes payable	32,856	-	-	-
Accounts payable	746,914	-	-	-
Accounts payables to related parties	1,444	-	-	-
Other payables	1,491,046	-	-	-
Lease liabilities				
(including the				
portion with				
maturity in one				
year)	6,454	4,699	1,305	-
Long-term				
borrowings				
(including the				
portion with				
maturity in one				
year)	45,694	45,223	266,497	453,438

Non-derivative financial liabilities:

	Less than 1			
December 31, 2021	year	1~2 years	2~5 years	Over 5 years
Short-term borrowings Short-term bills	\$ 415,794	\$	\$	\$
payable	20,000	-	-	-
Notes payable	193,029	-	-	-
Accounts payable	858,528	-	-	-
Accounts payables to related parties	1,224	-	-	-
Other payables (including those due to related				
party)	943,487	-	-	-
Lease liabilities (including the portion with maturity in one				
year)	6,557	5,538	1,959	-
Long-term borrowings (including the portion with maturity in one				
year)	43,494	93,047	125,888	382,538

Non-derivative financial liabilities:

Less than 1									
March 31, 2021		year		1~2 years		2~5 years			
Short-term borrowings	\$	686,898	\$	-	\$	-			
Short-term notes and bills				-		-			
payable		110,000							
Notes payable		144,230		-		-			
Accounts payable		618,519		-		-			
Accounts payables to related parties		2,532		-		-			
Other payables (including those due to related party)		710,326		-		-			
Lease liabilities (including the portion with maturity in one year)		6,213		5,309		3,225			
Long-term borrowings (including the portion with maturity in one year)		69,732		183,117		80,468			
• • •									

C. The Group does not expect a maturity analysis of which the cash flows timing would be significantly earlier or the actual amount would be significantly different.

(III) Fair Value Information

- 1. Below are the definitions assigned to each level of valuation technique used to measure the fair value of financial and non-financial assets.
 - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of the Group's investment in listed shares is included in Level 1.
 - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
 - Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in non-active market is included in Level 3.
- 2. Financial instruments not measured at fair values
 - Management of the Group thinks that the carrying amount of financial instruments not measured at fair value, including cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivables, other receivables, lease liability and long-term borrowings (including the current portion), is the reasonable approximation of their fair value.
- 3. Financial and non-financial assets at fair value are classified by nature, characteristic, risk and fair value level, stated as follows:
 - (1) The Group classifies its assets and liabilities by their function; stated as follows:

March 31, 2022	L	evel 1	Level 2	Le	vel 3	Total
ASSETS						
Recurring fair value						
Financial assets at fair value						
through profit or loss						
Equity-based securities	\$	5,498	\$	- \$	- \$	5,498

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive						
income	121 410			160.011		200 421
Equity-based securities	 121,410			168,011	_	289,421
Total	\$ 126,908	\$ 	- \$	168,011	\$	294,919
December 31, 2021	Level 1	 Level 2		Level 3		Total
ASSETS						
Recurring fair value						
Financial assets at fair value						
through other comprehensive						
income						
Equity-based securities	\$ 121,987	\$	- \$	111,830	\$	233,817
March 31, 2021	Level 1	Level 2		Level 3		Total
ASSETS	 					
Recurring fair value						
Financial assets at fair value						
through other comprehensive						
income						
Equity-based securities	\$ 71,033	\$	<u>-</u> \$	133,931	\$	204,964

- (2) The techniques and assumptions used to measure fair value are stated as follows:
 - A. Financial instruments of which the fair value is marked to market quotations (*i.e.*, level 1 inputs) are stated as follows:

	<u>Listed shares</u>
Market quotation	Closing price

- B. Except for financial instruments with an active market, the fair value of other financial instruments is obtained either based on the valuation technique or by reference to the quotes from counter-parties. Fair value can be obtained by using a valuation technique that refers to the fair value of financial instruments having substantially the same terms and characteristics, or by using other valuation technique, *e.g.*, the one that applies market information available on the consolidated balance sheets date to a pricing model for calculation.
- C. Outputs from the valuation models are estimates and valuation techniques may not be able to reflect all relevant factors of the financial and non-financial instruments held by the Group. Therefore, when needed, estimates from the valuation model would be adjusted for additional parameters, *e.g.*, model risk or liquidity risk.
- 4. For January 1 to March 31, 2022 and 2021, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value hierarchy.
- 5. Changes in Level 3 fair value hierarchy are stated as follows for January 1 to March 31, 2022 and 2021:

		2022		2021	
	Equ	Equity-based		uity-based	
	se	curities	S	securities	
January 1	\$	111,830	\$	136,989	
Gains or losses recognized in other					

Gains or losses recognized in other comprehensive income

Unrealized gain/(loss) on investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income
Purchase of current period
Exchange rate effects
March 31

4,895	(3,094)
49,505		-
1,781		36
\$ 168,011	\$	133,931

Range

Relationship

- 6. For January 1 to March 31, 2022 and 2021, there was no transfer into or out of Level 3.
- 7. Valuation process regarding fair value Level 3 is conducted by the Group's Finance Department, which conducts an independent fair value verification though use of independent data source in order to make the valuation results close to market conditions, and to ensure that the data source is independent, reliable and consistent with other sources, and that the fair value is adjusted where appropriate, thereby ensuring a reasonable valuation result.
- 8. The quantitative information on, changes in, and sensitivity analysis of significant unobservable inputs used in Level 3 fair value measurement are stated as follows:

Significant

	Fair value at March 31, 2022	Valuation technique	unobservable inputs	(weighted average)	between inputs and fair value	
Non-derivative equity instruments: Unlisted shares	\$ 148,011	Public company comparable s	Discount for lack of marketability	20%~25%] (22.5%) 1	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value	
Unlisted shares	20,000	Most recent transaction price of non-active market	N/A		N/A	
Non donivotivo	Fair value at December 31, 2				ted inputs and fair	
Non-derivative equity instruments: Unlisted shares		,830 Public company compara			20% The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value	
Non-derivative	Fair value at Ma	arch Valua techni			ted inputs and fair	
equity instruments: Unlisted shares		,931 Public	Discount for	lack	25% The higher	

9. The Group elects to adopt valuation models and valuation parameters under prudential consideration. Nonetheless, this does not preclude the differences arising from adoption of different valuation models or parameters. If valuation parameters change, financial assets classified as Level 3 will have effects on other comprehensive income, stated as follows:

				March	31, 2022						
				Recognized in P/L		Recognized i comprehensive (OCI)					
		Input	Changes	Favorable changes	Unfavorable changes		orable anges			avorable anges	
Financial Assets Equity	Ф	107.604	. 10/	.		Ф	2.025	,	Ф	2.025)	
instruments	\$	187,604	±1%	\$	\$	\$	2,025	(\$	2,025)	
				Decemb	er 31, 2021						
			Recognized in					Recognized in other comprehensive income (OCI)			
Financial Assets		Input	Changes	P/L favorable changes	Unfavorable changes		orable anges			avorable anges	
Equity instruments	\$	139,787	±1%	\$	\$	\$	1,661	(\$	1,661)	
				March	31, 2021						
						Recogniz	nsi	ve in			
				Recognized in P/L favorable	Unfavorable	Fav	orable)C	-,	vorable	
		Input	Changes	changes	changes		anges			inges	
Financial Assets Equity instruments	\$	178,578	±1%	\$	\$	\$	1,712	(\$	1,712)	

(IV) Other Matters

In response to the pandemic alert system for COVID-19 and multiple pandemic prevention measures taken by the government, the Group has also adopted and upheld necessary measures to address the issues brought by the pandemic. A careful assessment conducted by the Group has led to the conclusion that the pandemic has no significant influence on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, asset impairment and financial risks.

XIII. Additional Disclosures

- (I) Information on Significant Transactions
 - 1. Loaning Funds to Others: Refer to Table 1.
 - 2. Provision of Endorsements and Guarantees: refer to Table 2.

- 3. Marketable Securities Held at the End of the Period (Excluding Investment in Subsidiaries, Affiliated Companies and the Control Portion in a Joint Venture): refer to Table 3.
- 4. Accumulative Purchase of Disposal of the Same Marketable Securities that Reaches NT\$300 Million or 20% or More of Paid-in Capital: None.
- 5. Acquisition of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: none.
- 6. Disposal of Real Property That Reaches NT\$300 Million or 20% or More of Paid-in Capital: none.
- 7. Transaction with Related Party That Reaches NT\$100 Million or 20% or More of Paid-in Capital: refer to Table 4.
- 8. Receivables Due from Related Party That Reach NT\$100 Million or 20% or More of Paidin Capital: refer to Table 5.
- 9. Engagement in Derivatives Trading: none.
- 10. The Business Relationship, Significant Transactions and Significant Transaction Amount between Parent and Subsidiaries or among Subsidiaries: refer to Table 6.
- (II) Information on Indirect Investment

Names and Location of Investees (Excluding Those in Mainland China): refer to Table 7.

- (III) Investment in Mainland China
 - 1. Basic Information: refer to Table 8.
 - 2. Significant Transactions with Investees in Mainland China That Are Invested by the Group, Either Directly or Indirectly Through Another Entity Outside Taiwan and China: Refer to Table 6.
- (IV) Major Shareholder Information

Major Shareholder Information: Refer to Table 9.

XIV. Segment Information

(I) General Information

The Group engages in a single industry; the Group's Board of Directors evaluates the performance of and allocates resources to the Group as a whole. As such, the Group identifies itself to be a single reporting segment.

(II) <u>Segment Information</u>

Information on reportable segment provided to the main operating decision makers:

	Jan	uary 1 to March 31, 2022	January 1 to March 31, 2021
Segment revenue	\$	1,473,667	\$ 1,374,114
Segment gross			
profit	\$	491,441	\$ 458,202
Segment profits or			 -
losses	\$	348,770	\$ 271,165
Discount and			
amortization	\$	121,819	\$ 84,555
Income tax			-
expenses	\$	42,767	\$ 40,253
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Segment assets	\$	9,624,817	\$ 6,722,667
Segment liabilities	\$	3,687,318	\$ 2,882,196

(III) Reconciliation of Segment Profit or Loss

Reconciliation is not required because the profit or loss information on the reporting segment that was provided to the main operating decision makers is consistent with that prepared and disclosed in the financial statements.

Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Loans of funds to others January 1 to March 31, 2022

Table 1

Unit: NT\$ thousand

(unless otherwise specified)

				Whether or not a related	Maximum balance		Amount	Interest rate	Loans of funds	Busine dealin	2	Allowance for Impairment	_	aterals		an and limit		nd loans nd total	
No.	Lending company	Borrowing party	item	party	amount	Ending balance	actually drawn	range	to others	amou	nt financing	Loss	e	Value	e borr	ower (Note)	lim	it (Note)	Remarks
1	Fixed Rock	TAIPAQ	Other	Yes	\$57,250	\$57,250	\$37,213	2.40%	Short-term	\$	- Business	\$ -	-	\$	- \$	2,304,788	\$ 2	2,304,788	
	Holding Ltd.	Electronic	receivables		(USD2,000	(USD2,000	(USD1,300		financing fund		revolving								
		Components (Si-			thousand)	thousand)	thousand)				fund								
		Hong) Co., Ltd.																	
1	Fixed Rock	TAI-TECH	Other	Yes	\$85,875	\$85,875	\$ -		Short-term	\$	- Business	\$ -	-	\$	- \$	2,304,788	\$ 2	2,304,788	
	Holding Ltd.	Advanced	receivables		(USD3,000	(USD3,000			financing fund		revolving								
		Electronics			thousand)	thousand)					fund								
		(Kunshan)																	
2	TAI-TECH	TAIPAQ	Other	Yes	\$180,366	\$180,366	\$180,366	3.35%~3.8%	Short-term	\$	- Business	\$ -	-	\$	- \$	865,245	\$	865,245	
İ	Advanced	Electronic	receivables		(RMB40,000	(RMB40,000	(RMB40,000		financing fund		revolving								
	Electronics	Components (Si-			thousand)	thousand)	thousand)				fund								
	(Kunshan)	Hong) Co., Ltd.																	

Note: The total amount of loaning of funds to others of the Company shall not exceed 40% of the net worth of the Company, and the amount of loaning of fund to an individual company or firm shall not exceed 20% of the net worth of the Company. The total amount of loaning of funds between subsidiaries with more than 100% of voting shares directly and indirectly by the Company shall not exceed the net worth.

Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Endorsements/guarantees January 1 to March 31, 2022

Table 2

Unit: NT\$ thousand

(unless otherwise specified)

		Endorsed/guaranteed pa	arty name	Limits on	Balance of maximum amount of					Ratio of accumulated endorsement/guara ntee to net equity	Maximum amount of	nt/guarantee	1		
	Endorsements/guara			endorsement/guarantee	endorsement/guarantee	Ending balance of			collateralized	per latest financial	endorsement/guara	company to	company to	Mainland	
No.	ntees company name	provider	Relationship	amount provided (Notes)	of the period	endorsement/guarantee		Amount actually drawn	by properties	statements	ntee allowance	subsidiary	subsidiary	China	Remarks
0	Tai-Tech Advanced	Fixed Rock Holding Ltd.	Subsidiary	\$ 2,375,000	\$110,720 \$		- \$		- \$ -	- \$	2,968,749	Yes	No	No	
	Electronics Co., Ltd.				(USD4,000 thousand)										
0	Tai-Tech Advanced	TAIPAQ Electronic	Subsidiary	\$ 2,375,000	\$429,375	\$429,375		\$200,375	\$ -	7.23% \$	2,968,749	Yes	No	Yes	
	Electronics Co., Ltd.	Components (Si-Hong) Co.,			(USD15,000 thousand)	(USD15,000 thousand)		(USD7,000 thousand)							
		Ltd.													
0	Tai-Tech Advanced	TAI-TECH Advanced	Subsidiary	\$ 2,375,000			- \$		- \$ -	- \$	2,968,749	Yes	No	Yes	
i	Electronics Co., Ltd.	Electronics (Kunshan)			(USD2,000 thousand)										

Note: The total amount of endorsements/guarantees shall not exceed 40% of the net worth of the Company. The amount of endorsements/guarantees made for one single enterprise shall not exceed 40% of the net worth of the Company.

Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries

Marketable Securities Held at the End of the Period (Excluding Investment in Subsidiaries, Affiliated Companies, and the Control Portion in a Joint Venture)

March 31, 2022

Table 3

Unit: NT\$ thousand (unless otherwise specified)

					Number of End of period					
		Relationship with	1	shares (in	es (in					
Holding company name	Marketable securities types and name	issuer	Financial statement account	thousands)		Carrying amount	Percentage		per unit	Remarks
Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co.,	All Ring Tech Co., Ltd.	None	Financial assets at fair value through	615	\$	82,410	0.74%	\$	82,410	Unpledged
Ltd.			other comprehensive income acquired - non-current							
Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	Gigabyte Technology Co., Ltd.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	300	\$	39,000	0.05%	\$	39,000	Unpledged
			acquired - non-current							
Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	Favite Inc.	None	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss - current	246	\$	5,498	0.31%	\$	5,498	Unpledged
Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co.,	SFI Electronics Technology Inc.	None	Financial assets at fair value through	1,000	\$	20,000	2.27%	\$	20,000	Unpledged
Ltd.			other comprehensive income acquired - non-current							
Best Bliss Investments Limited	Superworld Holdings(S) PTE. LTD.	Other related	Financial assets at fair value through	2,000	\$	116,936	10%	\$	116,936	Unpledged
		party	other comprehensive income acquired - non-current							
	Xiamen Eisend Electronics Co., Ltd	None	Financial assets at fair value through	-	\$	31,075	17%	\$	31,075	Unpledged
Hong) Co., Ltd.			other comprehensive income acquired - non-current							

Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries

Transaction with Related Party That Reaches NT\$100 Million or 20% or More of Paid-in Capital

January 1 to March 31, 2022

Table 4

Unit: NT\$ thousand (unless otherwise specified)

				Transaction	Details	etails Abnormal Transaction and Reason			Notes/Acc		
					Percentage of total purchase	Payment		Payment		Percentage of total notes/accounts	
Company of purchase (sale)	Transaction party name	Relationship	Purchase (Sale)	Amount	(sale)	terms	Unit price	terms	Balance	receivable (payable)	Remarks
Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si- Hong) Co., Ltd.	Parent- subsidiary	Sales	(236,712)	20%	Note 1	Note 1	-	372,849	20%	
TAI-TECH Advanced Electronics (Kunshan)	Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	Parent- subsidiary	Sales	(233,354)	61%	Note 1	Note 1	-	325,270	54%	
TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si- Hong) Co., Ltd.		Parent- subsidiary	Sales	(399,856)	39%	Note 1	Note 1	-	720,288	41%	
TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si-Hong) Co., Ltd.	TAI-TECH Advanced Electronics (Kunshan)	Associate	Sales	(120,820)	12%	Note 1	Note 1	-	188,008	11%	

Note: 1. Transaction price adopts the general rules for the payment receipt period agreed by both parties.

Note: 2. Transaction price and the payment receipt period adopts the general rules.

Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Receivables Due from Related Party That Reach NT\$100 Million or 20% or More of Paid-in Capital March 31, 2022

Table 5

Unit: NT\$ thousand (unless otherwise specified)

			Balance of accounts	Overdue	ount of accounts om related party	receivable			
Company of accounts receivable recognized	Transaction party name	Relationship	receivables due from related party	Turnover rate	Amount	Treatment method	Amounts received in subsequent period	Allowan Impairme	
Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si-Hong) Co., Ltd.	Parent- subsidiary	\$ 373,442	2.49	\$ -	-	\$	- \$	=
Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	TAI-TECH Advanced Electronics (Kunshan)	Parent- subsidiary	\$ 189,303	2.85	-	-		-	-
TAI-TECH Advanced Electronics (Kunshan)	Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	Parent- subsidiary	\$ 325,270	3.00	-	-		_	-
TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si- Hong) Co., Ltd.	Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	Parent- subsidiary	\$ 720,288	2.23	-	-		-	-
TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si- Hong) Co., Ltd.	TAI-TECH Advanced Electronics (Kunshan)	Associate	\$ 188,708	2.66	-	-		-	-
Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	Superworld Electronics(S) Pte. Ltd.	Other related party	\$ 114,436	2.15	-	-		-	57
TAI-TECH Advanced Electronics (Kunshan)	TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si-Hong) Co., Ltd.	Associate	\$ 185,151	-	-	-		-	-

Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries

The Business Relationship, Significant Transactions, and Significant Transaction Amount between Parent and Subsidiaries or among Subsidiaries January 1 to March 31, 2022

Table 6

Unit: NT\$ thousand (unless otherwise specified)

Transaction details

				_		Transaction deta	IIS
			Relationship with				-
			transaction			Transaction	Percentage of consolidated total revenue
No. (Note 1)	Name of transaction party	Transaction party	party (Note 2)	Item	Amount	terms	or total assets
0	Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si-Hong) Co., Ltd.	1	Sales revenue	236,712	Note 3	16%
0	Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si-Hong) Co., Ltd.	1	Accounts Receivable	372,849		4%
0	Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si-Hong) Co., Ltd.	1	Accounts payable	720,288		7%
0	Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si-Hong) Co., Ltd.	1	Purchase	399,856	Note 3	27%
0	Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	TAI-TECH Advanced Electronics (Kunshan)	1	Sales revenue	31,142	Note 3	2%
0	Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	TAI-TECH Advanced Electronics (Kunshan)	1	Purchase	233,354	Note 3	16%
0	Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	TAI-TECH Advanced Electronics (Kunshan)	1	Accounts Receivable	189,303		2%
0	Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	TAI-TECH Advanced Electronics (Kunshan)	1	Accounts payable	325,270		3%
1	FixedRockHoldingLtd	TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si-Hong) Co., Ltd.	2	Other receivables	27,240		0%
2	TAI-TECH Advanced Electronics (Kunshan)	TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si-Hong) Co., Ltd.	2	Purchase	120,820	Note 3	8%
2	TAI-TECH Advanced Electronics (Kunshan)	TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si-Hong) Co., Ltd.	2	Accounts payable	188,008		2%
2	TAI-TECH Advanced Electronics (Kunshan)	TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si-Hong) Co., Ltd.	2	Other receivables	184,249		2%

Note 1: The business dealing information between the parent company and subsidiary shall be, respectively, indicated in the numbering column and there are two types of number filling methods as follows:

⁽¹⁾ Fill in "0" for the parent company.

⁽²⁾ Subsidiaries are listed in sequential order starting from Arabic number of "1"

Note 2: There are two types of relationship with the transaction party as follows:

⁽¹⁾ Parent to subsidiary

⁽²⁾ Subsidiary to parent company

Note 3: Transaction price adopts the general rules for the payment receipt period agreed by both parties.

Note 4: The disclosure standard for the business relationship and material transaction details between the parent and subsidiary for the period of January 1 to March 31, 2022 is NT\$10 million and above

Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.

Names and Location of Investees (Excluding those in Mainland China)

January 1 to March 31, 2022

Table 7

Unit: NT\$ thousand
(unless otherwise specified)

					Initial investi	ment amount	Number of shares (in	End of term	Carrying	Current profit/loss of	Current investment profit/loss recognized comprehensive	
Name of Investor	Name of Investee	Location	Main business	End of	current period	End of last year	thousands)	holding ratio	amount	investee	income	Remarks
Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics	North Star International Limited	SAMOA	Re-invested	\$	3,459	\$ 3,459	100	100%	81,236	2	2	
Co., Ltd.			business									
Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics	Best Bliss Investments Limited	Cayman Islands	Re-invested		1,075,284	1,075,284	34,250	100%	3,346,902	93,045	83,086	
Co., Ltd.			business									
Best Bliss Investments Limited	Fixed Rock Holding Ltd.	Mahe Seychelles	Re-invested		890,624	890,624	26,450	100%	2,307,203	73,615	73,615	
			business	(US2	29.784 thousand)	(US29.784 thousand)						

Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries

Information on Investments in Mainland China - Basic Information

January 1 to March 31, 2022

Table 8

Electronics Co.,

Ltd.

Unit: NT\$ thousand

(unless otherwise specified)

Name of investee in Mainland China	Main business	Paid-in capital	Investment method	Accumulated outward remittan for investment from Taiwan a beginning of the current perior	t Outward		Accumulated outward remittance for investment from Taiwan at end of the current period (Note 7)	Current profit/loss of investee	Ownershi p percentage of direct or indirect investmen t	Current Investment profit/loss recognized (Note 3)	. -	Accumulated repatriation of investment income as of end of current period	Remarks
TAI-TECH Advanced Electronics (Kunshan)	Production, processing, and sale of electronic components	USD11,935 thousand	Investment in Mainland China companies through a company invested and established in a third region (Note 1)	\$352,249 (USD10,914 thousand)	\$ -	\$ -	\$352,249 (USD10,914 \$ thousand)	3 13,520	100%	\$ 13,520	\$ 865,245	· -	
TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si- Hong) Co., Ltd.	Production, processing, and sale of electronic components	USD34,156 thousand	Investment in Mainland China companies through a company invested and established in a third region (Note 2))600,232 (USD18,821 thousand)	-	-	600,232 (USD18,821 thousand)	79,530	100%	79,530	2,447,169	-	
	investment in	outward remittance China region at end (Note 4, Note 5)	l of approved Commi	by Investment Investment Sision, MOEA Investment	t on the Amount of nt Stipulated by nt Commission,								
provider Tai-Tech Advanced	\$		<u> </u>	Note 6) 1	MOEA 3,562,499	<u>-</u> 1							

Note 1: 100% invested by Best Bliss Investments Limited 100%.

Note 2: Best Bliss Investments Limited and Fixed Rock Holding Ltd. hold 7.48% and 92.52%, respectively.

(US44,343 thousand)

1,412,662

Note 3: The financial statements audited by CPA retained by the parent company in Taiwan.

Note 4: The Company liquidated TAI-TECH Advanced Electronics (Dongguan) in 2020 and the accumulated investment loss amount is USD 1,513 thousand.

1,269,318

(US44,343 thousand)

Note 5: NTD is calculated based on the historical exchange rate.

Note 6: NTD is calculated based on rate of the balance sheet date

Note 7: The third-place proprietary fund and debt-equity swap investment amount are excluded.

Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries

Major Shareholder Information

March 31, 2022

Table 9

	Shar	res
	Number of	Shareholdings
Major shareholders	shares held	Percentage
Superworld Holdings (S) Pte. Ltd. investment account under custody of First Commercial Bank	10,207,649	9.89%
Hengyang Investment Co., Ltd.	6,467,995	6.27%
Northwest Investment Co., Ltd.	6,121,718	5.93%

Explanation: The Company obtains the information of this table from the Taiwan Depository and Clearing Corporation:

- (1) This table is based on the information provided by the Taiwan Depository and Clearing Corporation for shareholders holding greater than 5% of the shares completed the process of registration and book-entry delivery in dematerialized form (including treasury stocks) of the Company at the last business date of each quarter.

 There may be a discrepancy in the number of shares recorded on the Company's financial statements and its dematerialized securities arising from the difference in basis of preparation.
- (2) For the table above, the shareholder who delivers the shares to the trust is disclosed by the individual trustee who opened the trust account. In accordance with the Security Exchange Act, the shareholders have to disclose the insider equity more than 10% of the shares, including their own shares and their delivery to the trust, and have the right to make decisions on the trust property. Information on insider equity is available on the Market Observation Post System (MOPS) website. Information on equity is available on the MOPS website.