# Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Financial Statements and Report of Independent Accountants

2021 and the First Quarter of 2020

(Stock Code: 3357)

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District, Taoyuan City

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# Consolidated Financial Statements and Report of Independent Accountants for 2021 and the First Quarter of

# <u>2020</u>

# Table of Contents

	Item	<u>.                                    </u>	Page No.
I.	Cover I	Page	1
II.	Table o	f Contents	$2 \sim 3$
III.	Report	of Independent Accountants	$4\sim5$
IV.	Consoli	dated Balance Sheet	6 ~ 7
V.	Consoli	dated Statement of Comprehensive Income	8
VI.	Consoli	dated Statement of Changes in Equity	9
VII.	Consoli	dated Statement of Cash Flows	10 ~ 11
VIII.	Notes to	o Consolidated Financial Statements	$12 \sim 50$
	(I)	Company History and Business Scope	12
	(II)	Approval Date and Procedure of Financial Statements	12
	(III)	Application of New and Amended Standards and Interpretations	12 ~ 13
	(IV)	Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	13 ~ 21
	(V)	Significant Account Judgments and Assumptions and Primary Sources of Estimation	
		Uncertainty	21
	(VI)	Description of Significant Accounts	$22 \sim 37$
	(VII)	Related Party Transactions	37 ~ 39
	(VIII)	Pledged Assets	39
	(IX)	Significant Commitments or Contingencies	39
	(X)	Significant Disaster Losses	39
	(XI)	Significant Subsequent Events	39
	(XII)	Others	39 ~ 49
	(XIII)	Separately Disclosed Items	49 ~ 50
	(XIV)	Segment Information	50

Report of Independent Accountants

(2021) Cai-Shen-Bao-Zi No. 21000149

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.

Introduction

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics and Subsidiaries (hereinafter referred to as the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2021 and 2020, the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years January 1 through March 31, 2021 and 2020 ended and the notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting." Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the consolidated financial statements based on our review.

**Scope of Review** 

We conducted our reviews in accordance with Statement of Auditing Standards No. 65 "Review of Financial Information Performance by the Independent Auditor of the Entity." A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group for 2021 and as of March 31, 2020 as well as their consolidated financial performances and consolidated cash flows for 2020 and from January 1, 2020 to March 31, 2021 according the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" approved by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

PricewaterhouseCoopers (PwC) Taiwan

Yen-Na Li

Certified Public Accountant (CPA)

Wei-Hao Wu

Former Financial Supervisory Commission and Securities and Futures Bureau of the Executive Yuan

Official Approval Letter No.: Jin-Guan-Zheng-Liu-Zi No. 0950122728

Financial Supervisory Commission

Official Approval Letter No.: Jin-Guan-Zheng-Shen-Zi No.

1080323093

May 4, 2021

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# $\underline{\text{Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries}}$

#### Consolidated Balance Sheet

# March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020, and March 31, 2020

(The consolidated balance sheet for 2021 and as of March 31, 2020 is reviewed, but not audited according to the Generally Accepted Auditing Standards)

Unit: NT\$ thousand

			 March 31, 2021	December 31, 20	)20	March 31, 2020		
	Assets	Note	 Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
(	Current assets							
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6 (1)	\$ 680,039	10	\$ 767,619	12	\$ 686,554	13
1136	Financial assets measured at amortized cost —	6 (1)						
	current		166,745	2	167,040	3	30,225	1
1150	Notes receivable, net	6 (2)	27,735	-	28,906	-	56,182	1
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6 (2)	1,866,815	28	1,637,463	27	1,256,272	24
1180	Accounts receivable from related parties, net	6 (2) and 7	141,054	2	114,791	2	101,968	2
1200	Other receivables	7	34,199	1	14,168	-	11,725	-
130X	Inventory	6 (3)	596,788	9	588,302	10	540,775	10
1410	Pre-payments		39,201	1	22,641	-	24,297	-
1470	Other current assets		 		6		25	
11XX	Total current assets		 3,552,576	53	3,340,936	54	2,708,023	51
I	Non-current assets							
1517	Financial assets at fair value through other	6 (4) and 12						
	comprehensive income - non-current	(3)	204,964	3	191,847	3	143,360	3
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6 (5) and 8	2,810,097	42	2,539,871	41	2,380,069	45
1755	Right-of-use assets	6 (6), 7, and						
		8	43,160	1	36,211	1	37,431	1
1780	Intangible assets		19,308	-	17,530	-	13,011	-
1840	Deferred income tax assets		11,267	-	8,514	-	33,115	-
1900	Other non-current assets	6 (7)	 81,295	1	40,936	1	9,480	
15XX	Total non-current assets		 3,170,091	47	2,834,909	46	2,616,466	49
1XXX	Total assets		\$ 6,722,667	100	\$ 6,175,845	100	\$ 5,324,489	100

(Continued)

#### Consolidated Balance Sheet

March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020, and March 31, 2020

(The consolidated balance sheet for 2021 and as of March 31, 2020 is reviewed, but not audited according to the Generally Accepted Auditing Standards)

Unit: NT\$ thousand

Transport   Tran				March 31, 2021			December 31, 2	2020	20 March 31, 202	
Solution		Liabilities and equity	Note		Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	
1		Current liabilities								
144,200	2100	Short-term borrowings	6 (8)	\$	686,898	10	\$ 697,535	11	\$ 660,418	12
2170	2110	Short-term notes and bills payable	6 (9)		110,000	2	130,000	2	140,000	3
2180	2150	Notes payable			144,230	2	56,755	1	66,656	1
200	2170	Accounts payable			618,519	9	568,295	9	408,063	8
230	2180	Accounts payable - related parties	7		2,532	-	3,124	-	25,307	1
Case liabilities - current   7	2200	Other payables	6 (10) and 7		710,326	11	581,267	10	396,698	7
2300   Other current liabilities   6 (1)   67,000   1   67,000   2   1,14,007   3   3   3   3   3   3   3   3   3	2230	Current income tax liabilities	6 (23)		106,340	2	60,210	1	48,865	1
Total current liabilities   2,452,058   37   2,167,761   35   1,814,307   34	2280	Lease liabilities - current	7		6,213	-	3,575	-	3,336	-
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	2300	Other current liabilities	6 (11)		67,000	1	67,000	1	64,964	1
	21XX	Total current liabilities			2,452,058	37	2,167,761	35	1,814,307	34
2570   Deferred income tax liabilities   130,728   2   138,855   2   116,641   2   2   2   2   2   2   3   3   4   2   2   3   3   4   2   2   3   3   4   2   2   3   3   4   2   3   3   4   2   3   3   4   4   2   3   3   4   4   2   3   3   4   4   2   3   3   4   4   2   3   3   3   3   3   3   3   3   3		NONCURRENT LIABILITIES								
Lease liabilities - non-current   7   8,534   - 3,940   - 5,497   - 2,400	2540	Long-term borrowings	6 (11)		262,000	4	270,000	5	237,893	5
Net defined benefit liabilities — non-current   14,722   14,652   - 8,064   - 2,007	2570	Deferred income tax liabilities			130,728	2	138,855	2	116,641	2
14,154   -   14,753   -   15,964   -   25XX   Total non-current liabilities   430,138   6   442,200   7   384,059   7   25XX   Total liabilities   2,882,196   43   2,669,961   42   2,198,366   41   41   41   41   41   41   41	2580	Lease liabilities - non-current	7		8,534	-	3,940	-	5,497	-
	2640	Net defined benefit liabilities - non-current			14,722	-	14,652	-	8,064	-
Capital surplus   Capital su	2670	Other non-current liabilities - others			14,154		14,753		15,964	
Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent   Share capital   6 (14)	25XX	Total non-current liabilities			430,138	6	442,200	7	384,059	7
Parent   Share capital   Share capital surplus   Share capit	2XXX	Total liabilities			2,882,196	43	2,609,961	42	2,198,366	41
Share capital   6 (14)		Equity attributable to shareholders of the								
Significant Commitments or Contingencies   910,000   13   910,000   15   910,000   17   910,000   17   910,000   17   910,000   17   910,000   17   910,000   17   910,000   17   910,000   17   910,000   17   910,000   17   910,000   17   910,000   17   910,000   17   910,000   17   910,000   18   910,00		parent								
Capital surplus       168,173       3       123,523       2       214,523       4         Retained earnings       6 (16)         3310       Legal reserve       360,404       5       360,404       6       316,130       6         3320       Special reserve       89,991       1       89,991       1       76,642       2         3350       Unappropriated earnings       2,327,143       35       2,096,231       34       1,722,892       32         Other equity       6 (17)       (15,240)       -       14,265)       -       114,064)       2         3XXX       Total equity       3,840,471       57       3,565,884       58       3,126,123       59         Significant Commitments or Contingencies       9		Share capital	6 (14)							
Capital surplus       168,173       3       123,523       2       214,523       4         Retained earnings       6 (16)         3310       Legal reserve       360,404       5       360,404       6       316,130       6         3320       Special reserve       89,991       1       89,991       1       76,642       2         3350       Unappropriated earnings       2,327,143       35       2,096,231       34       1,722,892       32         Other equity       6 (17)         3400       Other equity       6 (15)       - ( 14,265)       - ( 114,064)       ( 2)         33,840,471       57       3,565,884       58       3,126,123       59         Significant Commitments or Contingencies       9	3110	Common shares			910,000	13	910,000	15	910,000	17
Retained earnings       6 (16)         3310       Legal reserve       360,404       5       360,404       6       316,130       6         3320       Special reserve       89,991       1       89,991       1       76,642       2         3350       Unappropriated earnings       2,327,143       35       2,096,231       34       1,722,892       32         Other equity       6 (17)         3400       Other equity       ( 15,240)       - ( 14,265)       - ( 114,064)       ( 2)         3XXX       Total equity       3,840,471       57       3,565,884       58       3,126,123       59         Significant Commitments or Contingencies       9		Capital surplus	6 (15)							
3310     Legal reserve     360,404     5     360,404     6     316,130     6       3320     Special reserve     89,991     1     89,991     1     76,642     2       3350     Unappropriated earnings     2,327,143     35     2,096,231     34     1,722,892     32       Other equity     6 (17)       3400     Other equity     ( 15,240)     - ( 14,265)     - ( 114,064)     2)       3XXX     Total equity     3,840,471     57     3,565,884     58     3,126,123     59       Significant Commitments or Contingencies	3200	Capital surplus			168,173	3	123,523	2	214,523	4
3320     Special reserve     89,991     1     89,991     1     76,642     2       3350     Unappropriated earnings     2,327,143     35     2,096,231     34     1,722,892     32       Other equity     6 (17)       3400     Other equity     ( 15,240)     - ( 14,265)     - ( 114,064)     2)       3XXX     Total equity     3,840,471     57     3,565,884     58     3,126,123     59       Significant Commitments or Contingencies		Retained earnings	6 (16)							
3350 Unappropriated earnings Other equity  6 (17)  3400 Other equity  ( 15,240) - ( 14,265) - ( 114,064) ( 2)  3XXX Total equity  Significant Commitments or Contingencies 9	3310	Legal reserve			360,404	5	360,404	6	316,130	6
Other equity 6 (17)  3400 Other equity ( 15,240) - ( 14,265) - ( 114,064) ( 2)  3XXX Total equity 3,840,471 57 3,565,884 58 3,126,123 59  Significant Commitments or Contingencies 9	3320	Special reserve			89,991	1	89,991	1	76,642	2
3400       Other equity       (       15,240)       -       (       14,265)       -       (       114,064)       (       2)         3XXX       Total equity       3,840,471       57       3,565,884       58       3,126,123       59         Significant Commitments or Contingencies       9	3350	Unappropriated earnings			2,327,143	35	2,096,231	34	1,722,892	32
3XXX		Other equity	6 (17)							
Significant Commitments or Contingencies 9	3400	Other equity		(	15,240)		(14,265		(114,064	) (2)
	3XXX	Total equity			3,840,471	57	3,565,884	58	3,126,123	59
3X2X Total liabilities and equity \$ 6,722,667 100 \$ 6,175,845 100 \$ 5,324,489 100		Significant Commitments or Contingencies	9							
	3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	6,722,667	100	\$ 6,175,845	100	\$ 5,324,489	100

# Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

2021 and January 1 to March 31, 2020

(The consolidated statement of comprehensive income is reviewed, but not audited according to the Generally Accepted Auditing Standards)

Unit: NT\$ thousand

(Except Earnings Per Share in New Taiwan Dollars)

				January 1 to March 31, 2021				January 1, to March 31, 2020	)	
	Item	Note		Amount		%	-	Amount		%
4000	Operating revenue	6 (18) and 7	\$	1,374,114		100	\$	876,461		100
5000	Operating costs	6 (3) (21)								
		(22) and 7	(	915,912)	(_	67)	(	596,899)	(_	68)
5900	Gross profit			458,202		33		279,562		32
	Operating expenses	6 (21)								
		(22) and 7								
6100	Selling and marketing expenses		(	96,668)	(	7)	(	63,198)	(	7)
6200	General and administrative expenses		(	76,385)		6)	(	40,521)	(	5)
6300	Research and development expenses		(	32,915)	(	2)	(	23,462)	(	3)
6450	Expected credit impairment gain	12 (2)		<u>-</u>	_			4,226	_	1
6000	Total operating expenses		(	205,968)	(_	<u>15</u> )	(	122,955)	(_	<u>14</u> )
6900	Operating gains			252,234	_	18		156,607		18
	Non-operating income and expenses									
7100	Interest income			1,109		-		546		-
7010	Other income	6 (19) and 7		19,022		2		1,556		-
7020	Other gains and losses	6 (20)		1,069		-		12,718		2
7050	Financial costs	6 (8) (9)								
		(11)	(	2,269)	_		(	3,576)		
7000	Total non-operating incomes and									
	expenses			18,931	_	2		11,244		2
7900	Income before income tax			271,165		20		167,851		20
7950	Income tax expenses	6 (23)	(	40,253)	(_	3)	(	25,247)	(_	3)
8200	Net profit (loss) for current period		\$	230,912	_	17	\$	142,604	_	17
	Other comprehensive income (loss), net of income tax									
	Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	6 (17)								
8316	Unrealized gain (loss) on investments in equity instruments at fair value	6 (4)								
	through other comprehensive income		\$	13,081		1	(\$	8,414)	(	1)
8310	Total components of other				_				`	
	comprehensive income that will not be									
	reclassified to profit or loss			13,081		1	(	8,414)	(	1)
	Items that may be reclassified	6 (17)								
	subsequently to profit or loss									
8361	Exchange differences on translating									
	the financial statements of foreign									
	operations		(	14,056)	(	1)	(	15,659)	(	2)
8360	Total of items that may be reclassified		<u> </u>	_				_		·
	subsequently to profit or loss		(	14,056)	(	1)	(	15,659)	(	2)
8300	Other comprehensive income (loss), net									
	of income tax		(\$	975)		-	(\$	24,073)	(	3)
8500	Total comprehensive income (loss) for the				_					
	current period		\$	229,937		17	\$	118,531		14
	Net income attributable to:				_			<u> </u>		
8610	shareholders of the parent		\$	230,912		17	\$	142,604		17
0010	Total comprehensive income (loss)		Ψ	230,712	_	1 /	Ψ	172,007	_	
	attributable to:									
8710	shareholders of the parent		\$	229,937		17	\$	118,531		14
0,10	shareholders of the parent		Ψ	227,731	_	1 /	Ψ	110,551	_	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements; please refer to them altogether.

# Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

# 2021 and January 1 to March 31, 2020

(The consolidated statement of comprehensive income is reviewed, but not audited according to the Generally Accepted Auditing Standards)

Unit: NT\$ thousand

(Except Earnings Per Share in New Taiwan Dollars)

	Earnings per share (EPS)	6 (24)			
9750	Basic earnings per share attributable t	o			
	shareholders of the parent		\$ 2.54	\$	1.57
9850	Diluted earnings per share attributable	e to	_	•	
	shareholders of the parent		\$ 2.53	\$	1.55

#### Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

2021 and January 1 to March 31, 2020
(The consolidated statement of comprehensive income is reviewed, but not audited according to the Generally Accepted Auditing Standards)

Unit: NT\$ thousand

						Equity attributal	ble to sharehold	ers of the parent					
	_		-		al surplus			Retained earnin	igs	Other	equity		
	Note	Common shares	Capital surplus - additional paid-in capital	Capital surplus - Recognized change in ownership interests in subsidiaries	Capital surplus - net assets from merger	Capital surplus - employee stock options	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated earnings	Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations	Unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Tot	al equity
January 1 to March 31, 2020													
Balance at January 1, 2020		\$ 910,000	\$ 200,124	\$ 12,353	\$ 2,046	\$ -	\$ 316,130	\$ 76,642	\$ 1,580,288	(\$ 214,279 )	\$ 124,288	\$	3,007,592
Net Profit from January 1 to March 31, 2020		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	142,604	-	-		142,604
Other Comprehensive Gains & Losses from January 1 to March 6 ( 31, 2020	(17)					<del>_</del>				(15,659_)	(8,414_)	(	24,073 )
Total Comprehensive Profits & Losses from January 1 to March 31, 2020 $$									142,604	(15,659_)	(8,414_)		118,531
Balance on March 31, 2020		\$ 910,000	\$ 200,124	\$ 12,353	\$ 2,046	<u>-</u>	\$ 316,130	\$ 76,642	\$ 1,722,892	(\$ 229,938 )	\$ 115,874	\$	3,126,123
January 1 to March 31, 2021													
Balance as of January 1, 2021		\$ 910,000	\$ 109,124	\$ 12,353	\$ 2,046	\$	\$ 360,404	\$ 89,991	\$ 2,096,231	(\$ 180,156)	\$ 165,891	\$	3,565,884
Net income for January 1 to March 31, 2021		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	230,912	-	-		230,912
Other comprehensive income for January 1 to March 31, 2021 6 (	(17)		<del>-</del>							(14,056_)	13,081	(	975 )
Total comprehensive income for January 1 to March 31, 2021		<del>-</del>			<del></del>				230,912	(14,056_)	13,081		229,937
Compensation costs - the portion of common shares issuance reserved for employee subscription 6 (	(13)					44,650							44,650
Balance as of March 31, 2021		\$ 910,000	\$ 109,124	\$ 12,353	\$ 2,046	\$ 44,650	\$ 360,404	\$ 89,991	\$ 2,327,143	(\$ 194,212 )	\$ 178,972	\$	3,840,471

# $\underline{Consolidated\ Statement\ of\ Cash\ Flow}$

2021 and January 1 to March 31, 2020

(The consolidated statement of comprehensive income is reviewed, but not audited according to the Generally Accepted Auditing Standards)

Unit: NT\$ thousand

	Note		anuary 1 arch 31, 2021	January 1 to March 31, 2020		
Cash Flow from Operating Activities						
Income before income tax		\$	271,165	\$	167,851	
Adjustments						
Adjustments for income and expenses						
Expected credit impairment reversal gain	12 (2)		-	(	4,226 )	
Depreciation (including right-of-use assets)	6 (21)		83,928		75,489	
Amortization	6 (21)		627		313	
Gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6 (20)	(	25 )	(	36)	
Interest income		(	1,109)	(	546)	
Interest expenses			2,269		3,576	
Compensation costs - share-based payments	6 (13)		44,650		-	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities						
Changes in operating assets, net changes						
Notes receivable			1,171	(	2,956)	
Accounts Receivable		(	229,346)		9,466	
Accounts receivable due from related parties		(	26,263 )	(	7,267)	
Other receivables		(	20,031 )	(	433 )	
Inventory		(	8,486 )	(	31,026)	
Pre-payments		(	16,560)		13,499	
Other current assets			6	(	19)	
Changes in operating liabilities, net						
Notes payable		(	583 )	(	26,707)	
Accounts payable			50,224	(	27,402 )	
Accounts payables to related parties		(	592)		5,609	
Other payables		(	8,647 )		5,885	
Net defined benefit liabilities			70		62	
Other non-current liabilities		(	599 )	(	637 )	
Cash generated from operating activities			141,869		180,495	
Interest paid		(	2,269 )	(	3,576)	
Income taxes paid		(	4,324 )			
Net cash inflow from operating activities			135,276		176,919	

(Continued)

# Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow

2021 and January 1 to March 31, 2020

(The consolidated statement of comprehensive income is reviewed, but not audited according to the Generally Accepted Auditing Standards)

Unit: NT\$ thousand

	Note		anuary 1 arch 31, 2021	Januar	y 1 to March 31, 2020
Cash Flow from Investment Activities					
Interests received		\$	1,109	\$	546
Increase in financial assets measured at amortized cost			-	(	30,225)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6 (24)	(	134,762 )	(	43,368 )
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment			25		36
Acquisition of intangible assets		(	2,400 )		-
Increase in other non-current assets		(	40,359 )	(	4,722 )
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(	176,387 )	(	77,733 )
Cash Flow from Financing Activities					
Increase in short-term borrowings			684,360		580,113
Repayments for short-term borrowings		(	695,299 )	(	567,400 )
Increase (decrease) in short-term bills payable		(	20,000 )		20,000
Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities		(	1,473 )	(	870 )
Increase in long-term borrowings			-		30,000
Repayment for long-term borrowings		(	8,000 )	(	52,429 )
Net cash generated from (used in) financing					
activities		(	40,412 )		9,414
Exchange rate adjustments		(	6,057 )	(	4,258 )
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents for the period		(	87,580 )		104,342
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning balance			767,619		582,212
Cash and cash equivalents - ending balance		\$	680,039	\$	686,554

# Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

2021 and the First Quarter of 2020

(The consolidated statement of comprehensive income is reviewed, but not audited according to the Generally Accepted Auditing Standards)

Unit: NT\$ thousand (unless otherwise specified)

#### I. Company History and Business Scope

Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics (hereinafter referred to as the "Company") was incorporated on November 2, 1992. The Company and its subsidiaries (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Group") mainly engages in manufacturing and processing of electronic parts, magnet cores, multilayer wire-wound and other wire-wound products and acts as an agent for domestic and foreign companies in terms of quotation, bidding, distribution and import and export of the said products. The Company's shares were listed on Taipei Exchange for trading on April 27, 2021.

II. Approval Date and Procedure of the Financial Statements

The Consolidated Financial Statements has passed the board of directors resolution and were published on May 4, 2021.

- III. Application of New Standards, Amendments and Interpretations
  - (I) Effect of adoption of the newly issued or amended International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS),

    International Accounting Standards (IAS), Interpretations of IFRS (IFRIC), and Interpretations of SIC (SIC)

    (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "IFRSs") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory

    Commission (FSC)

New standards, interpretations, and amendments endorsed by FSC effective from 2021 are as follows:

Effective date announced

New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations

by IASB

Extension of the Temporary Exemption from Applying IFRS 9 (Amendments to IFRS 4) January 1, 2021

Amendments to the IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4, and IFRS 16
"Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - Phase 2."

January 1, 2021

Amendment to IFRS 16: Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 April 1, 2021 (Note) Note: The FSC permits early application starting from January 1, 2021.

The Group has assessed the aforementioned standards and interpretations and concluded that they do not have significant effects on the Group's financial position and financial performance.

(II) Effects of Not Adopting the Newly Issued or Amended IFRSs Endorsed by the FSC

None.

(III) Effects of the IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards and interpretations of and amendments to the IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

Effective date announced

New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations

Reference to the Conceptual Framework (Amendments to IFRS 3)

by IASB January 1, 2022

Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28	Yet to be decided by IASB
"Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture"	
IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of liabilities as current or non-current"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1 "Disclosure of Accounting Policy"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8 "Definition of Accounting Estimates"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 16 "Property, plant and equipment:	January 1, 2022
price before reaching intended use"	
Amendments to IAS 37 "Onerous contract - costs incurred in fulfilling contracts"	January 1, 2022
Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018 - 2020 Cycle	January 1, 2022

The Group has assessed the aforementioned standards and interpretations and concluded that they do not have significant effects on the Group's financial position and financial performance.

#### IV. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented unless otherwise stated.

#### (I) Statement of Compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC.

#### (II) Basis of Preparation

- 1. Except for the following significant accounts, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
  - (1) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
  - (2) Defined benefit liabilities recognized based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.
- 2. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), Interpretations of IFRS (IFRIC), and Interpretations of SIC (SIC) (collectively referred to hereinafter as the "IFRSs") requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

#### (III) Basis of Consolidation

- 1. Principles for preparing the consolidated financial statements
  - (1) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries in the financial statements begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
  - (2) Inter-company transactions, balances, and unrealized gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- 2. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

#### Shareholding percentage

Investor name The Company	Subsidiary name North Star International Limited	Business nature Buying and selling of electronic components	2021 March 31 100%	2020 December 31 100%	2020 March 31 100%	Remarks
The Company	Best Bliss Investments Limited	Invested business	100%	100%	100%	
Best Bliss Investments Limited	TAI-TECH Advanced dElectronics (Kunshan	-	100%	100%	100%	
Best Bliss Investments Limited	Fixed Rock Holding dLtd.	Invested business	100%	100%	100%	
Best Bliss Investments Limited	TAIPAQ Electronic dComponents (Si- Hong) Co., Ltd.	Production, processing and sale of electronic components	7.71%	7.71%	7.71%	
Fixed Rock Holding Ltd.	g TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si- Hong) Co., Ltd.	Production, processing and sale of electronic components	92.29%	92.29%	92.29%	

3. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements

None.

4. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different accounting periods

None.

#### 5. Major restrictions

Cash and short-term deposits of RMB¥90,533 thousand are deposited in mainland China and are subject to local exchange control. Such foreign exchange control restricts fund from remitting out from China (except for regular dividends).

6. Subsidiaries with significant non-controlling interest for the Group

None.

#### (IV) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (hereinafter referred to as the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in "New Taiwan Dollars," which is the Group's functional currency.

- 1. Foreign currency transactions and balance
  - (1) Foreign currency derived from transactions was translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rate prevailing on the measurement date or the trade date, with the resulting exchange difference recognized as gain or loss.
  - (2) The balance of monetary assets or liabilities denominated in foreign currency is adjusted by the exchange

rate prevailing at the balance sheet date, with the resulting differences recognized as gain or loss.

(3) Non-monetary assets or liabilities denominated in foreign currency are adjusted by the spot exchange rate on the balance sheet date, with the resulting difference recognized in profit or loss if they are measured at fair value through profit or loss, or in other comprehensive income if they are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. If they are not measured at fair value, they are measured by applying the historical exchange rate on the transaction date.

#### 2. Translation of foreign operations financial statements

The results and financial position of entities within the Group whose functional currency is not the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency using the following procedures:

- (1) Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet:
- (2) Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income (including comparatives) are translated at the average exchange rates for the period; and
- (3) All resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

#### (V) Classification of Current and Non-current Assets and Liabilities

- 1. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets:
  - (1) Assets that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
  - (2) They are held primarily for trading.
  - (3) Assets that are expected to be realized within 12 months after the balance sheet date.
  - (4) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding those that are restricted, or to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities at least twelve months after the balance sheet date.

Assets that do not meet the above criteria are classified as non-current assets by the Group.

- 2. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities:
  - (1) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle.
  - (2) They are held primarily for trading.
  - (3) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within 12 months after the balance sheet date.
  - (4) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than 12 months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its transactions by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Liabilities that do not meet the above criteria are classified as non-current liabilities by the Group.

#### (VI) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that fit the said definition and are intended to meet short-term operating cash commitments are classified as cash equivalents.

#### (VII) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

- 1. It means the Group made an irrevocable election upon initial recognition to recognize the fair value changes in equity instruments not held for trading at other comprehensive income.
- 2. The Group's financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income according to the trading conventions are accounted for on the trade date.
- 3. They are measured initially at the fair value plus transaction costs and subsequently at fair value. If they are equity instruments, their fair value changes are recognized in other comprehensive income; upon derecognition, the accumulated gains or losses in other comprehensive income are not transferred to profit or loss, but to retained earnings. The Group recognizes dividend income in profit or loss when (a) the Group's right to the dividends is established; (b) the economic benefits associated with dividends are probable to flow to the Group; and (c) such dividends can be reliably measured.

#### (VIII) Financial assets at amortized cost

- 1. Financial assets that simultaneously satisfy the following criteria are classified in this category:
  - (1) The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows.
  - (2) The contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified date to cash flow that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- 2. The Group recognizes its time deposits not qualified as cash equivalents at the investment amount because they are held for a short period of time and so have insignificant discount effect.

#### (IX) Accounts Receivables and Notes Receivables

- 1. Accounts receivable and notes receivable denote that the Group has unconditional right to the consideration, in the form of receivables or notes, for the goods and services transferred.
- 2. The Group measures short-term accounts receivable and notes receivables that do not bear an interest at the invoice value because they have insignificant discount effect.

#### (X) Impairment of Financial Assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group considers financial assets at amortized cost, investments in debt instruments that are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, and receivables (including significant financial components) and takes into consideration all reasonable and supporting information (including the forward-looking information). For financial assets of which the credit risk does not significantly increase since initial recognition, the Group recognizes an allowance equal to 12-month expected credit losses; for financial assets of which the credit risk significantly increases since initial recognition, the Group recognizes an allowance equal to the lifetime expected credit loss; for accounts receivables that do not contain significant financial components or plan assets, the Group recognizes an allowance equal to the lifetime expected credit loss.

#### (XI) Derecognition of Financial Assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset expire.

#### (XII) Inventory

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labor, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated based on normal operating capacity), excluding borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and applicable variable selling expenses.

#### (XIII) Property, plant and equipment

- 1. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalized.
- 2. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repair and maintenance is recognized in profit or loss when accrued.
- 3. Property, plant and equipment are subsequently measured at cost. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Property, plant and equipment are depreciated individually if they contain any significant components.
- 4. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each end of reporting year. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors," from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Building and structures $5\sim50$  yearsMachinery $2\sim17$  yearsUtilities equipment $5\sim15$  yearsTransportation equipment $4\sim5$  yearsOffice equipment $4\sim10$  yearsOther equipment $2\sim12$  years

#### (XIV) Lease Transactions of a Lessee - Right-of-use Assets/Lease Liabilities

- 1. The Group recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases at the date when they are available for the Group's use. Low-value assets and short-term leases are recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease period.
- 2. The Group measures its lease liability at commencement date by discounting future lease payments using its incremental borrowing interest rate. Lease payments include:

Fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable that are measured in subsequent periods using the effective interest rate method and amortized over the lease term. When a change in lease payments occurs not due to contract modification, lease liability will be remeasured, with such remeasurements adjusted to right-of-use assets.

- 3. Right-of-use assets are recognized at costs at the inception of the lease. Cost includes:
  - (1) The initial lease liability measured;
  - (2) Lease payments made before or at the inception of the lease;
  - (3) Any original direct costs incurred.

Right-of-use assets are subsequently measured at costs. Depreciation of right-of-use assets is recognized at the earlier of the end of the useful life and the end of the lease term. When a lease liability is remeasured, the Group adjusts the right-of-use asset for any remeasurements.

## (XV) Intangible assets

1. Computer software

Computer software is measured at the acquisition cost and amortized using the straight-line method over its estimated useful life of 2-5 years.

2. Goodwill

Goodwill results from mergers or acquisition.

#### (XVI) Impairment of Financial Assets

- 1. The Group assesses at the end of reporting period the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is an asset's fair value less costs to sell or its value in use, whichever is higher. When there is an indication that the impairment loss recognized in prior years for an asset other than goodwill decreases or no long exists, the impairment loss is reversed to the extent of the loss previously recognized in profit or loss. However, the increased carrying amount of an asset other than goodwill attributable to a reversal of an impairment loss shall not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of amortization or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years.
- 2. The Group regularly measures the recoverable amount of goodwill, intangible assets with uncertain useful life and intangible assets not available for use. Impairment is recognized when the recoverable amount is lower than the carrying amount. Impairment of goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

#### (XVII) Borrowings

Borrowings mean short- and long-term loans borrowed from banks. Borrowings are initially recognized at the fair value less any transaction costs, and subsequently at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognized in profit or loss over the borrowing period using the effective interest rate method.

#### (XVIII) Accounts Receivables and Notes Receivables

- 1. Accounts receivable and notes receivable are the debt incurred by credit purchase of raw materials, goods, or services and the notes receivables incurred by operating and non-operating activities.
- 2. The Group measures short-term accounts receivable and notes receivable that do not bear an interest at the invoice value because they have insignificant discount effect.

#### (XIX) <u>Derecognition of Financial Liabilities</u>

The Group derecognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, canceled, or they expire.

#### (XX) Employee benefits

#### 1. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognized as expenses in that period when the employees render service.

#### 2. Pension

#### (1) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognized as pension expenses when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent of a cash refund from the plan or a reduction in future contributions to the plan.

#### (2) Defined benefit plans

- A. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior period. The liability recognized in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The discount rate is determined by using the interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) of a currency and term consistent with the currency and term of the defined benefit plans. If there is no deep market in such bonds in a country, the discount rate shall be the market yields on government bonds.
- B. Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plans are recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.
- C. Past service costs are recognized immediately in profit or loss.
- D. The pension cost of interim period is calculated based on the pension cost actuarially determined according to the end date of the previous fiscal year for the period from the beginning of the year to the end of the period. In case where there is any material market fluctuation or material reduction, repayment or other material one-time events after the end date, adjustments are made and relevant information is disclosed according to the aforementioned policy.

#### 3. Employee compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration

Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognized as expenses and liabilities, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligations and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the amount accrued and the amount actually distributed is accounted for as a change in accounting estimate. When employee compensation is appropriated in shares, the basis for calculating the number of shares shall be the closing price at the date before the date the Board of Directors resolves on the appropriation.

# (XXI) Employees share-based payments

For the equity-settled share-based payment arrangements, the employee services received are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date and are recognized as compensation cost over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to equity. The fair value of the equity instruments granted shall

reflect the impact of market vesting conditions and non-market vesting conditions. Compensation cost is subject to adjustment based on the service conditions that are expected to be satisfied and the estimates of the number of equity instruments that are expected to vest under the non-market vesting conditions at each balance sheet date. Ultimately, the amount of compensation cost recognized is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

# (XXII) Income tax

- 1. The tax expense comprises current tax and deferred income tax. Tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or items recognized directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity.
- 2. The current income tax charge is calculated by applying the taxable income to the tax rate specified in the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Group operates. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. Where appropriate, management also estimate income tax liabilities based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- 3. Deferred income tax is recognized, using the balance sheets liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheets. If there is a temporary difference arising from investing in a subsidiary, the Group can control the timing of the temporary difference, and the temporary difference is likely to not be recognized in the foreseeable future. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realized or the deferred tax liability is settled.
- 4. Deferred income tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. At each balance sheet date, unrecognized and recognized deferred income tax assets are reassessed.
- 5. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.
- 6. A deferred income tax asset shall be recognized for the carryforward of unused tax credits resulting from acquisitions of equipment or technology, research and development expenditures and equity investments to the extent that it is possible that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilized.
- 7. The tax expense of interim period is calculated based on the estimated annual average effective tax rate applied to the income before tax up to the interim period and relevant information is disclosed according to the aforementioned policy.
- 8. When there is tax rate change occurred during the interim period, the Group recognizes the change impact at once during the period of occurrence. Items related to the income tax not recognized in profit or loss, the change impact is recognized in the other comprehensive income or equity item. For items related to the income tax recognized in profit or loss, the change impact is recognized in profit or loss.

#### (XXIII) Share capital

Common shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are recognized in equity as a deduction from the proceeds.

#### (XXIV) Dividends appropriation

Dividends appropriated to shareholders of the Company are recognized on the date the shareholders' meeting resolves on such appropriation. Appropriation in cash is recognized as liability.

#### (XXV) Recognition of revenue

Sale of goods

- 1. The Group manufactures and sells electronic parts, magnet cores, multilayer wire-wound and other wire-wound products. Sales revenue is recognized when the control of products is transferred to clients, i.e., when products are delivered to clients to be handled at their discretion and the Group has no unperformed further obligation that may impact clients from accepting the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the clients and either the clients have accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
- 2. A receivable is recognized when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before payment is due.

#### (XXVI) Government grants

Government grants are recognized at their fair value only when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with any conditions attached to the grants and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognized in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognizes expenses for the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Government grants related to property, plant and equipment are recognized as non-current liabilities and are amortized to profit or loss over the estimated useful lives of the related assets using the straight-line method.

#### (XXVII) Operating segments

The information on operating segments is reported in a manner consistent with the way the internal management report is provided to management. The key operating decision makers are responsible for allocating resources to operating segments and evaluate their performance. The Group identifies the Board of Directors as its key operating decision markers.

#### V. Significant Account Judgments and Assumptions and Primary Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

When preparing this consolidated financial statement, management has exercised their professional judgment to determine the accounting policies to be applied and made accounting estimates and assumptions based on reasonable expectation as to how future events will hold for the circumstances that exist on the balance sheets date. The significant accounting estimates and assumptions being made may deviate from the actual outcomes and will be consistently measured and adjusted in accordance with historical experience and for other factors. Such estimates and assumptions may lead to the risk of significant adjustment being made to the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities on the balance sheet. Significant accounting judgments and the uncertainty in accounting estimates and assumptions are stated below:

## (I) Significant Judgments in Applying Accounting Policies

None.

# (II) Significant Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

Since inventory is measured at the lower of costs and the net realizable value, the Group needs to exercise judgment and estimates to determine the net realizable value of inventory at the balance sheet date. Since the value of inventory is subject to market price fluctuation and its lifetime, the Group evaluates the market selling price and value lost due to obsolescence of inventory at the balance sheet date, and writes down inventory costs to net realization value. Being based on the demands for products in a future period, the valuation estimate may significantly change.

As of March 31, 2021, the carrying amount of the Group's inventories is \$596,788.

#### VI. Description of Significant Accounts

# (I) <u>Cash and cash equivalents</u>

	March 31, 2021		Decen	nber 31, 2020	March 31, 2020		
Cash on hand and revolving funds	\$	1,170	\$	2,133	\$	893	
Checking deposits and demand deposits		534,466		665,658		579,873	
Time deposits		144,403		99,828		105,788	
Total	\$	680,039	\$	767,619	\$	686,554	

- 1. Since the Group corresponds with multiple financial institutions with good credit quality to diversify credit risks, the risk of default is expected to be low.
- 2. The Group did not pledge any cash and cash equivalents as collaterals.
- 3. As of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020, and March 31, 2020, the Group recognized \$166,745, \$167,040, and \$30,225, respectively, for time deposits originally due within three months that are presented as "financial assets measured at amortized cost current."

## (II) Notes and Accounts Receivable

	March 31, 2021		Dec	ember 31, 2020	March 31, 2020		
Notes receivable	\$	27,735	_\$	28,906	\$	56,182	
Accounts Receivable	\$	1,873,428	\$	1,640,982	\$	1,268,407	
Less: Allowance for bad debt	(	1,747)	(	1,753)	(	12,135)	
Allowance for sales returns and discounts	(	4,866)	(	1,766)			
	\$	1,866,815	_\$	1,637,463	\$	1,256,272	
Accounts receivable due from related parties	\$	141,143	\$	114,880	\$	102,552	
Less: Allowance for bad debt	(	89)	(	89)	(	584)	
	_\$	141,054	_\$	114,791	\$	101,968	

1. The aging analysis of accounts receivable and notes receivable is as follows:

	March 31, 2021		December 31, 2020		March 31, 2020					
	Accounts Receivable	Notes receivable	Accounts Receivable	Notes receivable	Accounts Receivable	Notes receivable				
Not yet due	\$1,995,080	\$ 27,735	\$1,745,811	\$ 28,906	\$1,352,197	\$ 56,182				
Within 30 days	16,758	-	9,595	-	17,873	-				
31~90 days	2,733	-	456	-	889	-				
91~180 days	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Over 181 days	<u>=</u>		<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>				
	\$2,014,571	\$ 27,735	\$1,755,862	\$ 28,906	\$1,370,959	\$ 56,182				

The above aging analysis is based on the number of days past due.

- 2. The accounts and notes receivables as of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020, and March 31, 2020 all came from contracts with clients. In addition, the accounts receivable arising from contracts with clients as of January 1, 2020 was \$1,426,384.
- 3. Without considering the collaterals or other credit enhancements held, the amounts most representative of the credit risk exposed to the Group's notes receivable as of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020, and March 31, 2020 were \$27,735, \$28,906, and \$56,182, respectively, and the amounts most representative of the credit risk exposed to the Group's accounts receivable as of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020 were \$2,007,869, \$1,752,254, and \$1,358,240, respectively.
- 4. On March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020, and March 31, 2020, the Group paid \$0, \$0, and \$8,096 in bills receivable, respectively. If the invoicer refuses to pay when it is due, the Group is obliged to pay it off. But under normal circumstances, the Group does not expect the invoicer to refuse to pay. Therefore, the part where the Group paid the loan with bills receivable is still listed as accounts payable.
- 5. Credit risks associated with accounts receivable and notes receivable are stated in Note 12(2).

# (III) Inventory

	March 3	31, 2021				
	Cost		Allowance f	for inventory valuation	Carryi	ng amount
Raw materials	\$	140,897	(\$	10,851)	\$	130,046
Supplies		24,307	(	2,089)		22,218
Work in process		226,541	(	7,911)		218,630
Finished products		203,987	(	11,344)		192,643
Goods		36,798	(	3,547)		33,251
Total	\$	632,530	(\$	35,742)	\$	596,788
	Decemb	per 31, 2020	_			
	Cost		Allowance f	or inventory valuation	Carryi	ng amount
Raw materials	\$	114,669	(\$	9,928)	\$	104,741
Supplies		19,092	(	2,142)		16,950
Work in progress		217,500	(	9,253)		208,247
Finished products		223,335	(	13,328)		210,007
Goods		52,093	_(	3,736)		48,357
Total		626,689	_(\$	38,387)	\$	588,302
	March 3	31, 2020				
	Cost		Allowance f	or inventory valuation	Carryi	ng amount
Raw materials	\$	84,970	(\$	8,333)	\$	76,637
C1'		20.120				20.120

Supplies 20,128 20,128 Work in process 236,277 11,845) 224,432 Finished products 196,760 12,095) 184,665 Goods 38,824 3,911) 34,913 Total \$ 576,959 (\$ \_\$\_ 540,775 36,184)

1. The inventory costs recognized as expenses by the Group in this period:

	<u>January</u> 1	to March 31, 2021	January 1	to March 31, 2020
Cost of inventory sold	\$	917,080	\$	589,513
Gain from price recovery of inventory	(	2,515)	(	2,221)
Others		1,347		9,607
	_\$	915,912	_\$	596,899

The net realizable value increased due to a constant digestion of inventory for 2021 and from January 1 to March 31, 2020.

2. The Group did not pledge any inventory as collaterals.

# (IV) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

	<u>M</u>	arch 31, 2021	<u>Decei</u>	mber 31, 2020	Marc	eh 31, 2020
Non-current:						
Equity instruments						
Shares listed on the stock exchange or the OTC market Shares not traded on the stock exchange, the OTC market,	\$	7,156	\$	7,156	\$	7,534
or the emerging stock market		18,836		18,800		19,951
		25,992		25,956		27,485
Adjustments for change in value		178,972		165,891		115,875
Total	\$	204,964	\$	191,847	\$	143,360

- 1. The Group's choice will be a strategic investment in the shares of All Ring Tech Co., Ltd. and Superworld Holding (S) PTE. LTD. shares are categorized as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI), and the fair value of such investment as of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020, and March 31, 2020 were amounted to \$204,964, \$191,847, and \$143,360, respectively.
- 2. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income recognized in profit and loss/comprehensive income are as follows:

	January 1 to Marc	h 31, 2021	January 1 to March 31, 20					
Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income								
Changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive gains or losses	\$	13,081	<u>(\$</u>	8,414)				

- 3. Without considering the collateral held or other credit enhancements, the most representative of the financial assets held by the Group measured at FVTOCI. The amounts of risk exposures with the largest credit risks on March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020, and March 31, 2020 were NT\$204,964, NT\$191,847, and NT\$143,360, respectively.
- 4. The Group did not pledge any financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income as collaterals.

# (V) Property, plant and equipment

2021

		<u>Land</u>	<u>B</u>	uildings and structures	_	Machinery	<u>Utilit</u>	ies equipme		ansportation equipment		ce equipment	<u>Ot</u>	her equipment	con equi	Unfinished nstruction and ipment pendinor inspection		<u>Total</u>
January 1																		
Cost Accumulated depreciation and	\$	96,495	\$	507,421	\$	3,853,572	\$	19,443	\$	9,544	\$	40,702	\$	211,387	\$	72,486	\$	4,811,050
impairment			(	205,217)	(	1,873,639)		15,069)	(	7,113)	(	28,919)	(	141,222)		<u>-</u>	(	2,271,179)
	\$	96,495	_\$	302,204	_\$	1,979,933	\$	4,374	_\$	2,431	_\$	11,783	_\$_	70,165	_\$_	72,486	_\$_	2,539,871
January 1	\$	96,495	\$	302,204	\$	1,979,933	\$	4,374	\$	2,431	\$	11,783	\$	70,165	\$	72,486	\$	2,539,871
Addition		-		1,269		11,269		-		-		174		11,491		336,323		360,526
Disposal		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Reclassification		-		-		290,610		-		-		1,140		3,617	(	295,367)		-
Depreciation expenses		-	(	5,887)	(	67,870)	(	193)	(	338)	(	883)	(	7,147)		-	(	82,318)
Net exchange differences			(	1,352)	(	5,928)	(	1)	(	2)		29)	(	236)	(	434)	(	7,982)
March 31	\$	96,495	_\$_	296,234	_\$_	2,208,014	_\$	4,180	_\$	2,091	_\$	12,185	_\$_	77,890	\$	113,008	_\$_	2,810,097
March 31																		
Cost Accumulated depreciation and	\$	96,495	\$	506,691	\$	4,144,355	\$	19,439	\$	9,096	\$	41,823	\$	225,743	\$	113,008	\$	5,156,650
impairment			(	210,457)		1,936,341)	(	15,259)	(	7,005)		29,638)	(	147,853)			(	2,346,553)
	_\$	96,495	_\$_	296,234	_\$_	2,208,014	\$	4,180	_\$_	2,091	_\$	12,185	_\$_	77,890	_\$_	113,008	_\$_	2,810,097

2020

	<u>Land</u>		Buildings and structures	_	Machinery		<u>Utilities</u> <u>equipment</u>	<u>T</u>	ransportation equipment		ice equipme	nt Ot	her equipme		nstruction and equipment pending for inspection	d	<u>Total</u>
January 1																	
Cost	\$ 96,49	5 \$	500,337	\$	3,568,526	\$	19,597	\$	9,453	\$	35,251	\$	174,702	\$	21,374	\$	4,425,735
Accumulated depreciation and impairment		_ (	180,245)	<u>(</u>	1,637,091)	(	14,458)	(	5,705)	(	26,817)	(	117,212)			(	1,981,528)
	\$ 96,49	<u>5</u> <u>\$</u>	320,092	<u>\$</u>	1,931,435	\$	5,139	<u>\$</u>	3,748	<u>\$</u>	8,434	<u>\$</u>	57,490	\$	21,374	<u>\$</u>	2,444,207
January 1	\$ 96,49	5 \$	320,092	\$	1,931,435	\$	5,139	\$	3,748	\$	8,434	\$	57,490	\$	21,374	\$	2,444,207
Addition		_	-		10,128		-		-		212		2,260		8,271		20,871
Disposal		_	-		-		-		-		-		-		<del>_</del>		-
Reclassification		_	-		9,096		-		-		-		145	(	9,241)		-
Depreciation expenses		_ (	5,806)	(	61,574)	(	192)	(	341)	(	642)	(	5,891)		<del>_</del>	(	74,446)
Net exchange differences		_ (	2,029)	_	8,112)	<u>(</u>	2)	<u>(</u>	5)	<u>(</u>	36)	<u>(</u>	280)	_	99)		10,563)
March 31	\$ 96,49	<u>5</u> <u>\$</u>	312,257	<u>\$</u>	1,880,973	\$	4,945	\$	3,402	\$	7,968	\$	53,724	\$	20,305	<u>\$</u>	2,380,069

Unfinished

# March 31

Cost	\$ 96,495	\$	497,540	\$	3,574,832	\$ 19,593	\$	9,428	\$	35,330	\$	176,037	\$ 20,305	\$	4,429,560
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	 	(	185,283)	(	1,693,859)	 14,648)	(	6,026)	(	27,362)		122,313)		(	2,049,491)
	\$ 96,495	\$	312,257	\$	1,880,973	\$ 4,945	\$	3,402	\$	7,968	_\$_	53,724	\$ 20,305	\$	2,380,069

- 1. The amount of interest capitalization for 2021 and from January 1 to March 31, 2021 was \$0.
- 2. The Group's significant components of buildings and structures, including buildings and engineering systems, are depreciated over 20~50 years and 5~20 years, respectively.
- 3. For information on pledged property, plant and equipment, refer to Note 8.

#### (VI) Lease transactions - lessee

- 1. The underlying assets of the Group's lease include land use right, parking space, buildings, company cars and multi-function peripherals. The lease duration usually lasts 1 to 50 years. Lease contracts are agreed upon individually and contain different terms and conditions. Except for land use right, leased assets shall not be used as collaterals and are not restricted in any way.
- 2. The lease term of the buildings and warehouses leased by the Group is less than 12 months. The low-value underlying asset of the Group's lease is the electronic host for business use.
- 3. The information on the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset and the recognized depreciation expense is as follows:

	Marc	March 31, 2021		mber 31, 2020	Marc	h 31, 2020
	Carry	Carrying amount		ing amount	Carry	ing amount
Right-of-use land	\$	28,418	\$	28,739	\$	28,598
Parking space		381		508		-
Buildings		11,445		3,596		4,712
Transportation equipment		1,724		2,079		3,255
Machinery and equipment		1,192		1,289		866
	_\$	43,160	\$	36,211	\$	37,431

	January 1 to 1	March 31, 2021	January 1 to March 31, 2020				
	Depreciation	expenses	Depreciation	n expenses_			
Right-of-use land	\$	174	\$	172			
Parking space		127	\$	-			
Buildings		856		372			
Transportation equipment		355		394			
Machinery and equipment		98		104			
	_ \$	1,610	\$	1,042			

4. Profit or loss items in relation to lease contracts are as follows:

_	January 1 to March 31, 2021	January 1 t	o March 31, 2020
Items that affect profit or loss		•	
Expenses attributable to short-term lease contracts	\$ 3,642	\$	2,624
Expenses attributable to low-value assets	16		16

- 5. The Group's right-of-use asset increased by \$8,705 and \$0 for 2021 and from January 1 to March 31, 2020, respectively.
- 6. The Group's cash used in lease contracts increased by \$5,131 and \$3,510 for 2021 and from January 1 to March 31, 2020, respectively.

# (VII) Other non-current assets

	March	n 31, 2021	Decer	nber 31, 2020	March 31, 2020		
Refundable deposits	\$	2,584	\$	1,917	\$	2,095	
Prepayments for construction and equipment		78,711		39,019		7,385	

Uncollectible overdue receivables		1,252		1,252		1,252
Allowance for uncollectible overdue receivables(	(	1,252)	(	1,252)	(	1,252)
_	\$	81,295	\$	40,936	\$	9,480

## (VIII) Short-term borrowings

Nature of borrowings Bank loan	March 31	, 2021	Interest rate range	Collaterals
Secured loan	\$	50,000	0.94%	Land and plant
Credit loan	\$	636,898 686,898	0.71%~0.95%	-
Nature of borrowings	December	r 31, 2020	Interest rate range	Collaterals
Bank loan Secured loan	\$	50,000	0.94%	Land and plant
Credit loan		647,535	0.64%~0.95%	-
	\$	697,535		
Nature of borrowings	March 31	, 2020	Interest rate range	<u>Collaterals</u>
Bank loan Secured loan	\$	40,000	1.06%	Land and plant
Credit loan		620,418	0.88%~1.51%	-
	\$	660,418		

For 2021 and from January 1 to March 31, 2020, the interest expenses incurred by short-term borrowings recognized in income were \$1,402 and \$2,478, respectively.

# (IX) Short-term notes and bills payable

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020	
Commercial paper	\$ 110,000	\$ 130,000	\$ 140,000	
Loan period	Feb. 2021 - Apr. 2021	Dec. 2020 - Feb. 2021	Mar. 2020 - Jun. 2020	
Interest rate range	0.90%	0.9%~0.99%	1.01%~1.09%	

For 2021 and from January 1 to March 31, 2020, the interest expenses recognized in income for short-term bills payable were \$106 and \$185, respectively.

# (X) Other payables

	Marc	h 31, 2021	Dece	mber 31, 2020	Marc	ch 31, 2020
Salary and bonus payables	\$	111,317	\$	148,627	\$	85,274
Social benefits liabilities payable Employee compensation and directors' and supervisors'		111,187		109,784		92,283
remuneration payable		85,628		65,054		52,273
Construction and equipment payable		221,500		83,794		33,601

Others			1	80,694		174,008		133,267
			\$ 7	10,326	\$	581,267	\$	396,698
(XI)	Long-term borro	wings						
	Nature of borrowings Credit loan	Loan period and means Principal and interest are quarterly from May 202 2023.	e paid	nt <u>Intere</u> 0.98%	st rate rang	<u>e Collaterals</u> -	Mar \$	ech 31, 2021 45,000
	Credit loan	Repayment due from April 2022	oril 2020 to	0.91%	ó	-		100,000
	Secured loan	Principal and interest are every six months from A December 2023.		0.91%	ó	Machinery		135,000
	Secured loan	Repayment in installment February 2020 to February monthly repayment of printerest	ary 2025,	0.95%	ó	Land, Housing an Construction		23,500
	Secured loan	From June 2020 to June installment repayment a repayment of principal a	nd monthly	0.95%	ó	Land, Housing ar Construction		25,500
								329,000
	Less: current po	ortion of long-term loans					(	67,000)
							_\$	262,000
	Credit loan	Loan period and means of Principal and interest are quarterly from May 2020 2023.	paid	<u>Interest to 0.98%</u>	rate range	Collaterals	December \$	ber 31, 2020 50,000
	Credit loan	Repayment due from April 2022	ril 2020 to	0.91%		-		100,000
	Secured loan	Principal and interest are every six months from Ap to December 2023.	-	0.91%		Machinery		135,000
	Secured loan	Repayment in installment February 2020 to February monthly repayment of printerest	ry 2025,	0.95%		Land, Housing and Construction		25,000
	Secured loan	From June 2020 to June 2 installment repayment an repayment of principal ar	d monthly	0.95%		Land, Housing and Construction		27,000
								337,000
	Less: current po	ortion of long-term loans					(	67,000)
								270,000

Nature of					
borrowings	Loan period and means of repayment	Interest rate range	Collaterals	March 31, 2020	
Credit loan	Repayment due from July 2019 to July 2021.	0.88%	-	\$	120,000
Secured loan	Repayment in installments from July 2019 to December 2023, with principal repayment every six months	1.13%~1.29%	Machinery		135,000
Credit loan	Principal and interest are repaid monthly	1.20%	_		8,357
	from May 2016 to April 2021 (Note 1).				- 7
Secured loan	Repayment in installments from February	1.20%	Land,		29,500
	2020 to February 2025, monthly repayment of principal and interest		Housing and Construction		
Credit loan	Repayment due from July 2019 to February 2021 (Note 2)	1.30%	-		10,000
					302,857
Less: curren	nt portion of long-term loans			(	64,964)
				\$	237,893

Note 1: Early repayment made in full in December 2020.

Note 2: Early repayment made in full in January - May 2020.

For 2021 and from January 1 to March 31, 2020, the interest expenses incurred by long-term borrowings recognized in income were \$761 and \$913, respectively.

#### (XII) Pension

- 1(1) By adhering to the requirements set forth in the "Labor Standards Act," the Company has established its own defined retirement benefits plan, which is applicable both to the service years of all regular employees rendered before the enforcement of the "Labor Pension Act" on July 1, 2005, and to the service years of all employees who elected to continue applying the Labor Standards Act after the implementation of the "Labor Pension Act." Pensions for employees qualified for retirement are calculated based on their servicing years and their average salaries of the 6 months prior to their retirement. Two bases are given for each full year of service rendered within 15 years. But for the rest of the years over 15 years, one base is given for each full year of service rendered. The total number of bases shall be no more than 45. The Company contributes monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, under the name of the Independent Retirement Fund Committee. In addition, the Company estimates the balance of the said designated pension account before the end of year. If the balance is not sufficient to cover the amount to be paid to all employees calculated in the manner specified above who will qualify the retirement conditions next year, a lump-sum deposit should be made before March-end of the following year to cover the difference.
- (2) The Company has established the "Regulations for Resignation and Retirement of Managers," which is applicable to the managers appointed by the Company. Pensions for appointed managers are calculated as follows:
  - A. Pensions for the service year applying the Labor Standards Act are calculated using the equation stated in the previous section.
  - B. The Company contributes an amount of pension equal to 6% of an employee's monthly salary for those electing to apply the Labor Pension Act and those taking their post on or after July 1, 2005.
  - C. For appointed managers who have rendered 25 or more years of services as of December 31, 2018, two bases are given to each full year of services rendered within 15 years, one base is given to each full year of service over 15 years (rounded up to one year for any year of service less than one year), and their annual salary at their 25th year of service is taken as their average salary. The Company makes a pension contribution equal to 6% of their monthly salary starting from their 25th year of service.
  - 2(1) In 2021 and from January 1 to March 31, 2020, the pension costs recognized in the manner specified

above were \$70 and \$62, respectively.

- 3(1) The Company is expected to pay a contribution of \$0 to the retirement plan for 2021.
- 2(1) On July 1, 2005, the Company established its own pension regulations applicable to Taiwanese nationals in accordance with the "Labor Pension Act." Under the New Plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
- (2) TAI-TECH Advanced Electronics (Kunshan) and TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si-Hong) Co., Ltd. contribute a certain percentage of a local employee's monthly salary, as required by the People's Republic of China, to the endowment insurance system. For 2021 and from January 1 to March 31, 2020, the contribution percentages were 16% and 16%, respectively. The pension for employees is managed independently by the government. Except for making monthly contribution, the Group has no further obligation.
- (3) In 2021 and from January 1 to March 31, 2020, the pension costs recognized in the manner specified above were \$15,225 and \$10,235, respectively.

#### (XIII) Share-based payments

1. The Group's share-based payment arrangements from January 1 to March 31, 2021 are as follows: (no such transactions from January 1, 2020 to March 31, 2020)

Type of agreement	Date granted	Quantity granted	Contract period	Vesting conditions
The portion of common shares	March 29, 2021	1,467 thousand	NA	Immediate vesting
issuance reserved for employee		shares		_
subscription				

The said share-based payment arrangements are settled with equity.

2. The Group adopted the Black-Scholes option pricing model to evaluate the fair value of its employee stock options granted under share-based payment arrangements, stated as follows:

Type of agreement	Date granted	Share pric	Exercise e Price	Expected volatility	Expected <u>life</u>	1	Risk-free interest rate	Fair value per unit
The portion	March 29, 2021	NT\$149	NT\$118.78	47.21%	0.07 years	-	0.34%	NT\$30.4361
of common								
shares								
issuance								
reserved for								
employee								
subscription								

3. Expenses incurred by share-based payment transactions were as follows:

January 1	to March 31, 2021
\$	44,650

Equity settlement

# (XIV) Share capital

1. For 2021 and as of March 31, 2020, the Company had an authorized capital equal to \$1,500,000 (with \$20,000 retained for issuance of employee stock option certificates), a paid-in capital equal to \$910,000 and a share face value equal to NT\$10. All proceeds for share subscription were collected in full.

The number of the Company's outstanding ordinary shares at the beginning and end of the period was 91,000 thousand shares.

2. On March 2, 2021, the Board of Directors resolved to issue new shares before being initially listed on Taipei Exchange. A total of 12,134 thousand shares with the face value of NT\$10 were issued. The public offering price was NT\$118.78 per share. The record date for such capital increase was set on April 23, 2021, which was

already modified and registered with the competent authority.

#### (XV) Capital surplus

Under the Company Act, capital surplus arising from shares issued at premium or from donation may be used for offsetting deficit. Furthermore, if the Company has no accumulated loss, capital surplus may be used for issuing new shares or distributing cash in proportion to shareholders' original shareholding percentage. According to the Securities and Exchange Act, when the above-mentioned capital surplus is used for capitalization, the total amount every year shall not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital. The Company may use capital surplus to offset loss only when the amount of reserves is insufficient to offset the loss.

January 1	addition capital	onal paid-in - 109,124	Employ emplo options \$	yee stock	subsidia	nges in the pries' changes in 12,353	 nssets merger 2,046
Compensation costs - the portion of common shares issuance reserved for employee subscription March 31	\$		\$	44,650 44,650	\$	12,353	\$ 2,046
January 1 (same as March 31)	2020 addition	nal paid-in cap 200,124		anges in ow idiaries	nership in	12,353	 assets merger 2,046

#### (XVI) Retained earnings

- 1. According to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, if the Company has any earnings in the final account, they should be used to pay off all the taxes and duties, as well as to compensate prior deficits. The remaining amount, if any, should be appropriated in the following order of presentation: (1)10% as legal reserve until it reaches the Company's paid-in capital; (2)set aside or reverse a certain amount as or of special reserve according to operating needs or laws or regulations; (3)the remainder plus unappropriated earnings from prior years may be used to appropriate dividends or bonuses to shareholders after an earnings appropriation proposal is drafted by the Board of Directors and resolved in favor by the shareholders meeting.
- 2. The Company's dividend appropriation policy takes into account the factors such as the industry environment it is in, its growing phases, future capital demands, financial structure, capital budge, shareholders' interest, balanced dividends and long-term financial planning. An earnings appropriation proposal is drafted by the Board of Directors (and reported to the shareholders' meeting) to the extent appropriable on the conditions that the Company's business is in the expanding phase, profitability expects to grow, and appropriation of stock dividends won't significantly dilute the Company's profitability. Surplus may be distributed in cash or in shares, provided, however, that the appropriation in cash shall not be less than 10% of the total appropriated amount.
- 3. Except being used to make up previous deficits or appropriate shares or cash to shareholders in proportion to their shareholding percentage, the legal reserve shall not be used. However, the amount of legal reserves used to appropriate new shares or cash shall be limited to the portion exceeding 25% of the paid-in capital.
- 4(1) According to law, the Company may appropriate earnings only after it has provided special reserve under the debit balance of other equity on the balance sheet date. If subsequently the debit balance of other equity is reversed, the reversed amount may be used as appropriable earnings.
- (2) As for the special reserves provided upon initial application of IFRSs to satisfy the requirements specified in the official letter Jin-Guan-Zheng-Fa-Zi No. 1010012865 dated April 6, 2012, the Company may reverse them to the extent of their original provision ratio if subsequently the Company intends to use, dispose of or reclassify related assets. If the said related assets are investment property relating to land, such assets are reversed upon disposal or reclassification; if the said related assets are investment property other than land,

such assets are reversed gradually over the use period.

- 5. As resolved on in the shareholder's meeting dated June 24, 2020, the Company determined to appropriate dividends in the amount of \$154,700 (NT\$1.7 per share) with the earnings made in 2019.
- 6. At the board of directors' meeting dated March 2, 2021, the board of directors originally proposed to appropriate common-share dividends in the amount of \$373,100(NT\$4.1 per share) with the earning made in 2020. However, the capital amount increased due to issuance of new shares. As such, at the board of directors' meeting dated April 29, 2021, the board of directors proposed to appropriate common-share dividends in the amount of \$422,849 (NT\$4.1 per share) with the earnings made in 2020.

# (XVII) Other equity items

	2021 Unrealize (losses)	d gains	Foreig	gn currency tion	<u>Total</u>	
January 1 Valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:	\$	165,891	(\$	180,156)	(\$	14,265)
- Group		13,081		-		13,081
Exchange differences: - Group - Group						
Group	-		(	14,056)	(	14,056)
March 31	\$	178,972	<u>(\$</u>	194,212)	<u>(</u> \$	15,240)
	2020 Unrealize (losses)	ed gains	Foreig translati	n currency on	Total	
January 1 Valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income: - Group	\$	124,288	(\$	214,279)	(\$	89,991)
Exchange differences: - Group	(	8,414)		-	(	8,414)
- Group		<u>-</u>	(	15,659)	(	15,659)
March 31	\$	115,874	<u>(\$</u>	229,938)	<u>(\$</u>	114,064)

## (XVIII) Operating revenue

	January 1 to March 31, 2021			January 1 to March 31, 2020			
Revenue from contracts with clients	\$	1,374,114	\$	876,461			

The Group's revenue derived from transfer of goods at a particular point of time are classified into the following categories:

	January 1 t	o March 31, 2021	January 1	to March 31, 2020
Wire-wound products	\$	894,705	\$	632,736
Multilayer products		255,261		163,544
LAN transformers		216,007		74,831

Other	 8,141	 5,350
Total	\$ 1,374,114	\$ 876,461

# (XIX) Other income

	January 1 t	January 1 to March 31, 2021		January 1 to March 31, 2020	
Rental income	\$	144	\$	15	
Subsidies income		18,597		1,370	
Miscellaneous income		281		171	
Total	_ \$	19,022_	_\$	1,556	

Government subsidy income is recognized by the Group primarily as a result of the industrial project investment applications in the Si-Hong Economic Development Zone, provincial-level industrial and information industry transformation and upgrading special fund projects, labor employment management office skill improvement training subsidy, etc.

# (XX) Other gains and losses

	January 1	to March 31, 2021	January	1 to March 31, 2020
Gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment	\$	25	\$	36
Exchange gains, net		1,045		13,150
Miscellaneous expenses	(	1)	(	468)
	\$	1,069	\$	12,718

## (XXI) Additional Information on the Nature of Expenses

	Attrib	ry I to March utable to ng costs	Attril	outable to ing expenses	Total	
Employee benefits expense Depreciation expenses of property,	\$	218,719	\$	130,909	\$	349,628
plant and equipment		75,720		6,598		82,318
Depreciation of right-of-use assets		551		1,059		1,610
Amortization		174		453		627

	 outable to ing costs	 ng expenses	Total	
Employee benefits expense	\$ 144,217	\$ 67,894	\$	212,111
Depreciation expenses of property, plant and equipment Depreciation expenses of right-of-use	68,192	6,254		74,446
assets	90	952		1,042
Amortization expenses	107	206		313

## (XXII) Employee benefit expense

January 1 to March 31, 2021

		ributable to ating costs		outable to ing expenses	_Total	
Salary and wages	\$	185,691	\$	119,610	\$	305,301
Labor and health insurance expense		5,112		3,756		8,868
Pension expense		12,064		3,231		15,295
Other personnel expense		15,852		4,312		20,164
	\$	218,719	\$	130,909	\$	349,628
	Attril	ary 1 to March 31 butable to ing costs	Attrib	outable to ing expenses	<u>Total</u>	
Salary and wages	\$	124,095	\$	59,263	\$	183,358
Labor and health insurance expense		3,886		3,127		7,013
Pension expense		7,779		2,518		10,297
Other personnel expense		8,457		2,986		11,443
	\$	144,217	\$	67,894	\$	212,111

- 1. Where there are earnings in the final account, no less than 6% shall be allocated as employee compensation, either in cash or in shares, as resolved by the Board of Directors employees qualified for such compensation include employees from affiliated companies who meet certain criteria; and 1%-2% shall be allocated as remuneration for directors and supervisors.
- 2. For 2021 and from January 1 to March 31, 2020, the employee compensation recognized by the Company were \$16,459 and \$10,278, respectively; and the directors' and supervisors' remunerations recognized were \$4,115 and \$2,569, respectively, which were presented under salary and wages.

The employee compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration for 2021 and from January 1 to March 31, 2020 were estimated at 6% and 1.5%, respectively, of the earnings at the end of the period.

The amount of the accrued employee compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration for 2020 as had been resolved by the Board of Directors was the same as the amount recognized in the financial statements for 2020.

The amounts of employee compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration approved by the Board of Directors and resolved by the shareholders' meeting can be found on the Market Observation Post System of TWSE.

#### (XXIII) Income tax

- 1. Income tax expense
  - (1) Income tax components:

	January 1 to Marc	ch 31, 2021	January 1 to Marc	h 31, 2020
Current tax: Tax attributable to taxable income of the period Income tax	_\$	50,642	\$	17,573
Total current tax		50,642		17,573
Deferred income tax: Deferred income tax on temporary differences originated and reversed	(	10,389)		7,674
Income tax expenses	\$	40,253	\$	25,247

- (2) Income tax associates with other comprehensive income: None.
- (3) Income tax directly debited or credited in equity: None.
- 2. The Company's for-profit business income tax has been approved by the Revenue Service Office until 2018. (XXIV) Earnings per share (EPS)

	<u>Januar</u>	ry 1 to March 3	Weighted average number of ordinary shares	Earnings p	oer share
	Post-ta	ax amount_	outstanding (shares in thousands)	(NT\$)	
Basic earnings per share Profit attributable to shareholders of common shares of the parent	\$	230,912	91,000	\$	2.54
Diluted earnings per share Profit attributable to shareholders of common shares of the parent Dilutive effects of the potential common shares	\$	230,912	91,000		
Employee compensation Profit attributable to shareholders		<u>-</u>	386		
of common shares of the parent plus potentially dilutive ordinary shares effect	\$	230,912	91,386	\$	2.53
	_Januar	ry 1 to March 3	31, 2020  Weighted average number of ordinary shares	Earnings (EPS)	s per share
	Post-ta	ax amount_	outstanding (shares in thousands)	(NT\$)	
				$\frac{(1 \cdot 1 \cdot \psi)}{}$	
Basic earnings per share Profit attributable to shareholders of common shares of the parent	\$	142,604	91,000	\$	1.57
Profit attributable to shareholders of common shares of the parent  Diluted earnings per share  Profit attributable to shareholders of common shares of the parent  Dilutive effects of the potential	\$	142,604 142,604	91,000		1.57
Profit attributable to shareholders of common shares of the parent  Diluted earnings per share  Profit attributable to shareholders of common shares of the parent  Dilutive effects of the potential common shares  Employee compensation  Profit attributable to shareholders	\$				1.57
Profit attributable to shareholders of common shares of the parent  Diluted earnings per share  Profit attributable to shareholders of common shares of the parent  Dilutive effects of the potential common shares  Employee compensation	\$		91,000		1.57

# (XXV) Additional Information on Cash Flows

Investing activities partially involving cash payments:

	January 1	to March 31, 2021	January	y 1 to March 31, 2020
Acquisition of property, plant,				
and equipment	\$	360,526	\$	20,871

Add: Construction and				
equipment payable at the				
beginning of the period		83,794		56,098
Notes payable at the				
beginning of the period		45,604		-
Less: Construction and				
equipment payable at the end	of			
the period	(	221,500)	(	33,601)
Notes payable at the end	of			
the period	(	133,662)		<u> </u>
G 1 '1' 1 '1	Ф	124.762	Ф	12.260
Cash paid in the period	\$	134,762	_\$	43,368

# (XXVI) Changes in Liabilities Arising from Financing Activities

	Short-term borrowings		Short-term notes and bills payable		Long-term borrowings		Total liabilities from <u>financing</u> Lease liabilities activities			
January 1	\$	697,535	\$	130,000	\$	337,000	\$	7,515	\$	1,172,050
Changes from financing cash										
flows	(	10,939)	(	20,000)	(	8,000)	(	1,473)	(	40,412)
Effects of exchange rate										
changes		302		-		-		-		302
Other non-cash										
changes								8,705		8,705
March 31	\$	686,898	_\$	110,000	_\$_	329,000	\$	14,747	\$	1,140,645

# 2020

	_Short-te borrowin		<del></del>			ong-term rowings	Lease liabilities		Total liabilities from financing activities		
January 1 Changes from financing cash	\$	646,270	\$	120,000	\$	325,286	\$	9,705	\$	1,101,261	
flows Effects of exchange rate		12,713		20,000	(	22,429)	(	870)		9,414	
changes		1,435		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	(	2)	_	1,433	
March 31		660,418	\$	140,000	\$	302,857	\$	8,833	\$	1,112,108	

# VII. Related Party Transactions

# (I) Name and Relationship of Related Party

Name of related party	
Superworld Electronics (S) Pte Ltd.	

TAI-TECH ADVANCED ELECTRONICS (S) PTE LTD

Superworld Electronics Co., Ltd.

# Relationship with the Group

Other related party
Other related party
Other related party

Superworld Electronics (Dongguan) Co., Ltd.

Other related party
Immediate family member of the major
management
Immediate family member of the major
Chang-i Hsieh

Chairman, Supervisor, President, and Vice President

Major management of the Group

### (II) Significant Transactions with Related Party

### 1. Operating revenue

	<u>January 1 to</u>	March 31, 2021	January 1	to March 31, 2020
Sale of goods:				
Other related party	\$	84,722	\$	67,145

The price of goods sold to related party by the Group is the same as that for an arm's length transaction; the payment terms also approximate those for ordinarily clients.

### 2. Purchase

	January 1	to March 31, 2021	January 1	to March 31, 2020
Purchase of goods:				
Other related party	\$	1,986	\$	1,113

The price of goods purchased from related party by the Group is the same as that for an arm's length transaction; the payment terms also approximate those for ordinarily suppliers.

### 3. Freight expenses and miscellaneous expenses

	January 1 to March 3	1, 2021	January 1 to March 3	1, 2020
Other related party	\$	105	\$	124

## 4. Lease transactions - lessee

(1) The Group leased buildings from the immediate family members of the major management, with the lease term due between 2018 and 2023 and the rental paid on a monthly basis.

# (2) Rental expense

	January 1 to March 31.	2021	January 1 to March 3	1, 2020
Other related party	\$	42_	\$	101

### (3) Lease liabilities

Balance at the end of the period:

	March 31	, 2021	Decembe	r 31, 2020	March 31	, 2020
Jui-hsia Tai	\$	1,653	\$	1,844	\$	2,416
Chang-i Hsieh		1,571		1,752		2,296
	\$	3,224	\$	3,596	\$	4,712

## 5. Accounts receivables due from related party

	March 3	1, 2021	Decem	per 31, 2020	March	31, 2020
Accounts receivable:						
Other related party	\$ 1	41,054	\$	114,791	\$	101,968
Other receivables:						
Other related party		1,327		1,324		51
Total	\$ 1	42,381	\$	116,115	_\$	102,019
6. Accounts payables due to related party						
	March 3	1, 2021	Decem	per 31, 2020	March	31, 2020
Accounts payable:						
Other related party	\$	2,532	\$	3,124	\$	25,307
Other payables:						
Other related party		103		18		156
Total	\$	2,635	\$	3,142	\$	25,463

<sup>7.</sup> The Group's long- and short-term loans on March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020, and March 31, 2020 are jointly and severally guaranteed by the key management of the Group.

# (III) Remuneration to Major Management

	_January 1 t	to March 31, 2021	January 1 to March 31, 2020		
Short-term employee benefits	\$	19,857	\$	16,618	
Post-retirement benefits		311		308	
Share-based payments		6,361			
Total	\$	26,529	\$	16,926	

# VIII. Pledged Assets

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

Type of asset	Marc	h 31, 2021	Dece	mber 31, 2020	Marc	ch 31, 2020	Purpose of collateral
Property, plant and equipment							
							Short and long-term
-Land	\$	85,828	\$	85,828	\$	85,828	borrowings
							Short and long-term
- Buildings and structures		23,483		22,738		242,337	borrowings
- Machinery		270,395		276,834		296,153	Long-term borrowings
Right-of-use asset- land use rights		-		-		4,650	Short-term borrowings

# IX. Significant Commitments or Contingencies

## (I) or Contingencies

None.

## (II) Commitments

Capital expenditures committed but not yet incurred

	March 31, 2021			mber 31, 2020	March 31, 2020	
Property, plant and equipment	\$	674,081	\$	218,945	\$	99,082
Computer software	\$	1,490	\$		\$	
Patent rights	\$	13,333	\$		\$	

## X. <u>Significant Disaster Losses</u>

None.

# XI. Significant Subsequent Events

None.

## XII. Others

# (I) Capital Management

The purposes of the Group's capital management are to ensure that the Group continues as a going concern, to maintain an optimum capital structure to lower financing costs and to provide returns of investment to shareholders. For the purpose of maintaining an optimal capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders or may issue new shares.

## (II) Financial Instrument

## 1. Type of financial instrument

	March 31, 2021		December 31, 2020		Mar	ch 31, 2020
Financial Assets						
Financial assets measured at FVTOCI Equity instrument specified and selected						
Investment		204,964	_\$	191,847	_\$	143,360
Financial assets measured at amortized cost						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	680,039	\$	767,619	\$	686,554
Financial assets measured Financial Assets		166,745		167,040		30,225
Notes receivable, net		27,735		28,906		56,182
at cost after amortization (including related parties)		2,007,869		1,752,254		1,358,240
Other receivables Refundable deposits (recognized under		34,199		14,168		11,725
other non-current assets)		2,584		1,917		2,095
	\$	2,919,171	\$	2,731,904	\$	2,145,021
	_Mar	rch 31, 2021	Dec	ember 31, 2020	Mar	ch 31, 2020

## Financial Liabilities

Financial assets measured at amortized cost			
Short-term borrowings	\$ 686,898	\$ 697,535	\$ 660,418
Short-term notes and bills payable	110,000	130,000	140,000
Notes payable Accounts payable (including related	144,230	56,755	66,656
party)	621,051	571,419	433,370
Other payables	710,326	581,267	396,698
Long-term borrowings (including those due within 1 year)	329,000	337,000	 302,857
	\$ 2,601,505	\$ 2,373,976	\$ 1,999,999
Lease liabilities (including those due to related parties)	\$ 14,747	\$ 7,515	\$ 8,833

#### 2. Risk management policy

- (1) The Group's daily operations are affected by various financial risks, *e.g.*, market risk (including exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's risk management policy focuses on the unpredictable market events in order to minimize their potentially adverse impacts on the Group's financial position and financial performance.
- (2) The Group's key financial activities are reviewed by the Board of Directors against relevant regulations and its internal control systems. The Company strictly abides by relevant financial operating procedures during the implementation of financial plans.

#### 3. Nature and degree of significant financial risks

### (1) Market risk

### Foreign currency risk

- D. The Group operates internationally and so is subject to the exchange rate risk of different currencies, particularly the USD and RMB. Relevant exchange rate risk arises from future business transactions and the recognized assets and liabilities. In addition, the conversion from RMB to other currencies is subject to the foreign currency exchange control regulations imposed by China.
- E. The Group's management has formulated relevant policy to require entities within the Group to manage the foreign exchange risks associated with their functional currency. Foreign exchange risk arises when future business transactions or recognized assets or liabilities are denominated in a currency other than the entity's functional currency.
- F. Since the Group engages in business involving multiple functional currencies (e.g., the Company's functional currency is NTD while some subsidiaries' functional currencies are either USD or RMB), the Group is subject to fluctuation in foreign exchange rates. Foreign-currency-denominated assets and liabilities having significant impacts if foreign exchange rates change were as follows:

### March 31, 2021

	Eom			Ca	arrying amount
(Foreign currency: functional currency)		eign currency ousands)	Exchange rate	<u>(N</u>	lew Taiwan Dollars)
Financial Assets					
Monetary items					
USD: NTD	\$	46,391	28.54	\$	1,323,999
RMB: NTD		71,487	4.34		310,254

USD: RMB		32,320	6	.57	212,342	
Financial Liabilities						
Monetary items						
USD : NTD	\$	38,751	28	.54 \$	1,105,954	
RMB : NTD	·	32	4	.34	139	
USD: RMB		15,576	6	.57	102,334	
		•			•	
	Dec	ember 31, 202	0_			
	_			Car	rying amount	
		eign currency ousands)	Exchange	rate (Ne	w Taiwan Dollars)	
(Foreign currency: functional currency)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			14141	•
Financial Assets						
Monetary items						
USD:NTD	\$	48,532	28	.48 \$	1,382,191	
RMB:NTD		9,964	4	.36	43,443	
USD:RMB		26,861	6	.52	175,134	
Financial Liability						
Monetary items						
USD:NTD	\$	33,205	28	.48 \$	945,678	
RMB:NTD		15	4	.36	65	
USD:RMB		20,630	6	.52	134,508	
		March	31, 2020			
					Carrying amou	ınt
			currency	E1	(New Taiwan	
(Foreign currency: fund currency)	ctional	(in thous	ands)_	Exchange ra	te Dollars)	
Financial Assets						
Monetary items						
USD:NTD		\$ 4	12,679	30.2	3 \$ 1,290,186	
RMB:NTD			806	4.2	7 3,442	
USD:RMB		2	26,074	7.0	9 184,865	
Financial Liabilities						
Monetary items						
USD:NTD		\$ 1	9,985	30.2	3 \$ 604,147	
RMB:NTD			7	4.2	7 30	
USD:RMB		1	7,988	7.0	9 127,535	

G. The Group's monetary items have a significant impact due to exchange rate fluctuations. The aggregate amount of all exchange incomes (including realized and unrealized) recognized in 2021 and from January 1 to March 31, 2020 were exchange gains of NT\$1,045 and profits of NT\$13,150,

- respectively. Since the Group's transactions involve multiple currencies that have significant foreign exchange impacts, they are disclosed as a whole.
- H. Foreign exchange risks arising from significant exchange rate changes that the Group is exposed to were as follows:

	January 1 to March 31, 2021  Sensitivity Analysis				
		-	<del>_</del>	Impact	on other
(Foreign currency: functional currency)	Fluctuation	<u>Effe</u>	ects on P/L	comprel	nensive income
Financial Assets					
Monetary items					
USD:NTD	1%	\$	13,240	\$	-
RMB: NTD	1%		3,103		-
USD:RMB	1%		2,123		-
Financial Liabilities					
Monetary items					
USD:NTD	1%		11,060		-
USD:RMB	1%		1,023		-
	January 1 to March 31, 2020 Sensitivity Analysis				
	Schollivity			Impact	on other
		-	4 D/I	-	on other
(Foreign currency: functional currency)		-	ects on P/L	-	on other
		-	ects on P/L	-	
currency)		-	cts on P/L	-	
currency) Financial Assets		-	12,902	-	
currency) Financial Assets Monetary items	Fluctuation	Effe		comprel	
currency) Financial Assets Monetary items USD:NTD	Fluctuation  1%	Effe	12,902	comprel	
currency)  Financial Assets  Monetary items  USD:NTD  RMB: NTD	Fluctuation  1% 1%	Effe	12,902 34	comprel	
Currency)  Financial Assets  Monetary items  USD:NTD  RMB: NTD  USD:RMB	Fluctuation  1% 1%	Effe	12,902 34	comprel	
currency)  Financial Assets  Monetary items  USD:NTD  RMB:NTD  USD:RMB  Financial Liabilities	Fluctuation  1% 1%	Effe	12,902 34	comprel	

## Price risk

- A. Since the Group's investment is classified as financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income on the consolidated balance sheets, the Group is exposed to the risk of price changes in equity instrument.
- B. The Group mainly invests in equity instruments issued by a domestic or foreign company. The price of such equity instruments can be affected by changes in future value of their investment targets. If the price of these equity instruments increases or decreases by 1% and all other factors remain unchanged, the gains or losses on other comprehensive income classified as equity investments

measured at fair value in 2021 and from January 1 to March 31, 2020 through other comprehensive income would increase by NT\$2,050 and decrease by NT\$1,434, respectively.

#### Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

- A. The Group's interest rate risks mainly come from short- and long-term borrowings issued at floating interest rates. Such exposure also means the Group is exposed to cash flow interest rate risks, though a portion of risks have been offset by the Group's holding of cash bearing a floating interest rate. For 2021 and from January 1, 2020 to March 31, 2020, the Group's borrowings bearing a floating interest rate are denominated in NTD and USD.
- B. When the NTD borrowing rate increases or decreases by 1% and all other factors remain unchanged, the post-tax net profit for 2021 and from January 1 to March 31, 2020 would decrease or increase by \$2,032 and \$1,927, respectively, mainly due to interest expense changes caused by floating rate loans.

## (2) Credit risk

- A. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by clients, or by counter-parties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. Credit risk of the Group mainly comes from accounts receivable, notes receivable and the contractual cash flows of financial assets measured at amortized cost that are prone to default by counter-parties.
- B. The Group establishes a framework for managing credit risks from a group's perspective. As the internal credit approval policy stipulates, an operating entity within the Group shall manage and analyze the credit risk of a new client before proposing terms and conditions pertaining to payments and delivery of goods. Internal risk control is achieved by evaluating a client's credit quality against the client's financial position, credit records and other factors. The limit on individual risk is set by the management by referring to internal or external ratings. The status of utilization of credit lines is regularly monitored.
- C. The Group applies the presumption of IFRS 9 and deems that the credit risk of a financial assets has significantly increased after initial recognition when the receivables obliged by the contractual terms are 30-days past due.
- D. The Group's credit risk management procedures deem a default occurred when a counterparty is significantly delinquent on repayments.
- E. After the recourse procedures, the Group writes off financial assets that could not be reasonably expected to be recovered. Nonetheless, the Group will continue the recourse legal procedures to secure its right to the debt. As of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020, and March 31, 2020, the Group's debts that had been written off but were continually pursued were \$0, respectively.
- F. The Group classifies accounts receivable due from clients by the characteristics of their ratings, and adopts the simplified approach that measures expected credit losses based on the preparation matrix.
- G. By taking into account the forward-looking consideration that economic indicators hold, the Group adjusts the expected credit loss rate that was established based on historical or present information to estimate the allowance for accounts receivable, notes receivable and uncollectible overdue receivables. The preparation matrices as of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020, and March 31, 2020 were as follows:

			Overdue within 30	Overdue 31	Overdue 91	Overdue within 181	
	Individual disclosure	Not overdue	days	~ 90 days	~ 180 days	Over 181 days	Total
March 31, 2021							
Expected loss (%)	100.00%	0.07%	5.44%	6.94%	100.00%	100.00%	
Total carrying amount	\$ 1,252	\$ 2,022,815	\$ 16,758	\$ 2,733	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,043,558
Loss allowance	\$ 1,252	\$ 1,228	\$ 581	\$ 27	_\$	\$ -	\$ 3,088

			Overdue within 30	Overdue 31	Overdue 91	Overdue within 181
	Individual disclosure	Not overdue	days	~ 90 days	~ 180 days	Over 181 days Total
<u>December 31, 2020</u>						
Expected loss (%)	100.00%	0.07%	5.44%	6.94%	100.00%	100.00%
Total carrying amount	\$ 1,252	\$ 1,774,717	\$ 9,595	\$ 456	\$ -	\$ - \$ 1,786,020
Loss allowance	\$ 1,252	\$ 1,232	\$ 583	\$ 27	\$ -	\$ - \$ 3,094
			Overdue within 30	Overdue 31	Overdue 91	Overdue within 181
March 31, 2020	Individual disclosure	Not overdue	days	~ 90 days	~ 180 days	Over 181 days Total
Expected loss (%)	100.00%	0.57%	24.80%	65.88%	100.00%	100.00%
Total carrying amount	\$ 1,252	\$ 1,408,379	\$ 17,873	\$ 889	\$ -	\$ - \$ 1,428,393
Loss allowance	\$ 1,252	\$ 7,702	\$ 4,432	\$ 585	\$ -	\$ - \$ 13,971

H. Changes in the loss allowances provided for accounts receivable using the simplified approach are as follows:

	Acco	unts	Not recei	es_ vable_	 collectible due receivables	<u> To</u>	tal_
January 1 Exchange rate	\$	1,842	\$	-	\$ 1,252	\$	3,094
effects	<u>(</u>	6)	<u> </u>		 		6)
March 31	\$	1,836	\$		\$ 1,252	<u>\$</u>	3,088
	2020 Acco	unts	Notes receiva		llectible_ ne receivables	<u>Tota</u>	. <u>1</u>
January 1	\$	16,977	\$	-	\$ 1,252	\$	18,229
Impairment loss reversed Exchange rate	(	4,226)		-	-	(	4,226)
effects	(	32)			 <u>-</u>	(	32)
March 31	\$	12,719	\$		\$ 1,252	\$	13,971

## (3) Liquidity risk

- A. Cash flows forecast is done by each operating entity; the Administration Department of the Group is responsible only for summarizing the results. Administration Department of the Group monitors the forecast of the Group's liquidity needs to ensure that it has sufficient funds to meet operating needs and maintain sufficient unused loan commitments so that it won't default on any borrowing limits or terms. Such a forecast takes into account the Group's debt financing plan, compliance with provisions of debt instruments, fulfillment of the financial ratio targets on the balance sheet and conformity with external regulatory requirements, such as foreign exchange control.
- B. The table below listed the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities by maturity date. They were analyzed for the residual duration between the balance sheet date and the maturity date. The table below disclosed the contractual cash flows not discounted.

Non-derivative financial liabilities:

March 31, 2021 Less than 1 year 1~2 years 2~5 years

Short-term borrowings		\$ 686,898	\$	-	\$	-
Short-term notes and bills payable		110,000		-		-
Notes payable		144,230		-		-
Accounts payable		618,519		-		-
Accounts payables to related parties		2,532		-		-
Other payables Lease liabilities (including the portion		710,326		-		-
with maturity in one year)  Long-term borrowings (including the		6,213		5,309		3,225
portion with maturity in one year)		69,732		183,117		80,468
Non-derivative financial liabilities:						
December 31, 2020		Less than 1 year	1~2	2 years	2~	5 years
Short-term borrowings		\$ 697,535	\$	-	\$	-
Short-term notes and bills payable		130,000		-		-
Notes payable		56,755		-		-
Accounts payable		568,295		-		-
Accounts payables to related parties		3,124		-		-
Other payables		581,267		-		-
Lease liability (including the portion was maturity in one year)  Long-term borrowings (including the	ith	3,575		2,693		1,247
portion with maturity in one year)		69,884		183,529		88,659
Non-derivative financial liabilities:						
March 31, 2020	Le	ss than 1 year	1~2	2 years	2~	5 years
Short-term borrowings	\$	660,418	\$	-	\$	-
Short-term notes and bills payable		140,000		-		-
Notes payable		66,656		-		-
Accounts payable		408,063		-		-
Accounts payables to related parties		25,307		-		-
Other payables Lease liabilities (including the portion		396,698		-		-
with maturity in one year)  Long-term borrowings (including the		3,336		2,777		2,720
portion with maturity in one year)		67,843		48,976		190,653

C. The Group does not expect a maturity analysis of which the cash flows timing would be significantly earlier or the actual amount would be significantly different.

### (III) Fair Value Information

1. Below are the definitions assigned to each level of valuation technique used to measure the fair value of financial and non-financial assets.

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of the Group's investment in listed shares is included in Level 1.

- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. This includes the equity instruments without active market investment by the Company.
- 2. Financial instruments not measured at fair values

Management of the Group thinks that the carrying amount of financial instruments not measured at fair value, including cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivables, other receivables, lease liability and long-term borrowings (including the portion with maturity in one year), is the reasonable approximation of their fair value.

- 3. Financial and non-financial assets at fair value are classified by nature, characteristic, risk and fair value level, stated as follows:
  - (1) The Group classifies its assets and liabilities by their function; stated as follows:

March 31, 2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	<u>Total</u>
Assets				
Recurring fair value Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity-based securities	\$ 71,033	\$ -	\$ 133,931	\$ 204,964
December 31, 2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	_Total_
Assets				
Recurring fair value Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity-based securities	\$ 54,858		\$ 136,989	\$ 191,847
March 31, 2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	_Total_
Assets				
Recurring fair value Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity-based securities	\$ 21,371	\$ -	\$ 121,989	\$ 143,360

- (2) The techniques and assumptions used to measure fair value are stated as follows:
  - A. Financial instruments of which the fair value is marked to market quotations (*i.e.*, level 1 inputs) are stated as follows:

<u>Listed shares</u>
Market quotation Closing price

B. Except for financial instruments with an active market, the fair value of other financial instruments is obtained either based on the valuation technique or by reference to the quotes from counter-parties. Fair value can be obtained by using a valuation technique that refers to the fair value of financial instruments having substantially the same terms and characteristics, or by using other valuation technique, e.g., the one that applies market information available on the consolidated balance sheets

- date to a pricing model for calculation.
- C. Outputs from the valuation models are estimates and valuation techniques may not be able to reflect all relevant factors of the financial and non-financial instruments held by the Group. Therefore, when needed, estimates from the valuation model would be adjusted for additional parameters, *e.g.*, model risk or liquidity risk.
- 4. For 2021 and from January 1 to March 31, 2020, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value hierarchy.
- 5. Changes in Level 3 fair value hierarchy are stated as follows for 2021 and from January 1 to March 31, 2020:

	2021 Equi securi	 ty-based_ ties_	2020 Equi securi	ty-based_
January 1	\$	136,989	\$	126,151
Gains or losses recognized in other comprehensive				
income				
Unrealized gains (losses) from investments in equity				
instruments				
at fair value through other comprehensive income		• • • • • •		
recognized	(	3,094)	(	4,324)
Exchange rate effects		36		162
March 31	\$	133,931	\$	121,989

- 6. For 2021 and from January 1 to March 31, 2020, there was no transfer into or out of Level 3.
- 7. Valuation process regarding fair value Level 3 is conducted by the Group's Administration Department, which conducts an independent fair value verification though use of independent data source in order to make the valuation results close to market conditions, and to ensure that the data source is independent, reliable and consistent with other sources, and that the fair value is adjusted where appropriate, thereby ensuring a reasonable valuation result.
- 8. The quantitative information on, changes in, and sensitivity analysis of significant unobservable inputs used in Level 3 fair value measurement are stated as follows:

March 31, 2021 <u>Fair value per unit</u> Non-derivative equity instruments:	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable <u>inputs</u>	Interval (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs and fair value
Unlisted \$ 133,931 shares	Public company comparables	Discount for lack of marketability	25%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
December 31, 2020 Fair value per unit Non-derivative equity instruments:	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable <u>inputs</u>	Interval (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs and fair value
Unlisted \$ 136,989 shares	Public company comparables	Discount for lack of marketability	25%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
March 31, 2020 <u>Fair value per unit</u> Non-derivative equity instruments:	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable <u>inputs</u>	Interval (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs and fair value

Unlisted \$	121,989	Public company	Discount for lack of	25%	The higher the discount for
shares		comparables	marketability		lack of marketability, the
					lower the fair value

9. The Group elects to adopt valuation models and valuation parameters under prudential consideration. Nonetheless, this does not preclude the differences arising from adoption of different valuation models or parameters. If valuation parameters change, financial assets classified as Level 3 will have effects on other comprehensive income, stated as follows:

		March 31, 2021	
		Recognized in P/L Favorable Unfavorable	Recognized in other comprehensive income (OCI) Favorable Unfavorable
	Inputs Changes		changes changes
Financial Assets Equity			
instruments	\$ 178,578 ±1%	\$ - \$ -	\$ 1,712 (\$ 1,712)
		December 31, 2020	
		Recognized in P/L	Recognized in other comprehensive income (OCI)
		Favorable Unfavorable	
D' '1	<u>Inputs</u> <u>Changes</u>	<u>changes</u> <u>changes</u>	<u>changes</u> <u>changes</u>
Financial Assets Equity			
instruments	\$ 182,651 ±1%	\$ - \$ -	\$ 1,709 (\$ 1,709)
		March 31, 2020	
		D ' 1' D/I	Recognized in other
		Recognized in P/L Favorable Unfavorable	comprehensive income (OCI) Favorable Unfavorable
	Inputs Changes		changes changes
Financial Assets Equity			
instruments	\$ 162,650 ±1%	\$ - \$ -	\$ 1,814 (\$ 1,814)

## XIII. Additional Disclosures

- (I) <u>Information on Significant Transactions</u>
  - 1. Loaning Funds to Others: Refer to Table 1.
  - 2. Provision of Endorsements and Guarantees: refer to Table 2.
  - 3. Marketable Securities Held at the End of the Period (Excluding Investment in Subsidiaries, Affiliated Companies and the Control Portion in a Joint Venture): refer to Table 3.
  - 4. Accumulative Purchase of Disposal of the Same Marketable Securities that Reaches NT\$300 Million or 20% or More of Paid-in Capital: None.
  - 5. Acquisition of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: none.
  - 6. Disposal of Real Property That Reaches NT\$300 Million or 20% or More of Paid-in Capital: none.
  - 7. Transaction with Related Party That Reaches NT\$100 Million or 20% or More of Paid-in Capital: refer to Table 4.

- 8. Receivables Due from Related Party That Reach NT\$100 Million or 20% or More of Paid-in Capital: refer to Table 5.
- 9. Engagement in Derivatives Trading: none.
- 10. The Business Relationship, Significant Transactions and Significant Transaction Amount between Parent and Subsidiaries or among Subsidiaries: refer to Table 6.

### (II) Information on Indirect Investment

Names and Location of Investees (Excluding Those in Mainland China): refer to Table 7.

## (III) Investment in Mainland China

- 1. Basic Information: refer to Table 8.
- 2. Significant transactions that occurred directly or indirectly through third-region enterprises and investee companies and were reinvested in mainland China: refer to Table 6

#### XIV. Segment Information

### (I) General Information

The Group engages in a single industry; the Group's Board of Directors evaluates the performance of and allocates resources to the Group as a whole. As such, the Group identifies itself to be a single reporting segment.

### (II) Segment Information

Information on reportable segment provided to the main operating decision makers:

	January 1 to N	March 31, 2021	January 1 to M	March 31, 2020
Segment revenue	\$	1,374,114	\$	876,461
Segment gross profit	\$	458,202	\$	279,562
Segment profits or losses	\$	271,165	\$	167,851
Discount and amortization	\$	84,555	\$	75,801
Income tax expenses	\$	40,253	\$	25,247
	March 31, 202	21_	March 31, 202	<u></u>
Segment assets	\$	6,722,667	\$	5,324,489
Segment liabilities	\$	2,882,196	\$	2,198,366

## (III) Reconciliation of Segment Profit or Loss

Reconciliation is not required because the profit or loss information on the reporting segment that was provided to the main operating decision makers is consistent with that prepared and disclosed in the financial statements.

#### Loans of funds to others

January 1 to March 31, 2021

Unit: NT\$ thousand (unless otherwise specified)

Table 1

\$87,747

Yes

TAI-TECH Advanced

Electronics (Kunshan)

TAIPAQ Electronic Other

Co., Ltd.

Components (Si-Hong) receivables

\$86,847

(RMB 20,000 thousand) (RMB 20,000 thousand) (RMB 20,000 thousand)

Whether it Total limit of Reason for Loan and limit for individual loaning of is a Business Allowance for necessary Collaterals Highest balance Nature of loaning funds to others related Amount Interest rate transaction short-term impairment borrower No. Lending company
Fixed Rock Holding Ltd. Borrowing party Transaction item party Maximum Amount Ending balance actually drawn range of funds amount financing Loss Value (Note) (Note) Remarks Name \$ 57,070 TAIPAQ Electronic \$ 1,847,980 Other \$ 57,070 \$ 37,096 2.40% Short-term financing \$ S -\$ 1,847,980 Yes Business (USD 2,000 thousand) (USD 2,000 thousand) Components (Si-Hong) receivables (USD 1,300 thousand) fund revolving fund Co., Ltd. Fixed Rock Holding Ltd. TAI-TECH Advanced Other \$ 85,605 \$ 85,605 \$ 57,070 \$ 1,847,980 \$ 1,847,980 Yes 1.00% Short-term financing \$ Business \$ -Electronics (Kunshan) receivables (USD 3,000 thousand) (USD 3,000 thousand) (USD 2,000 thousand) fund revolving fund

3.80%

Short-term financing \$

fund

\$

\$ -

\$ 761,816

\$ 761,816

Business

revolving fund

Note: The total amount of loaning of funds to others of the Company shall not exceed 40% of the net worth of the Company, and the amount of loaning of fund to an individual company or firm shall not exceed 20% of the net worth of the Company. Fund lending between subsidiaries whereby the Company directly and indirectly holding 100% of the voting shares is not subject to the restriction that the total amount is capped at 40% of the net value.

\$86,847

#### Endorsements/guarantees

January 1 to March 31, 2021

Table 2 Unit: NT\$ thousand

(unless otherwise specified)

<u>No.</u> 0	Endorsement/guarantee provider Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	Endorsed/guaranteed  Provider Fixed Rock Holding Ltd.	-	Limits on endorsement/guaran amount provided to e guaranteed party (Note) \$ 1,536,189	Balance of maximum ach amount of endorsement/guarantee of the period \$199,745 (USD7,000 thousand)	Ending balance of endorsement/guarantee \$171,210 (USD6,000 thousand)	Amount Amount \$57,070 (USD2,000 thousand)	Amount of orsement/guarantee collateralized by properties	e endorsement/guarantee to e net equity per latest financial statements	Maximum amount of endorsement/guarantee allowance (Note) \$ 1,920,236	Endorsement/ guarantee provided by parent company to subsidiary Yes	Endorsement/ guarantee provided by parent company to subsidiary No	Endorsement/ guarantee provided to Mainland China No	Remarks
0	Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si-Hong) Co., Ltd.		\$ 1,536,189	\$285,350 (USD10,000 thousand)	\$199,745 (USD7,000 thousand)	\$99,873 (USD3,500 thousand)	\$ -	5.20% \$	1,920,236	Yes	No	Yes	
0	Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	TAI-TECH Advanced Electronics (Kunshan)	Subsidiary	\$ 1,536,189	\$57,070 (USD2,000 thousand)	\$57,070 (USD2.000 thousand)	-	\$ -	1.49% \$	1,920,236	Yes	No	Yes	

Note: The total amount of endorsements/guarantees shall not exceed 50% of the net worth of the Company. The amount of endorsements/guarantees made for one single enterprise shall not exceed 40% of the net worth of the Company.

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including those of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

March 31, 2021

Table 3

Unit: NT\$ thousand

(unless otherwise specified)

				End of period					
Holding company name Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	Marketable securities types and name All Ring Tech Co., Ltd.	Relationship with issuer None	Financial statement account Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income acquired - non-curre	Number of shares (thousand shares) 615 \$	Carrying amount 71,033	Shareholdings Percentage 1%	Fair value per unit \$ 71,033	<u>Remarks</u> Unpledged	
Best Bliss Investments Limited	Superworld Holding (S) PTE. LTD.	Other related party	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income acquired - non-curre	2,000 nt	133,931	10%	133,931	Unpledged	

#### Transaction with Related Party That Reaches NT\$100 Million or 20% or More of Paid-in Capital

January 1 to March 31, 2021

Table 4 Unit: NT\$ thousand

(unless otherwise specified)

					Transaction Details		Abnormal Transaction and Reason			Notes/Accounts 1	Receivable (Payable)
Company of purchase (sale) Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	Transaction party name TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si-Hong) Co., Ltd.	<u>Relationship</u> Parent-subsidiary	Purchase (Sale) Sales	(	Amount 140,406)	Percentage of total purchase (sale) 13%	Payment terms Note 1	Unit price Note 1	Payment terms -	Balance 232,600	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable) Remarks 14%
TAI-TECH Advanced Electronics (Kunshan)	Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	Associate	Sales	(	217,565)	56%	Note 1	Note 1	-	291,956	52%
TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si-Hong) Co., Ltd.	Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	Parent-subsidiary	Sales	(	331,028)	41%	Note 1	Note 1	-	498,701	40%
TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si-Hong) Co., Ltd.	TAI-TECH Advanced Electronics (Kunshan)	Associate	Sales	(	132,397)	16%	Note 1	Note 1	-	216,328	18%

Note 1: Transaction price adopts the general rules for the payment receipt period agreed by both parties.

Note 2: Transaction price and the payment receipt period adopts the general rules.

#### Receivables Due from Related Party That Reach NT\$100 Million or 20% or More of Paid-in Capital

March 31, 2021

Table 5 Unit: NT\$ thousand

(unless otherwise specified)

					Ove	erdue amount of ac	counts receivable from related party		
Company of accounts receivable recognized Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	Transaction party name TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si-Hong) Co.,	Relationship Parent-subsidiary	Balance of accounts receivables due from related party \$ 232,600	Turnover rate 0.62	\$	Amount -	<u>Treatment method</u>	Amounts received in subsequent period \$ 46,736	Allowance for Impairment  Loss  -
Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	Ltd. TAI-TECH Advanced Electronics (Kunshan)	Parent-subsidiary	142,945	1.78		-	-	21,705	-
TAI-TECH Advanced Electronics (Kunshan)	Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	Parent-subsidiary	291,956	0.74		-	-	71,054	-
TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si-Hong) Co., Ltd.	Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	Parent-subsidiary	498,701	0.73		-	-	97,323	-
TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si-Hong) Co., Ltd.	TAI-TECH Advanced Electronics (Kunshan)	Associate	216,328	0.56		-	-	55,688	-
Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	Superworld Electronics (S) Pte. Ltd.	Other related party	100,587	0.66		88	Subsequent payment collection	34,373	57

Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods and their business relationships.

January 1 to March 31, 2021

(unless otherwise specified)

Unit: NT\$ thousand

#### Transaction details

	Relationship with transaction_											
<u>No.</u> (Note 1)	Name of transaction party	Transaction party	party (Note 2)	<u>Item</u>		Amount	Transaction terms	Percentage of consolidated total revenue or total assets				
0	Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si-Hong) Co., Ltd.	1	Sales revenue	\$	140,406	Note 3	10%				
0	n	TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si-Hong) Co., Ltd.	1	Accounts Receivable		232,600	Note 3	3%				
0	n	TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si-Hong) Co., Ltd.	1	Accounts payable		498,701	Note 3	7%				
0	n	TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si-Hong) Co., Ltd.	1	Purchase		331,028	Note 3	24%				
0	"	TAI-TECH Advanced Electronics (Kunshan)	1	Sales revenue		52,532	Note 3	4%				
0	"	TAI-TECH Advanced Electronics (Kunshan)	1	Purchase		217,565	Note 3	16%				
0	"	TAI-TECH Advanced Electronics (Kunshan)	1	Accounts Receivable		142,945	Note 3	2%				
0	n .	TAI-TECH Advanced Electronics (Kunshan)	1	Accounts payable		291,956	Note 3	4%				
1	Fixed Rock Holding Ltd.	TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si-Hong) Co., Ltd.	2	Other receivables		37,138	Note 3	1%				
1	"	TAI-TECH Advanced Electronics (Kunshan)	2	Other receivables		57,327	Note 3	1%				
2	TAI-TECH Advanced Electronics (Kunshan)	TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si-Hong) Co., Ltd.	2	Purchase		132,397	Note 3	10%				
2	n,	TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si-Hong) Co., Ltd.	2	Accounts payable		216,328	Note 3	3%				
2	"	TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si-Hong) Co., Ltd.	2	Other receivables		89,225	Note 3	1%				

Note 1: The business dealing information between the parent company and subsidiary shall be, respectively, indicated in the numbering column and there are two types of number filling methods as follows:

- (1) Fill in "0" for the parent company.
- (2) Subsidiaries are listed sequentially, starting from the Arabic number "1." Note 2: There are two types of relationship with the transaction party as
- - (1) Parent to subsidiary.

Table 6

- (2) Subsidiary to parent company
- Note 3: Transaction price adopts the general rules for the payment receipt period agreed by both parties.
- Note 4: The disclosure standard for the business relationship and material transaction details between the parent and subsidiary for the period from January 1, 2021 to March 31, 2021 is higher than NT\$10 million.

#### Name, location, and other related Information of the investees (not including investees in Mainland China)

January 1 to March 31, 2021

Table 7

(unless otherwise specified)

Unit: NT\$ thousand

				Initial investment amount			End of term holding	nd of term holding			
						Number of shares			Current profit/loss of	Current investment	
Name of Investor	Name of Investee	Location	Main business	End of current period	End of last year	(in thousands)	percentage	Carrying amount			Remarks
Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	North Star International Limited	SAMOA	Buying and selling of electronic components	\$ 3,283	\$ 3,283	100	100%	\$ 80,745	(\$ 27)	(\$ 27)	
Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	Best Bliss Investments Limited	Cayman Islands	Re-invested business	1,113,277	1,113,277	34,250	100%	2,825,419	106,048	122,029	
Best Bliss Investments Limited	Fixed Rock Holding Ltd.	Mahe Seychelles	Re-invested business	862,944 (USD 28,784 thousand)	862,944 (USD 28,784 thousand)	25,450	100%	1,850,387	83,530	83,530	

#### Information on Investments in Mainland China - Basic Information

January 1 to March 31, 2021

Outward remittance or

(unless otherwise specified)

Table 8 Unit: NTS thousand

				repatriation	of				Current		Accumulated	
			Accumulated outward	investment amour	int of the	Accumulated outward		Ownership	Investment	Carrying amount	repatriation of	
			remittance for investment	current perio	iod	remittance for investment	Current	percentage of	profit/loss	at end of the	investment income	
			from Taiwan at beginning	Outward		from Taiwan at end of the	profit/loss of	direct or indirect	recognized	period	as of end of current	
Name of investee in Mainland China	Main business Paid-in capital	Investment method	of the current period	remittance R	Repatriation	current period (Note 7)	investee	investment	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	period	Remarks
TAI-TECH Advanced Electronics (Kunshan)	Production, processing, and USD11,935 thousand	Investment in Mainland	\$ 352,249	\$ -	·\$ -	\$ 352,249	\$ 15,617	100%	\$ 15,617	\$ 761,816	\$ -	
	sale of electronic components	China companies through a company invested and established in a third region (Note 1)				(USD10,914 thousand)						
TAIPAQ Electronic Components (Si-Hong) Co., Ltd.	Production, processing, and USD33,156 thousand sale of electronic components	Investment in Mainland China companies through a company invested and established in a third region (Note 2)		-	-	600,232 (USD18,821 thousand)	90,419	100%	90,419	1,959,108	-	

	Accumulated outward remittance for investment	Investment amount	Upper Limit on the Amount of Investment Stipulated by
	in China region at end of the		Investment Commission,
<u>Provider</u>	period (Note 4, Note 5)	Commission, MOEA (Note 6)	<u>MOEA</u>
Tai-Tech Advanced Electronics Co., Ltd.	\$ 1,384,982	\$ 1,265,328	\$ 2,304,283
	(USD 43,343 thousand)	(USD 44,343 thousand)	1

Note 1: 100% invested by Best Bliss Investments Limited 100%.

Note 2: Best Bliss Investments Limited and Fixed Rock Holding Ltd. hold 7.71% and 92.29%, respectively.

Note 3: The financial statements audited by CPA retained by the parent company in Taiwan.

Note 4: The Company liquidated TAI-TECH Advanced Electronics (Dongguan) in 2015 and the accumulated investment loss amount is USD 1,513 thousand.

Note 5: NTD is calculated based on the historical exchange rate.

Note 6: NTD is calculated based on rate of the balance sheet date

Note 7: The third-place proprietary fund and debt-equity swap investment amount are excluded.